



**OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT Bus Chassis – Body Building Guidelines)**



**BHARATBENZ**

## Guidelines and Precautions

Daimler India Commercial Vehicles Pvt. Ltd., as the manufacturer of BharatBenz vehicles, publishes this body/equipment mounting directive to provide body manufacturers with important technical information about the basic vehicle. This information must be observed by the body manufacturer in the production of bodies and equipment, fittings and modifications for BharatBenz vehicles. Due to the large number of body manufacturers and body types, Daimler India Commercial Vehicles Pvt. Ltd., cannot take into account all the possible modifications to the vehicle, e.g. performance, stability, load distribution, center of gravity and handling characteristics, that may result from the design of attachments, bodies, equipment or modifications. For this reason, Daimler India Commercial Vehicles Pvt. Ltd., can accept no body manufacturer liability for accidents or injuries sustained as a result of such modifications to the vehicles if such modifications have a negative impact on the overall vehicle. Accordingly, Daimler India Commercial Vehicles Pvt. Ltd., will only assume liability as vehicle manufacturer within the scope of the design, production and instruction services which it has performed itself. The body manufacturer is bound to ensure that its bodies and equipment, fittings and modifications are themselves not defective, nor capable of causing defects or hazards to the overall vehicle. If this obligation is violated in any way, the body manufacturer shall assume full product liability.

Daimler India Commercial Vehicles Pvt. Ltd., does not issue body/equipment approval certificates for bodies not manufactured by BharatBenz. These directives only supply important information and technical specifications to body manufacturers explaining how to handle the product. These body/equipment mounting directives are primarily intended for the professional manufacturers of bodies, equipment, fittings and modifications for our vehicles. As a result, these body/equipment mounting directives assume that the body manufacturer has suitable background knowledge. If you intend to mount attachments, bodies and equipment on or carry out modifications to our vehicles, please be aware that certain type of work (e.g. welding work on chassis components) may only be carried out by qualified personnel. This will avoid the risk of injury while also ensuring that the degree of quality required for the attachments, bodies, equipment and modifications is given.

Illustrations and schematic drawings are examples only and serve to explain the texts and tables. References to regulations, standards, directives etc. are given in keywords and serve for information only. Additional information is available from any of the Daimler India commercial Vehicles Pvt Ltd authorized Dealers or Service Centers.

# Mechanical part

## Revision Control

- 2211DIV1** - 11/22 – OF1824 related and General Updates
- 2211DIV2** - 03/23 – OBD II & EVSC updates
- 2211DIV3** - 09/23 – Saloon Heating update
- 2408DIV4** – 08/24 – Chassis OD part no. updated (1.1 - Dimensions)
- 2507DIV5** – 07/25 – HDB Phase 1 improvements
- 2508DIV6** – 08/25 – OF1924 added
- 2601DIV7** – 02/26 – OF 1926 (AMT) added & Phase II improvements

2507DIV5

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- Exhaust system
- Fuel system
- Gearbox & shifting system
- Suspensions system
- Climate control
- Maintenance & access
- Ergonomics
- Miscellaneous

## 1.Official approval

### 1.1 Dimensions

For the dimensioning of the bodies, the following basic dimensions must be taken into account (values only for initial reference):

**Tab1- Basic dimensions**

| (mm)           | OF 1624 | OF 1824 | OF 1924 | OF 1926 (AMT) |
|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Wheelbase      | 5950mm  | 6850mm  | 6850mm  | 6850mm        |
| Front overhang | 2305mm  | 2305mm  | 2305mm  | 2305mm        |
| Rear overhang  | 3510mm  | 4041mm  | 4041mm  | 4041mm        |
| Overall length | 11765mm | 13196mm | 13196mm | 13196mm       |

**Important:**

As a safety measure, the technical limitations of the chassis always prevail over local legal values for the application of ready-made Vehicles..

For the approval of the body dimensioning (length, wheelbase and overhangs), it is necessary that the technical and legal limits of total and per axle load capacity of the chassis must not exceeded, considering all operating and loading conditions (dynamic and static). Refer to the chapter **“Admissible Load per Axle” page 08**.

These chassis has been developed to meet several body building conditions, making possible the best relations between the weights and the body dimensions. However, if it is necessary to change the dimensions of the wheelbase, it is mandatory to present a technical proposal for Daimler Buses India. approval in advance.

1.Official approval

1.1 Dimensions

**Important:**

During the dimensioning of the front overhang take into consideration the legal limits or the local operation conditions in order to meet the approach angle specifications.

For the OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) chassis, the dimension of the rear overhang is technically limited to 60% of the wheelbase value, in order to ensure the vehicle’s drivability in accordance with adequate weight distribution and to meet the departure angle guideline.

As the proposal drawing numbers may include different versions of the same model chassis, we use the “ZGS” numbering to establish the difference between them. Always check if the proposal drawing corresponds to the version that will be assembled.

**Drawings offered for reference:**

|                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| OF 1624L       | A 831 000 06 97 |
| OF 1824L       | A 831 000 61 99 |
| OF 1924L       | A 831 000 08 60 |
| OF 1926L (AMT) | A 831 000 78 99 |

**Remark:**

Max. Body width allowed is 2600mm for OF1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) Chassis  
For other drawings contact BBA of Daimler Buses India

## Official approval

### 1.2 Use of BharatBenz trademarks

The “BharatBenz Logo”, and the written expression “BharatBenz” are Daimler Buses India trademarks. The following notes, referring to the use of these trademarks, embrace a worldwide level for body builders that install a body not made by Daimler on a BharatBenz chassis:

- The BharatBenz logo is to be attached only on the front of the body, centered at body height for the identification of the chassis. The name of the body maker has to be attached at a distance from the BharatBenz, referring to the body maker, and according to the drawings in the following pages.
- The written “BharatBenz letterings” has to be used for the identification of the chassis at the front & rear part, The name of the body maker has to be always attached at a distance from the written “BharatBenz expression” (see drawings).

Therefore, the BharatBenz chassis are always supplied with the chrome plated BharatBenz Logo and the chrome finish BharatBenz written expression for the identification of the chassis. This chrome finish logo is attached by the body maker, to the body front end at chassis height, in name of Daimler Buses or its affiliated companies. The same applies to the attachment of the written BharatBenz expression to the rear body end at a height below the rear glass. (see drawings)

**The BharatBenz trademarks can't be used to identify the chassis, if the complete vehicle does not comply with the quality specifications contained in the Daimler Buses guidelines, for body makers.**

- Specific Daimler buses names, as Mercedes-Benz, CITARO, TRAVEGO, SHD etc., for example, can't be attached to the body. The body maker can only use his own type designation, which should not permit any confusion with the specific Daimler Buses names.
- The BharatBenz key, Fuel caps and steering wheel are marked with the BharatBenz by the manufacturer and are part of the chassis delivery scope. Interior elements (for ex., seats, ashtrays, roof interior, etc.), which are not integrated by the chassis manufacturer, are forbidden to be marked with BharatBenz trademarks.

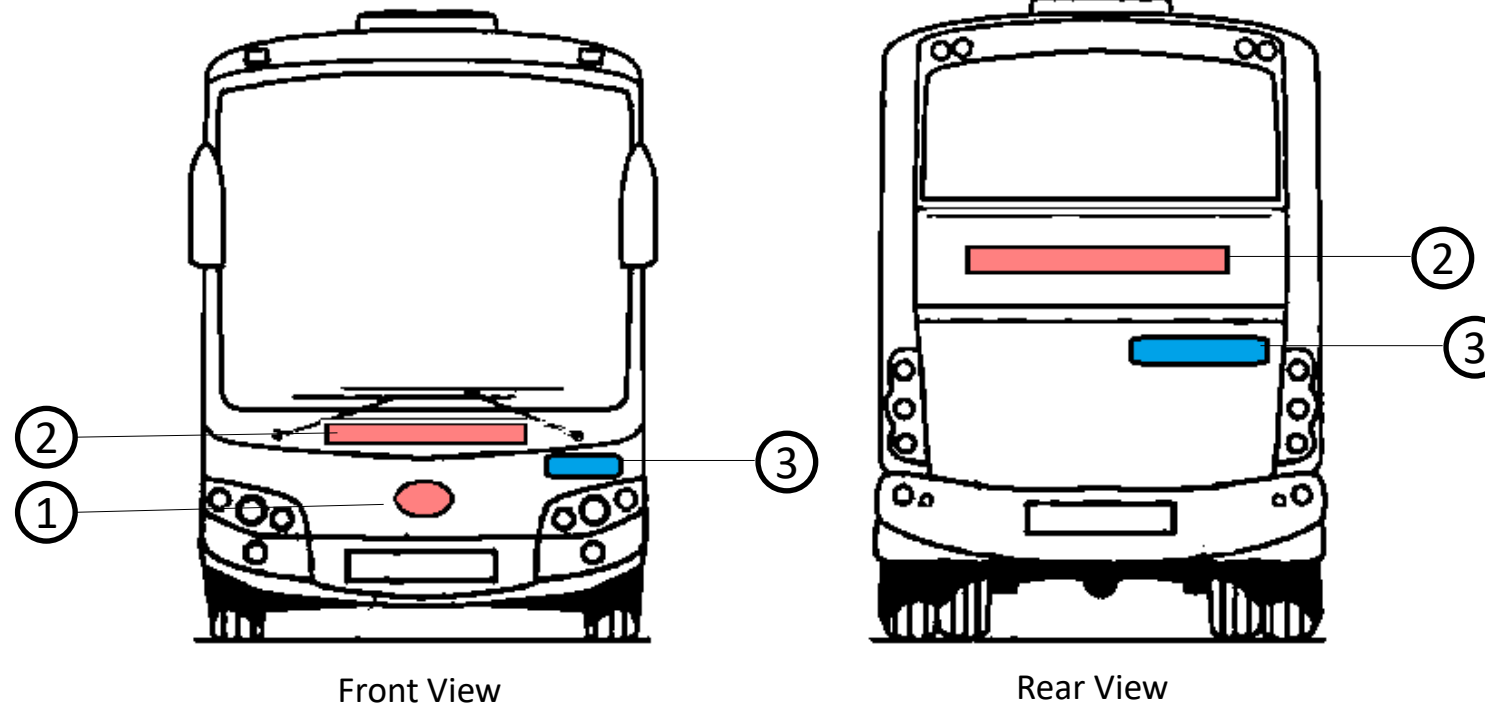
## Official approval

The bodybuilders not authorized to use the original design for the body, or to copy the original design or elements of the original design. The body maker will have to create an independent design, whose appearance cant be confused with the original Daimler design. The use of original BharatBenz parts, with significant design, such as mirrors, headlights and other elements, require, therefore, the express approval from Daimler Buses or from its affiliated companies.

- The bodybuilder commits himself to permit the necessary monitoring of the product and process of the bus body quality, by a consultant of the Daimler Buses body builder/Affiliated company. The acceptance of the body by the body maker consultant is not to be considered, under any circumstances, as a reduction of responsibility of the body maker on the product/ legislation/liability on the body. The maker of the body will also be made responsible for the chassis, under the aspects of responsibility on the product, should he not attain himself to the Daimler body building guidelines and, thus, compromising the performance of the chassis.

**Any and all markings of bus bodies, with BharatBenz trademarks, that exceed these marking guidelines, require a separate trademark licensing agreement with Daimler Buses and a written authorization from Daimler Buses.**

Official approval



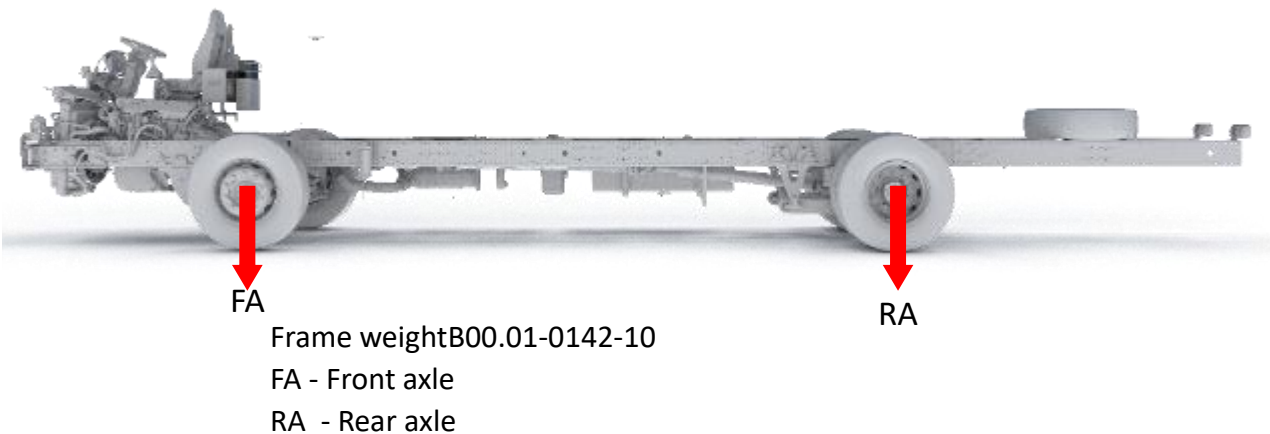
Pink colored area: Protected area for BharatBenz trademark.  
This space is not to be used for the attachment of any other designations.

- 1- Recommended position for the BharatBenz Logo.
- 2- Recommended position for the BharatBenz Letters.
- 3- Recommended position for the Bodybuilder trademarks.

Blue colored area: The space other than protected areas (pink color) can be used by the body builder for Body Manufacturer logo/ trademark within the scope of the brand directives.

2 Chassis weight

The weight values presented below are only for reference. For the adequate dimensioning of the body, the correct weight values must be established according to the chassis composition.



Tab2- Weight reference values BSVI chassis

| Chassis                | Front axle (kg) | Rear axle (kg) |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| OF 1624 (Non-Retarder) | 3225            | 2425           |
| OF 1624 (Retarder)     | 3375            | 2525           |

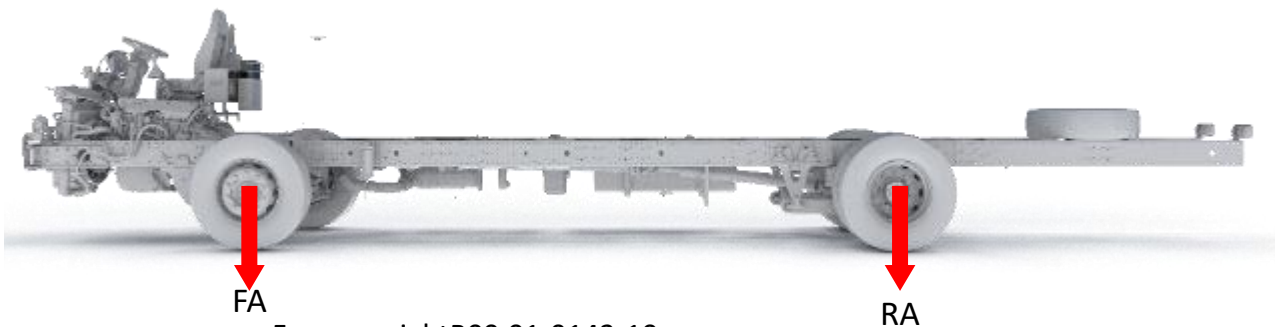
OF1624: Without body, with full 380ltr. fuel reservoir, with G85 SAEIII manual gearbox, without driver, without spare wheel, without fire extinguisher and toolbox, with "AdBlue®" 51ltr. tank (holding capacity of tank is 35 liters).

Remark:

Reference values: may vary due to the installed accessories or to the chassis composition

2 Chassis weight

The weight values presented below are only for reference. For the adequate dimensioning of the body, the correct weight values must be established according to the chassis composition.



Frame weightB00.01-0142-10  
FA - Front axle  
RA - Rear axle

Tab2- Weight reference values BSVI chassis

| Chassis                | Front axle (kg) | Rear axle (kg) |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| OF 1824 (Non-Retarder) | 3280            | 2515           |
| OF 1824 (Retarder)     | 3365            | 2665           |
| OF 1924 (Retarder)     | 3365            | 2703           |
| OF 1926 (AMT)          | 3405            | 2721           |

OF1824/1924/1926 (AMT): Without body, with full 380ltr. fuel reservoir, with G85 SAEIII manual & G90 AMT gearbox, without driver, without spare wheel, without fire extinguisher and toolbox, with "AdBlue®" 51ltr. tank (holding capacity of tank is 35 liters).

Remark:

Reference values: may vary due to the installed accessories or to the chassis composition

### 3 Loads allowed per axle

#### 3.1 Loads allowed per axle

The OF chassis frames are dimensioned to form a "single" structural set together with the body. The joining points between the body and the chassis must be distributed to avoid concentration of tensions, and that duly absorbs all the strains applied on the set.

The Body Builder must ensure that all the interface points and those that are subject to strains are built duly embedded pursuant to the guidelines issued by Daimler Buses India

The admissible technical loads per axle for the chassis are as follows:

**Tab3- Allowed technical loads**

| [kg]              | OF 1624 | OF 1824 | OF 1924 | OF 1926 (AMT) |
|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| <b>Front axle</b> | 6500    | 7000    | 7000    | 7000          |
| <b>Rear axle</b>  | 10200   | 11500   | 12500   | 12500         |
| <b>Total</b>      | 16700   | 18500   | 19500   | 19500         |

For the use of other types of tires, please check the Chassis manufacturer's specifications with regard to the load capacity limit and inflation pressure.

The Body Builder must also observe the weight specifications mentioned in the corresponding law. When the technically admissible values and the legal admissible values differ, the one that presents the smallest value must prevail.

**i**

Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) = Chassis + Body + Load (passengers + luggage)

### 3 Loads allowed per axle

#### 3.2 Admissible loads per axle

To ensure the drivability of the vehicles in all operation conditions: unladen, with partial loads or fully loaded at its GVWR limit, the Body Builder must plan and ensure the building of the body with a load distribution plan that makes possible that the static load on the front steering axle(s), is equal or higher than the one specified in the table presented below.

**Tab 4 - Admissible loads per axle**

| Parameter    | Description                              | OF (All) |
|--------------|------------------------------------------|----------|
| Unladen      | with the vehicle empty/without any load  | 25%      |
| Laden (GVWR) | with the vehicle completely loaded /GVWR | 25%      |

## 4 Chassis frame

BSVI- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

### 4.1 Arrangement

The OF chassis have a single frame concept, of the "ladder type" and with cross members fastened by rivets or bolts. It is closed at the frame ends with a crossmember.



Chassis frame B31.00-0999-22

4 Chassis frame

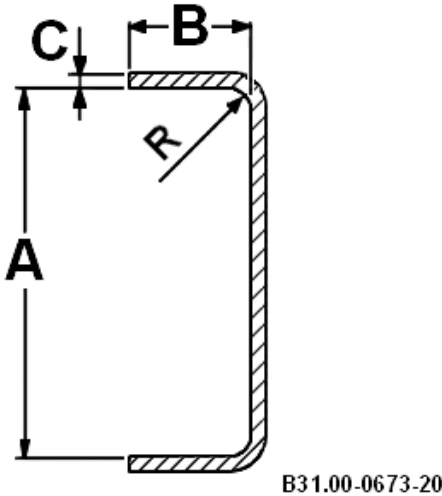
4.2 Chassis material

The OF chassis have a single frame concept, of the "ladder type" and with cross members fastened by rivets or bolts.

Structure materials:

Tab5- Structure materials

| Chassis | Material                      | Equivalent      |
|---------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| OF All  | BSK 46 Stahl EN10149-2 1.0984 | NBR 6665 LNE 50 |



Side member dimensions

Dimensions

- A. 241 mm
- B. 66,5 mm
- C. 7 mm
- R 9 mm

## 5 Chassis modifications and adjustments

### 5.1 First cross member adjustment

**i**

No changes or repositioning are possible for the first cross member of the OF chassis.

**Remark:**

The first crossmember was not designed to attach towing hitch/hook

## 5 Chassis modifications and adjustments

### 5.2 Driver's Cockpit

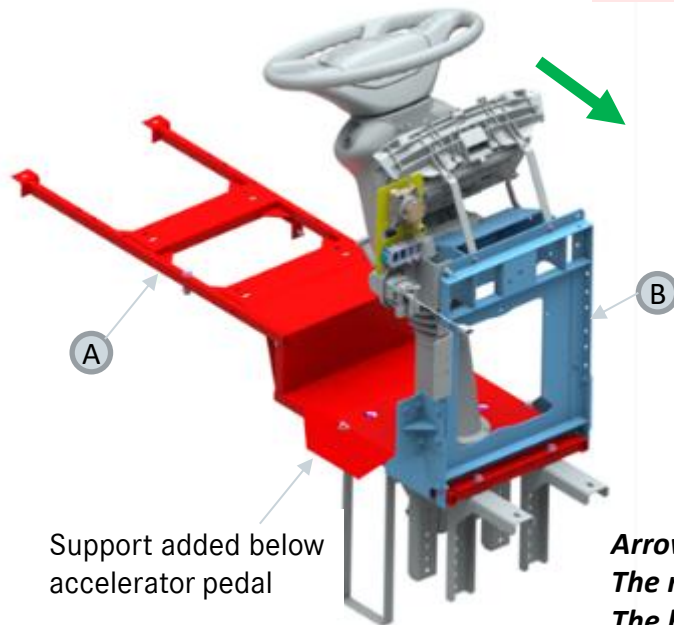
i

The OF chassis do not make possible alterations in the driver ergonomics or its position.

BSVI- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

#### Remark:

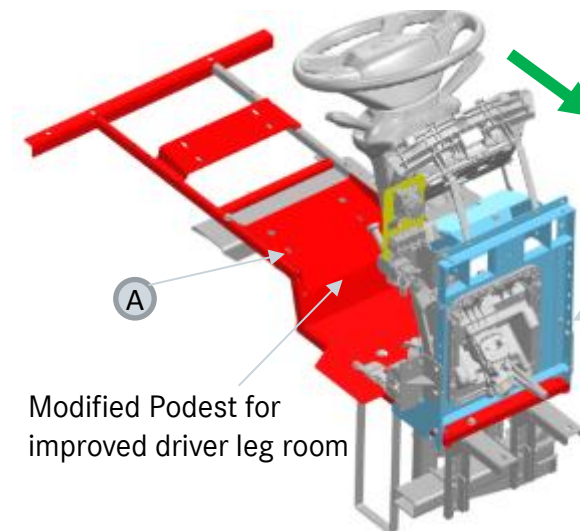
Integrate the front panel (B) and the floor (A) of the Podest to the body structure:



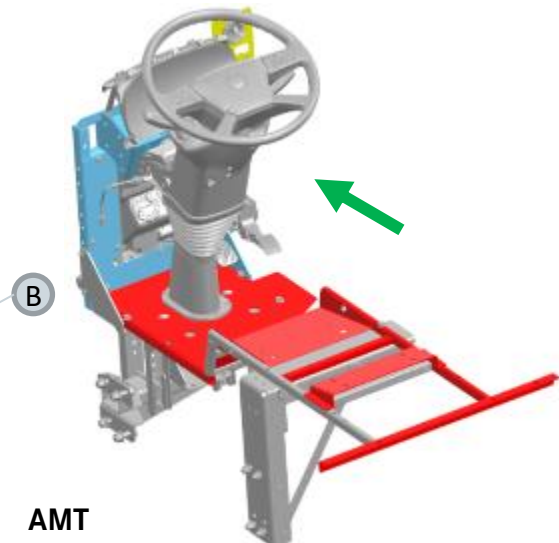
**Arrow** - Direction of travel

**The red area** - May be modified or replaced by the Body Builder

**The blue area** - Must not be modified or replaced by the Body Builder



Modified Podest for improved driver leg room



AMT

Phase2 improvement from 2025

## 5 Chassis modifications and adjustments

### 5.3 Vertical adjustment of front overhang

**!**

The longitudinal members are fixed and cannot be adjusted.

## 5 Chassis modifications and adjustments

### 5.4 Wheelbase modification



Wheelbase modifications are not allowed for OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) chassis.

**Remark:**

Regarding OF chassis, the removal of the central part of the vehicle frame is not allowed to install the feed-through type luggage compartment in the wheelbase region.

## 5 Chassis modifications and adjustments

### 5.5 Rear overhang extension

The extension of the rear overhang of the OF chassis is allowed within the admissible weight limits are observed (legal and technical) and the constructive limits for the rear overhang. Take into consideration that the departure angle must be kept within the established limits.

#### Remark:

The extension of the vehicle frame must be done according to the following technical prescriptions:

- In the preparation of the extension, the Body Builder must provide the addition of cross members, in adequate quantity and distribution to keep unchanged the vehicle frame rigidity.
- The material used for the frame extension and for the preparation of the new cross members, fastening plates and reinforcement pieces, must have thickness and quality equivalent to those of the original vehicle frame, as described in the **chapter “Chassis Material”** [page 15\\*](#).
- The welding must be carried out as recommended in **“the chapter 3.13 - Welding techniques/welding methods - of the manual Guidelines for Body Building - “General Manual”**.
- After welding the vehicle frame longitudinal members, apply reinforcements symmetrically in both sides of the frame. To avoid cracks in the spot weld and to preserve the longitudinal members elasticity, weld or bolt the reinforcement pieces to the frame in the shape of beveled corner plates and, at the ends, forming a common face with the upper or lower tabs of the longitudinal member. Keep enough distance between the longitudinal member web and the upper and lower reinforcement corner plates.

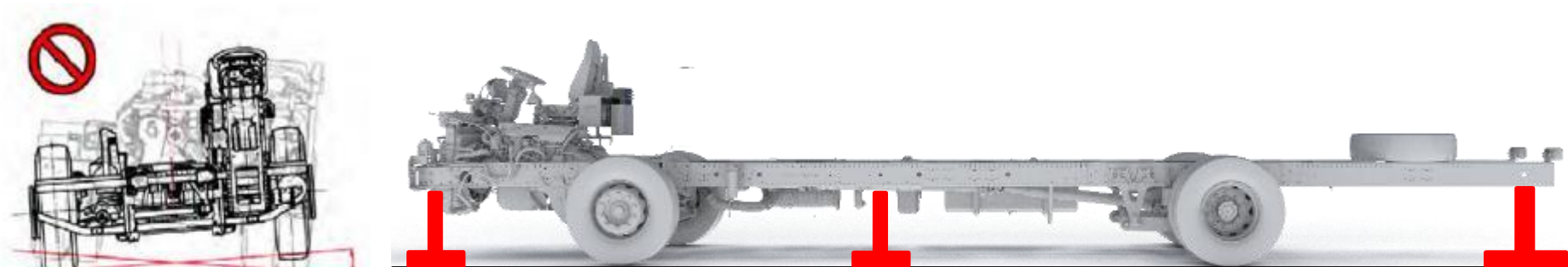
## 6 Chassis alignment and leveling

### 6.1 Chassis Levelling:

The OF chassis must be supported on a flat horizontal floor, duly with chokes and supported on racks as per the figure below. They must not be subject to strains and stresses caused by the weight of the engine and the transmission.

The figure below is illustrative.

The necessary quantity and the arrangement of the devices must be established by the Body Builder, in such a manner that the chassis alignment conforms the respective proposal drawings.



Chassis alignment and leveling

During the leveling process the chassis must be leveled with reference to the corresponding proposal drawing.

The devices must be supported exclusively on the vehicle frame longitudinal members. The use of mechanic components such as those is not allowed: engine, transmission, axles, articulations, etc. Cross members and wings must not be used as support points. The devices used in the leveling process must be rigid enough to ensure that the movements of people on the chassis or dimensional variations due to its own weight, transport and storage do not compromise the process. These devices must not be removed until the complete fastening of the body structure on the vehicle frame.

The chassis leveling must be ensured in other directions, the longitudinal and the transverse direction.

## 6 Chassis alignment and leveling

### 6.2 Chassis Alignment:

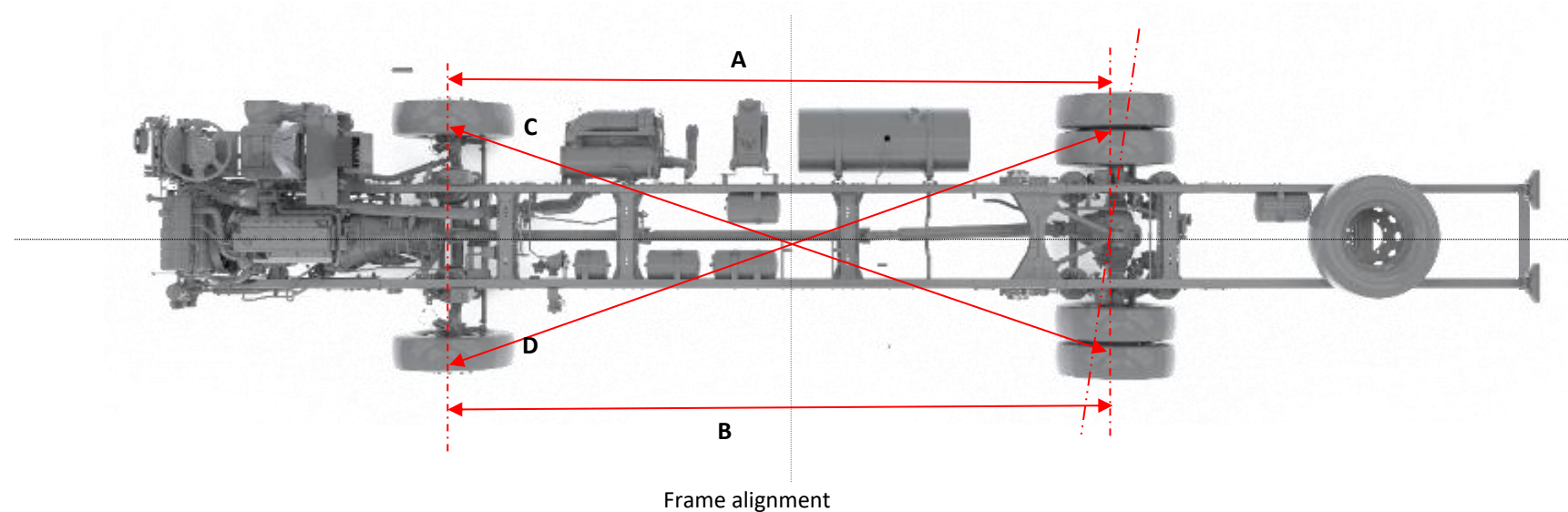
The Body Builder must ensure the frame alignment.

For complete vehicles, it must be ensured that the misalignment between the axles does not exceed the maximum values indicated below:

Chassis alignment:

(A - B) = 10mm maximum

(C - D) = 15mm maximum



!

It is the manufacturer's responsibility to prevent that the misalignment of the axles does not exceed the specified maximum values, to ensure the perfect drivability and stability conditions.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

### 7.1 Areas for body fastening

All OF chassis are not self-supporting. The assurance of its integrity is shared with the body structure.

The correct fastening of the body to the chassis is extremely important to keep the structural stability of the set, avoiding concentration of tensions.

The body structure must be designed and assembled in such a way that they ensure the structural stability of the bus set (chassis + body) consistent with the dimension values specified in the proposal drawings of the focused chassis, and/or other technical information made available by Daimler Buses India.

During the development of the body, the Body Builder must pay attention to the correct applications and to the legal and technical limits of the final bus set (chassis + body).

“L” shaped supports bolted to the longitudinal member are available to facilitate the fastening of the body during the body building process to the OF chassis equipped with air suspension.

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Use of U Bolt-type Contraction is not recommended for OF Air suspension chassis.

Welding or drilling holes in the longitudinal member and frame cross members are not allowed.

#### **Important:**

Daimler Buses India does not interfere in the structural project of the body, which is sole responsibility of its manufacturer. Daimler Buses India makes available fastening locations and relevant guidance to make possible the interface between the body and the chassis.

The Daimler Bus chassis have been designed, tested and produced to meet the requirements of the relevant applications.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

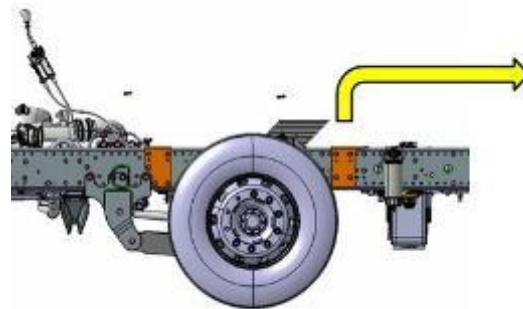
### 7.1 Areas for body fastening

In order to make the body building process easier, interface bolted “L” shaped brackets are available in the frame for this purpose.

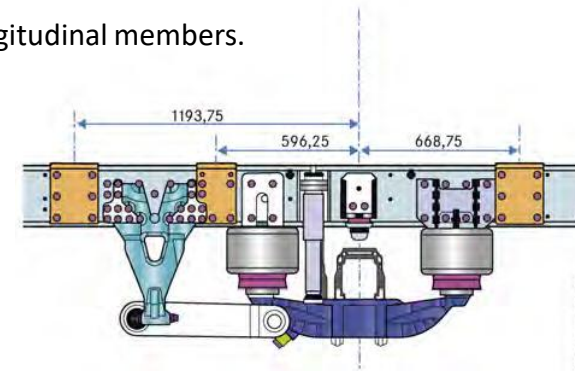
The fastening of the body structure have to be carried out directly onto these brackets with the utilization of welding processes. If, for some reason, these “L” shaped brackets are rendered useless, the fastening of the body have to be mandatorily bolted on the frame rails.

New brackets may be added to the chassis frame for body fastening, provided that they are assembled according to the Body Building Directives.

In the rear axle region, it is not allowed to insert fixed supports directly to the longitudinal members.



Body attachment plates- Front



Body attachment plates-Rear

#### Important:

The Daimler Bus chassis have been designed, tested and produced to meet the requirements of the relevant applications.

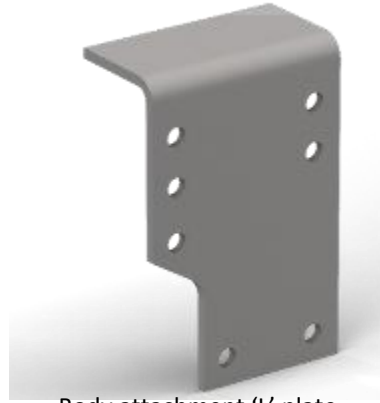
Daimler India recommends that bodybuilder should implement regular service/torque checks to the additional body plates added to the vehicle;

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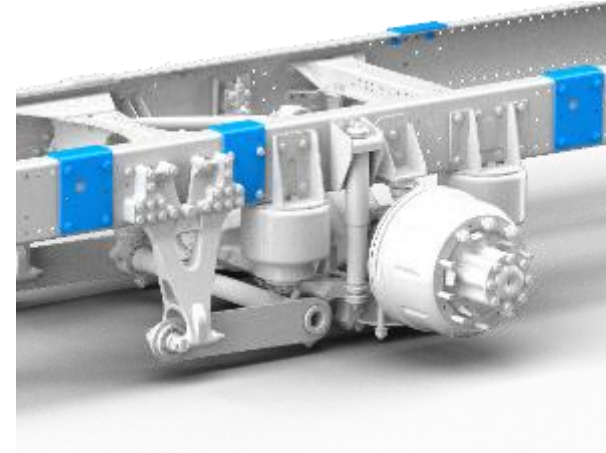
Further to the essential points (indicated in “orange”), for the body structuring and body support, the Body Builder must evaluate the needs of his project, and add the necessary quantity of fastening points to the chassis.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

### 7.1 Areas for body fastening



Body attachment 'L' plate



Body attachment plates at  
Front

It is essential that the whole available area on the support, highlighted in blue color in the figure, is used to avoid deformation of the interface supports and consequently of the longitudinal members ("spring" effect) and to provide an adequate interface between the body structure and the vehicle frame

On these supports, the cross members (or extensions) of the body base structure must be welded to the upper part, associated to the "wings" that join the body lateral parts (side cross members or their supplementary components).

The supports assembled at the front of the rear suspension, together with the internal reinforcements of the longitudinal members, must not be eliminated. If body structure requires additional and/or New Body plates, then they must be produced in a single plate (without splicing) with the same material (**BSK46 or Equivalent**) and **minimum thickness of 6mm**. For the fastening, use 06 (six) M14x1.5x40 – 10.9 bolts (MBB N 000000 005514) and M14x1.5 – 10 nuts (MBB N 000000 005662), all flanged. Use a tightening torque of  $172 \pm 13$  Nm for the fastening and carry out the control and recording in the internal documentation. If the supports thickness is changed by more than 6mm, the bolts length must be increased to meet the requirements of this installation.

#### Important:

if Body plate Materials specified above is not available then the Indian Equivalent materials with Min Yield strength of 500mpa to be used.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

### 7.2 Inadequate Regions for the Body Fastening

The chassis numbering, during the entire body building process must be properly protected.

When a supporting base and/or additional fastenings are necessary due to concentration of loads or additional strains, in order to supplement the fastening of the body structure to the vehicle frame, remember that some areas of the vehicle frame are not appropriate for welded fastenings. If such areas are used and this damages the vehicle frame, such damages are not covered by the warranty granted by Daimler Buses India. Under no circumstances may the Body Builder use such areas for directly welded fastenings. Any undue use of welding in these regions may cause the loss of the rights to the warranty and transfer of the liability.

In some areas, the fastenings may be bolted to the vehicle frame.

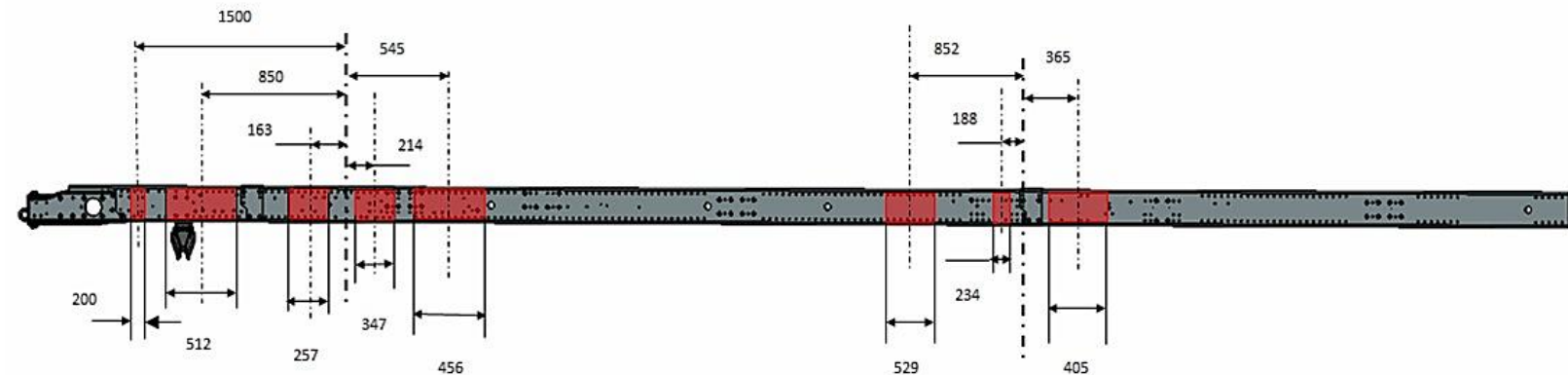
!

Welding or drilling holes in the longitudinal members tabs and mobile frame cross members are not allowed.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

### 7.2 Inadequate Regions for the Body Fastening

Below follows the indication of chassis locations where the fastening of supports is not permissible by means of welding, being mandatory the utilization of bolts to attach supports to side members.



OF chassis Unsuitable areas for fastening

#### Critical areas on frame:

- Steering box bracket
- Spring bracket
- Stabilizer
- Bump Stop
- Shock absorber
- Cross member
- Engine mount

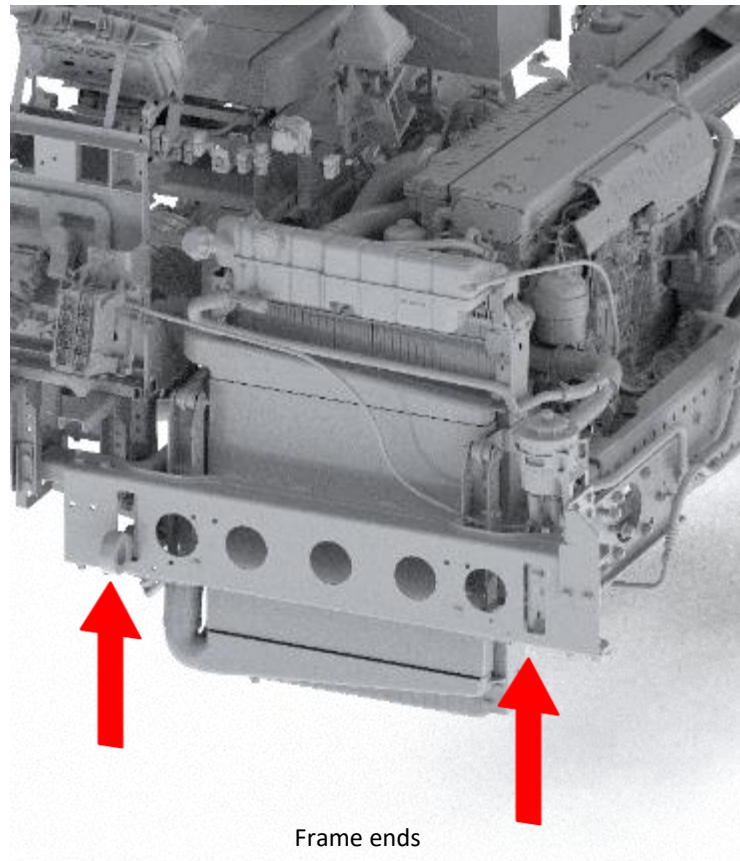
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Modifications to the frame are not permitted in the highlighted areas. Welding operation is not permitted throughout the frame.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

### 7.3 Frame ends

Due to the arrangement of the power train set at the front part of the OF chassis, changes of the front overhang are not allowed. The rear overhang may be altered as explained in **chapter 5.5 “Rear Overhang Extension”**.

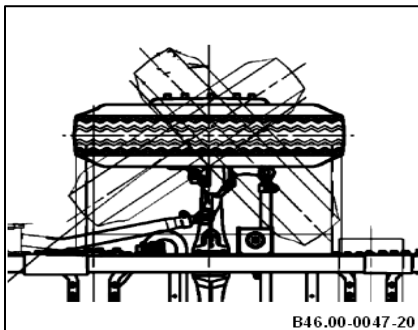


## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

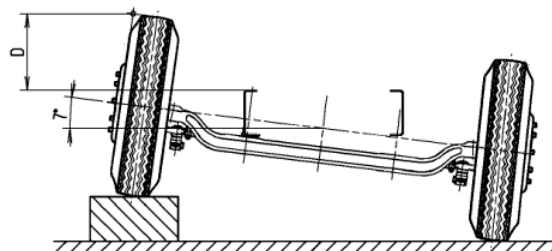
### 7.4 Wheelhouses

The wheelhouses must make possible the free movement of the wheels, i.e., the wheels must not have their movement prevented when they are fully turned or during the flexure of the suspension system. Foresee clearances for the steering system movements.

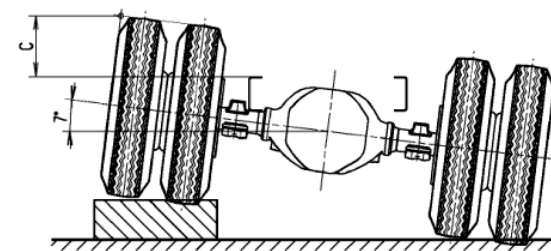
The dimensions of the wheelhouses, indicated in the respective offer drawings, must be considered as minimum reference values. When the wheelhouses is designed, please take into account the tires dimensions, the possible use of anti-skid chains and the ventilation.



Wheelhouse clearance lateral



Front axle



Rear axle

**Remark:**

Refer to the height (C and D) updated values in the respective offer drawings, according to the adopted versions.

## 7 Interface Between the Body & Chassis

### 7.5 Central Unit Structure



Not applicable.

**Remark:**

Regarding OF chassis, the removal of the central part of the vehicle frame is not allowed to install the luggage compartment in the wheelbase.

## 8 Cooling system

The radiators must be kept in their original positions, so that their attachment cushions can work freely. The radiators shall be properly protected before carrying out any service in order to prevent damages to the fins. Do not paint the radiator.

To ensure enough air flow for the coolers, do not put stickers, plates or other adornment pieces.



The coolers must be kept in their initial position, in such a manner that the fastening mounts may operate freely. The air cooler must be protected before the execution of any services, to avoid damages to the fins. The cooler must not be painted.

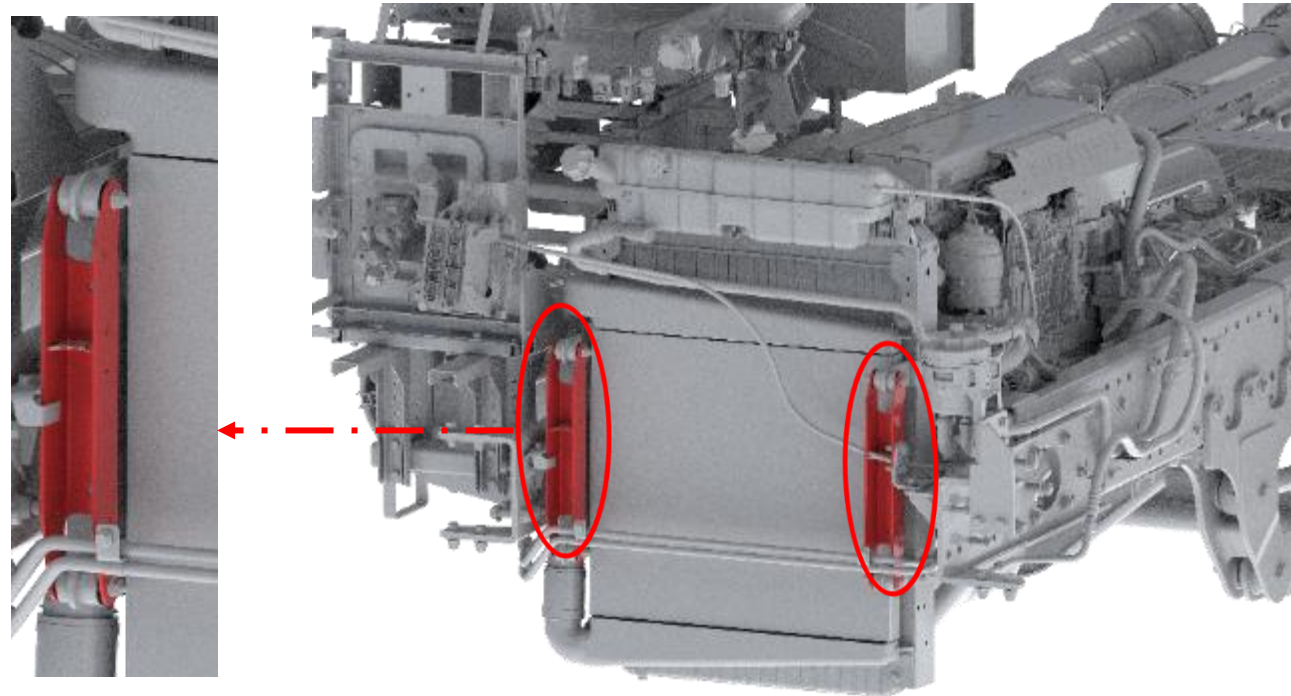
**Remark:**

The support structure of the cooling system is self-standing, i.e., they do not need to be tied to the body. Drilling holes, trimming and welding are not allowed to be done in this structure and also in their support points.

## 8 Cooling system

### 8.1 Radiator fixation structure

To assure enough air passage to the radiator, do not put labels, plates and adornment pieces.



Sustaining structure of the radiators

!

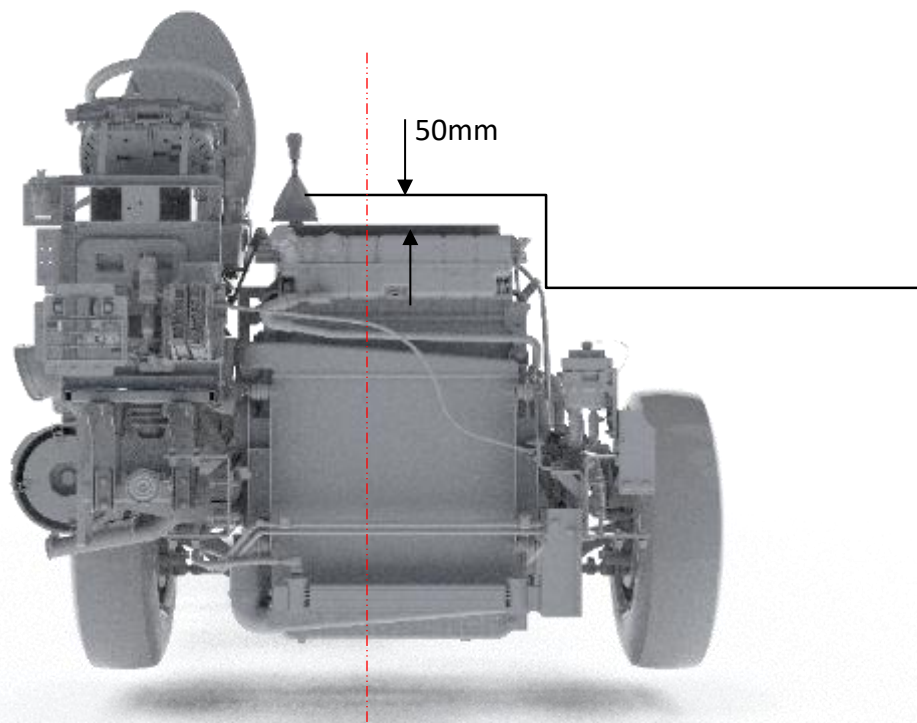
The support structure of the cooling system doesn't need attaching to the body, in other words, it is self-supporting. Drillings, cuts and welding are not allowed on this structure and on its fixing points.

## 8 Cooling system

### 8.1 Radiator fixation structure

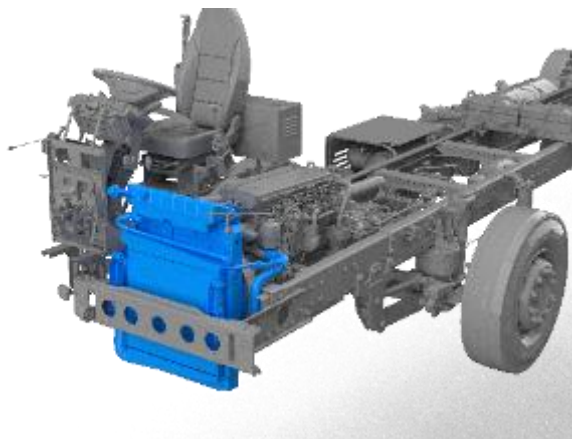
Foresee a clearance higher than 50 mm between the radiator's support structure (cooling cage and all components) and body (front panel/structure, engine cover, side panels, etc.) to attend possible variations in manufacturing.

A flap with enough size has to be provided in the body to allow maintenance access to the cooling system, including the radiators replacement. The body must permit the engine and radiators removal through the vehicle front part. Any reinforcements of the body that may exist in this area should be removable.



## 8 Cooling system

### 8.2 Radiator compartment



Cooling System

Due to the original configuration used in the cooling system of the OF chassis the Body Builder does not have to install additional deflectors between the coolers set and the engine, however, the body must have front openings for the coolers, as described in the chapter [“Cooling System Openings” page 37.](#)

The baffle plates have a purpose to prevent the recirculation of hot air that comes from the engine compartment.

If this requirement is not complied with, the effectiveness of the engine cooling system may be compromised.

Not satisfying this requirement results in the compromising of the engine cooling system performance.

During the production of air baffle plates, the following points must be taken into consideration:

Due to the movements of the cooling system, it is important to use rubber profiles and/or similar pieces to carry out the sealing and avoid damages to the coolers.

- The plates must be detachable and the access for the maintenance of the periodical maintenance items must be ensured.
- Linings or rubber elements must not be supported directly on the cooler honeycomb to avoid damages.
- Do not carry out rework services in the cooler support structure.



Ensure the sealing between the coolers compartment and the engine to avoid the recirculation of hot air. Linings or rubber elements must not be supported directly on the cooler lines, to avoid damaging them. Hot air from the engine compartment must not flow into the cold air environment where the coolers are located.

#### Remark:

During the manufacturing of the bodies for the OF chassis, the Body Builder can install air baffle plates at the upper and lower part of the cooling unit, in order not to affect the cooling system performance.

The baffle plates purpose is to avoid the recirculation of hot air in the engine compartment.

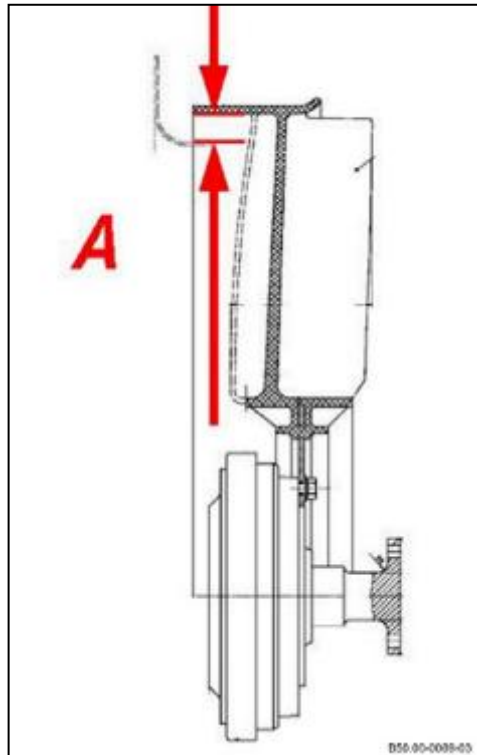
## 8 Cooling system

### 8.3 Radiator fan and air deflector

A clearance larger than 20 mm must be kept between the surface of the coolers set support structure ("cage", including its components) and the body parts (engine cover, side panel, etc.), to meet the requirements of possible manufacturing variations .

The body must be equipped with an access cover to the cooling system, big enough to make possible the maintenance of the coolers (including replacement works).

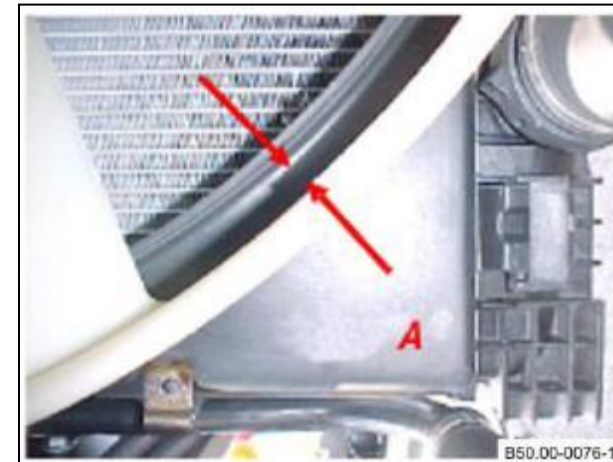
When the body has cross members in this region that make it impossible or difficult to carry out the maintenance services, they must be produced in a manner that renders them removable.



Fan blade positioning  
Deflector

1 Fan blade

Minimum clearance, A = 25 mm



## 8 Cooling system

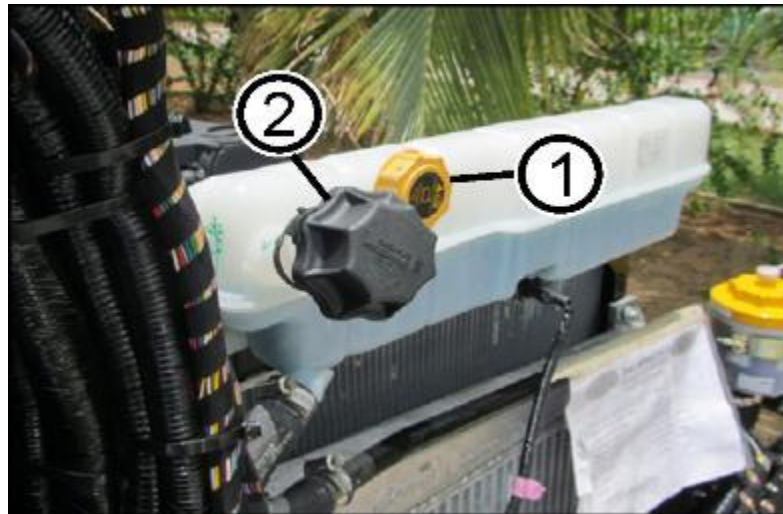
### 8.4 Expansion tank (Coolant reservoir)



The expansion tank (coolant reservoir) must be kept in the original position.

The expansion reservoir filler neck must allow free access for the refuel with a watering can, and/or automatic equipment (gun with flow control).

In case extension to filling neck, the proposal must be pre-evaluated & authorized by Daimler Buses India.



Expansion tank  
1 Pressure valve  
2 Filler neck



The pressure valve of the expansion reservoir must not be modified or removed. Its seal must remain unbroken and the refuel must be made through the reservoir filler neck.

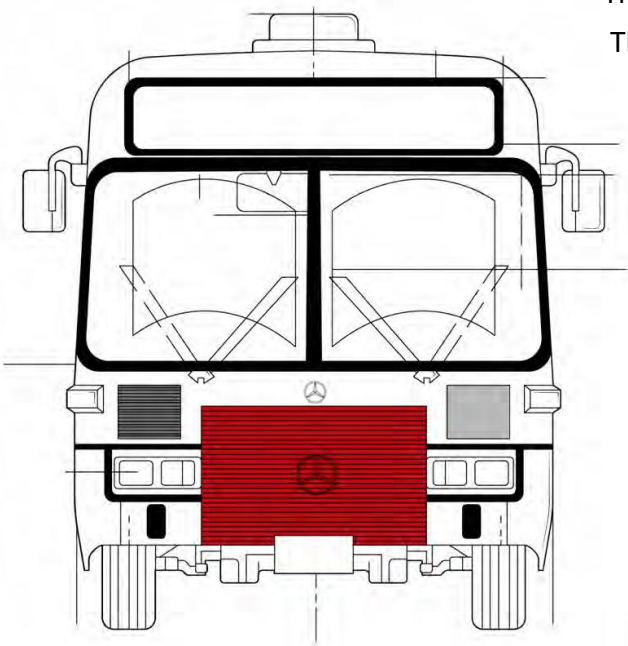
8 Cooling system

8.5 Cooling system openings

Free area of air pickup

The unobstructed air intake area must be positioned immediately in front of the radiators.

The illustration beside shows the radiator air pick-up grille for chassis with front engine.



Cooling system Openings

Tab6- Free area of air pickup

| Chassis BSVI                                                                      | Minimum area (dm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| OF1624(S/H/L)                                                                     | 30*                             |
| OF1824                                                                            | 30*                             |
| OF1924                                                                            | 30*                             |
| OF 1926 (AMT)                                                                     | 30*                             |
| * Free openings shall be maintained relative to radiator position of the chassis. |                                 |

## 9 Engine air intake system

### 9.1 Engine air intake system

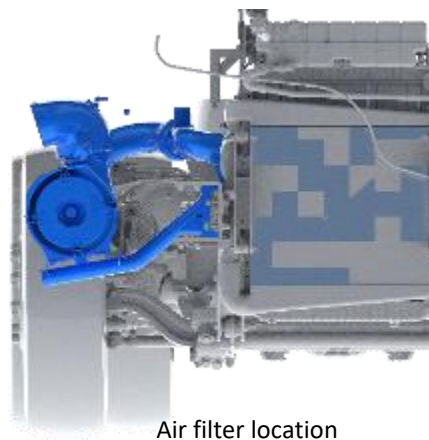
It is highly important that the engine receives enough air quantity for the combustion and air must be free of dust and impurities.

It is important that the Body intake duct is dimensioned and designed in such a manner that satisfies engine air intake needs.

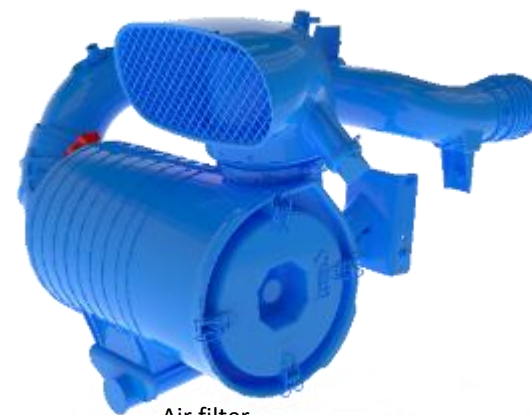
During the body building process, the whole intake air system must be protected from impacts or paint residues.

!

Do not disassemble the Air intake system, If its is necessary, disassemble the air filter during the body building process, the connection hose between the air filter and the engine turbine must be immediately sealed after the removal of the air filter and kept that way during the entire body building process. Remove the seals only during the air filter installation.



Air filter location



Air filter

!

Compressed air must not be used to clean the filter element to avoid damages.

Modifications of the air filter and air intake system lines position are not allowed; it may void the warranty of affected systems.

## 9 Engine air intake system

### 9.2 Air Intake Box

For the OF chassis (right-hand drive vehicle), the air intake box must be produced as per guidance described in the [chapter “Air intake position”](#) [page 40](#).

Seal the air intake box opening with the lateral of the body to ensure the air flow.

The air intake box may be disassembled to avoid damages during the chassis and body coupling process. The air filter intake must be sealed to avoid the penetration of residues.

### 9.3 Air intake opening

The body opening for air intake to the engine must have a minimum area :

**Tab7- Minimum area for air intake**

| Chassis       | Air intake box | Minimum area (dm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|---------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| OF1624        | RHD            | 4.0                             |
| OF1824        | RHD            | 4.0                             |
| OF1924        | RHD            | 4.0                             |
| OF 1926 (AMT) | RHD            | 4.0                             |

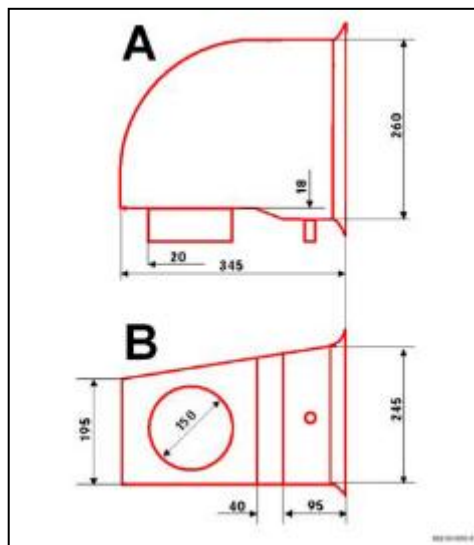
The body opening for engine air intake shall be located in front of the filter air intake and allow free of dust or dirt air inlet in a satisfactory amount for combustion, as well as ensure longer filter element durability.

## 9 Engine air intake system

### 9.4 Air intake position

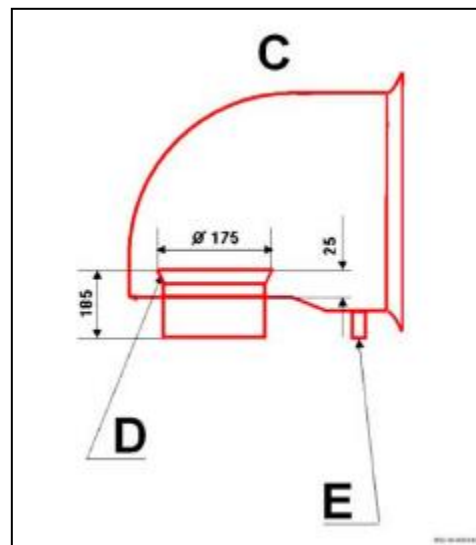
The opening in the body that serves for the air intake for the engine must be positioned right in front of the filter air intake and make possible the entry of air free of dust or impurities in a quantity enough for the combustion, as well as to ensure a longer durability of the filtering element.

A new air intake box must be built and installed at the right side of the bus body. Please see the proposal below:



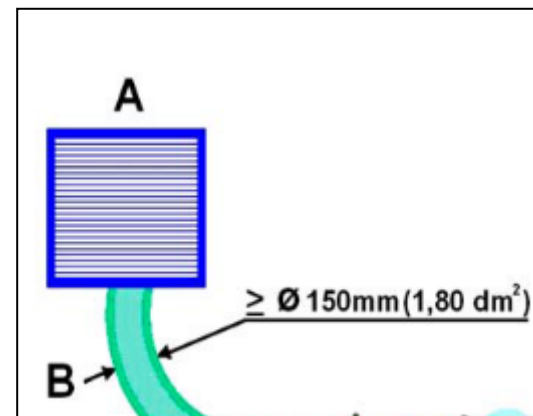
Proposed pick-up box

A Side view  
B Bottom view



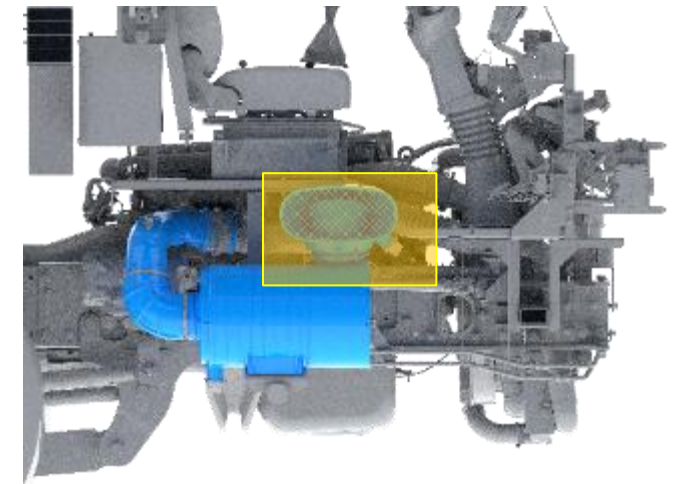
Proposed pick-up box

C Inside view  
D 15 mm radius  
E Drain



Pipe between the box and the air cleaner

A Air pick-up (4.0 dm² free area)  
B Pipe



Air intake position

## 9 Engine air intake system

### 9.5 Air filter restriction level sensor

The chassis are equipped with an electric sensor that indicates the restriction of the air intake system (dirty filter) with indication at the instrument cluster.

OF chassis are equipped with an electronic sensor for the indication of the air filter restriction level.

During the body building process, it is necessary to protect it against impacts and paint residues to avoid the air intake occurs without filtering.



Air filter restriction sensor



Instrument cluster BS VI

**Remark:**

- For BS VI vehicles the indication is given as a pop up notification on the LED screen

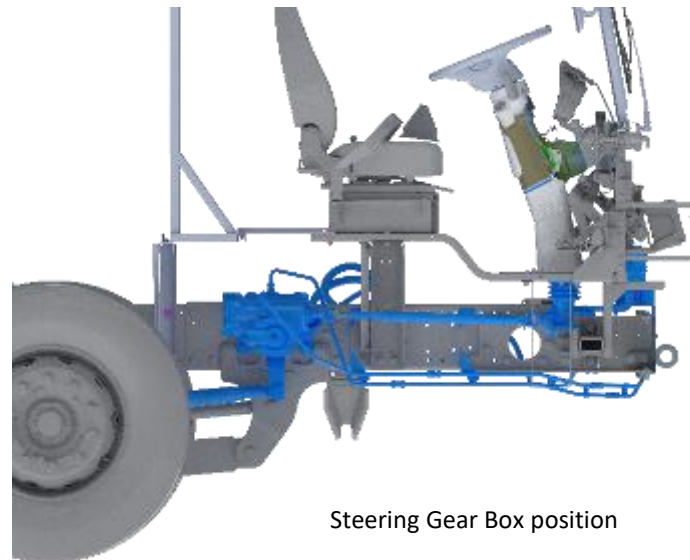
## 10 Steering system

### 10.1 Steering system

No alteration must be made to the fastening of the steering to the chassis structure. The structure supports, and its respective consoles, are integral parts of the officially approved steering set.

The upper part of the front panel must be integrated to the body to avoid steering wheel vibrations.

Modifications in the angular transmission box structure are not allowed.



Special Care with the Steering System During the Body Building Process:

- The steering components must be adequately protected during the welding and painting process.
- The use of steering system components to carry out tests of welding electrodes and/or to connect to ground the welding equipment is strictly forbidden.
- During the drilling and trimming operations, take care not to damage the hydraulic line. Check for leaks the power steering system, mainly round the connections, when completing the installation of the body.

## 10 Steering system

### 10.2 Power steering reservoir

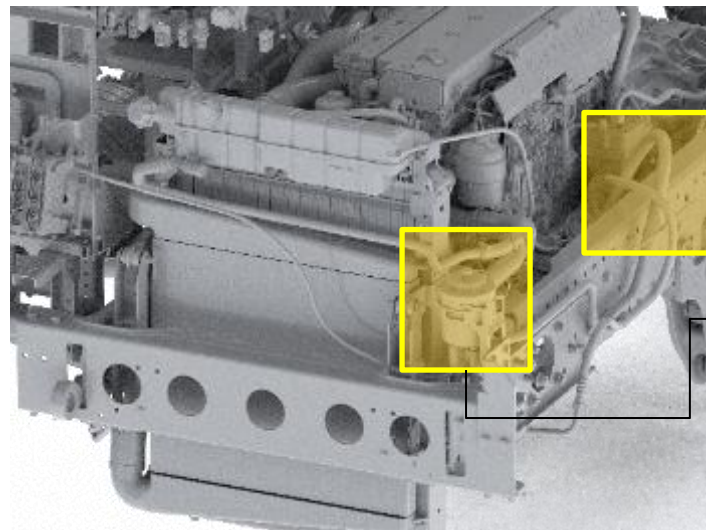
Do not reposition the power steering oil reservoir as changing the original engine supports is not allowed.

It is not allowed to change the positioning and fastening of the power steering oil reservoir & its hoses, their routing as it is installed in its final position. Care to be ensured that the crimping of hoses(Highlighted Area below) is avoided due to addition of Body structure and during bodybuilding.

It is necessary to ensure the refueling access through the front cover/lid of the vehicle.



Power steering oil tank



Steering Oils reservoir position



## 10 Steering system

### 10.3 Adjustable Steering Column

!

Check the updated values in the respective proposal drawings, according to the adopted versions.

The OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) chassis are equipped with adjustable steering column, aiming and adjusting it to the driver cockpit.

When the chassis has this feature, the Body Builder must plan the layout of the dashboard at an appropriate distance from the steering column to make all the adjustment positions possible.

**The body panel must have a minimum clearance of 5 mm with regard to all the steering column adjustment positions.**

The adjustment dimensions of the steering wheel are indicated in the respective proposal drawings and must be considered as minimum reference values.

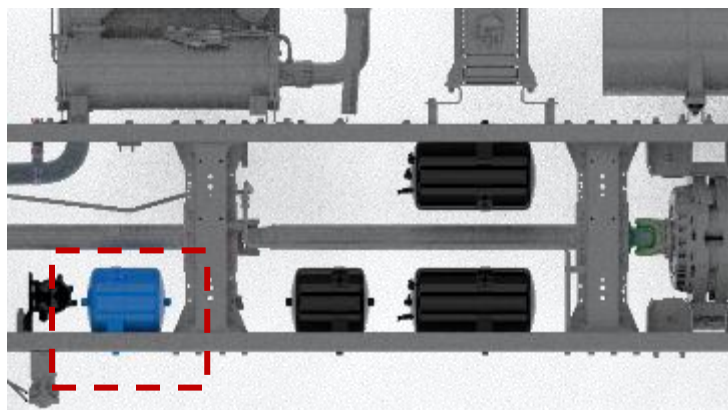
## 11 Pneumatic system

### 11.1 Pneumatic outlet for auxiliary services

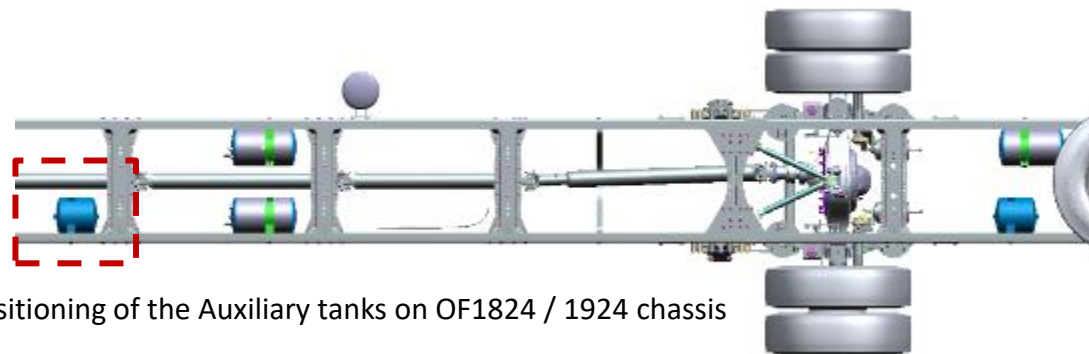
The body accessories that are pneumatically actuated such as the horn, the doors actuation and other pneumatic devices, must not be connected directly to the service or parking brake circuits, or their air reservoirs.

The location of the Auxiliary compressed air tank for the accessories is highlighted in below picture for OF1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) chassis.

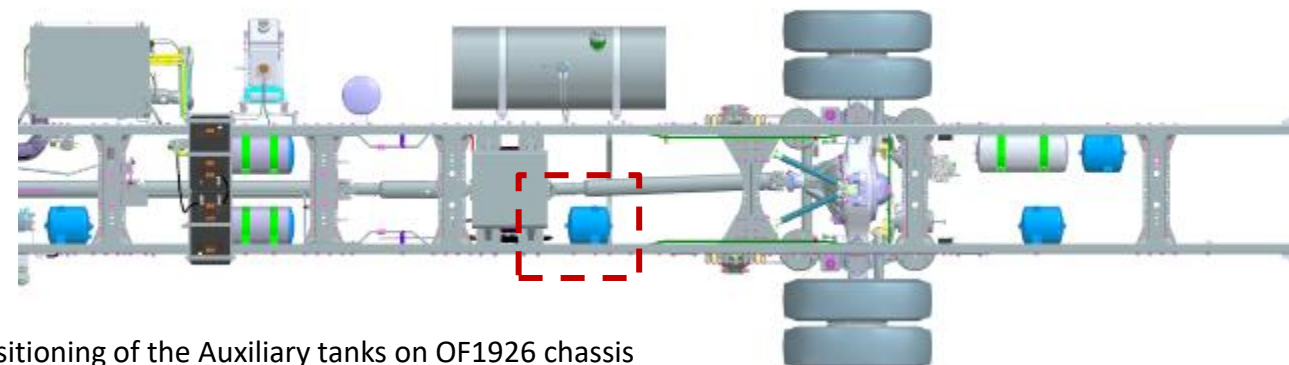
**Bodybuilder must assemble the multiport connector or suitable adapter while taking air supply to auxiliary devices.**



Positioning of the Auxiliary tank on OF1624 chassis



Positioning of the Auxiliary tanks on OF1824 / 1924 chassis



Positioning of the Auxiliary tanks on OF1926 chassis

## **11 Pneumatic system**

### **11.2 Pneumatic hosing (connection plates)**

**!**

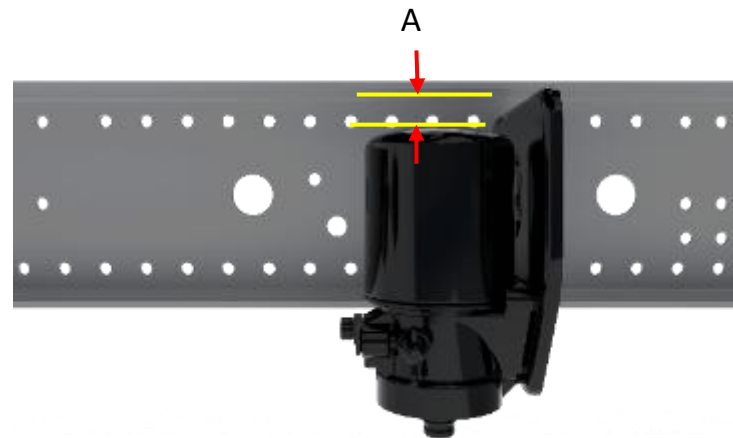
Not applicable.

## 11 Pneumatic system

### 11.3 APU (Air Processing Unit)

The position of the APU (Air Pressure Unit) set is the definitive one, and must not be altered. Prepare access for the removal, to facilitate the maintenance.

Provide an “A” clearance of 30mm on the APU set to make its removal possible



Clearance over APU

A Clearance of 30mm

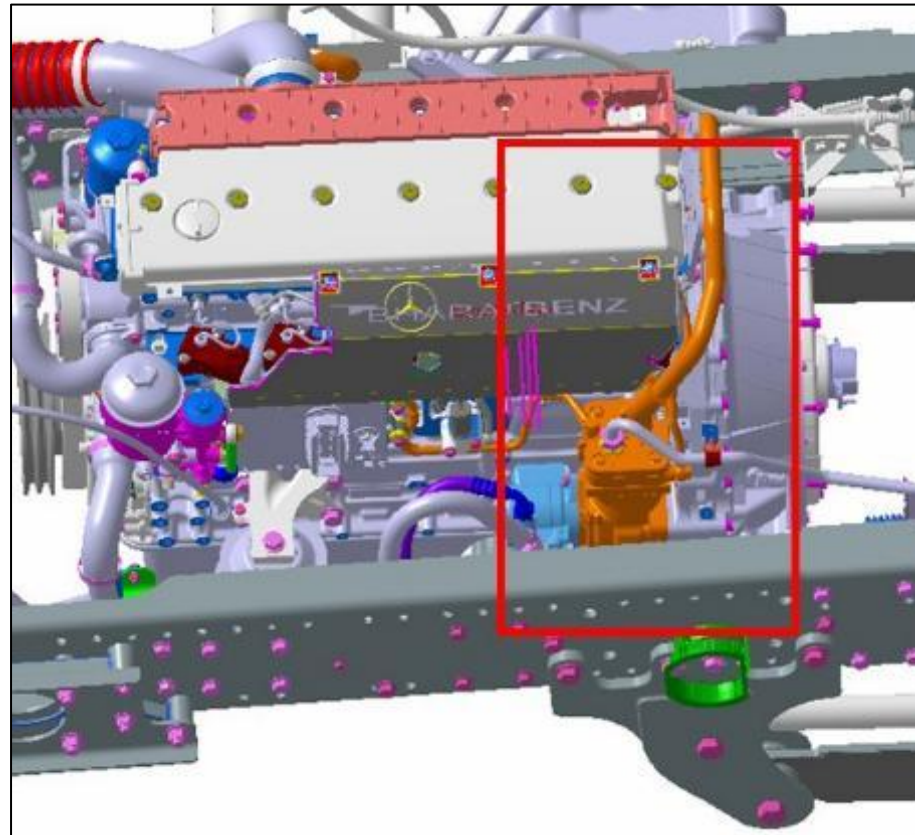
!

Do not start the engine while the APU (Air Pressure Unit) control pipe is removed.

## 11 Pneumatic system

### 11.4 Compressors

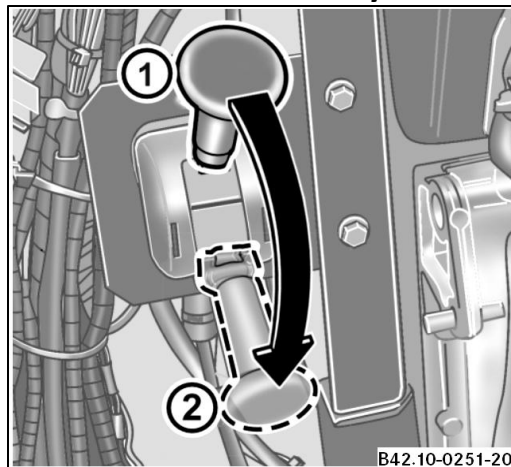
The chassis compressors are actuated by gears and are coupled to the engine.  
In the production of the engine cover/hood, it is necessary to provide access to the upper part of the compressor.



Air compressor

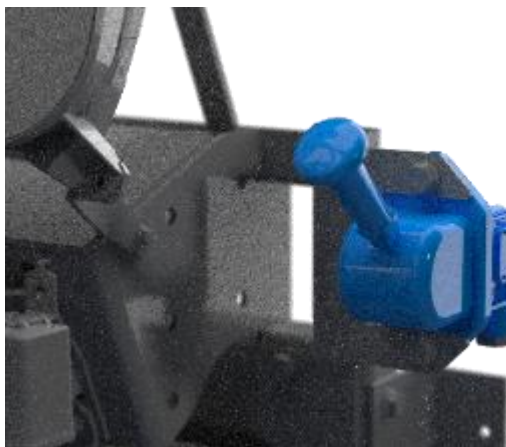
## 12 Brake system

### 12.1 Brake system



Parking brake lever

1. Actuated brake
2. Released brake



Parking brake lever position

The chassis brake system must not be changed.

During the body building processes, the systems must be duly protected.

Do not insert derivations in the brake circuits, as the use of the connections previously made available in the chassis for the actuation of the pneumatic components as described in the [chapter "Pneumatic Connection for auxiliary service" page 45](#) is compulsory.

The Body Builder must carry out inspections to identify possible leakage and/or damages in the components after the completion of the body installation process.

Before the dynamic assessments are carried out, all the systems must be duly reviewed and corrected as a safety measure. If doubts arise, contact Daimler Buses India.

#### Parking Brake Adjuster Lever

The parking brake actuation lever is supplied in the chassis in a provisional position. The Body Builder must provide for its fastening in a visible and practical place, of easy access to the driver, foreseeing also the need to use it in emergency cases.

It must also be positioned in a place that makes impossible its accidental or undue access. The complete travel of the lever must be free from interferences.

#### Service Brake Pedal

The service brake pedal is assembled in its definitive position in the chassis, however the Body Builder must ensure its free travel, without interferences such as from wiring harnesses, lines, trim parts, floor, etc.

## 12 Brake system

### 12.2 Retarder

The chassis may be equipped with Electromagnetic retarder (Telma) as a special variant.

It is an aggregate particularly suitable for vehicles that operate in hilly regions or places that have mixed topographic conditions. Its application will result in a significant increase in the durability of the brakes system (mainly the brake pads and linings) and mechanical components in general.

During the installation of the instrument cluster of chassis equipped with retarder, the position of the actuation controls must be planned taking into consideration in such a manner that the driver is able to reach them easily avoiding ergonomic problems and interferences.

It's operation must not interfere with the Body dashboard or any component near by.



Retarder lever in the Combination switch



Retarder

In the assembly of Tourist coaches, the luggage compartment structure or Sheet metal panels or Body floor (Plywood) must be **at least 100mm above the Chassis longitudinal members.**

Thermal isolation materials must also be added to the Right, Left and Top sides and on the retarder.

## 12 Brake system



Add thermal isolation to the wiring harnesses, lines, and other components of the body that are susceptible to high temperatures.



The fuel lines must not be positioned in the inner part of the vehicle frame in the retarder region. Ensure that the fuel lines routes are kept at the external part of the frame as installed in the original chassis keeping them at a safe distance from the heat sources.



Information related to the fastening of the electronic control unit and other instructions related to the electric part, are included in the manual “Body Building Guidelines” – **Specific electric/electronic Part, in the chapter 17 – “Telma Retarder”**.



The batteries compartment must be placed behind the front axle.

## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.1 Exhaust system

The genuine part of the chassis, from the engine until to the muffler/catalytic converter (including), must not be changed.

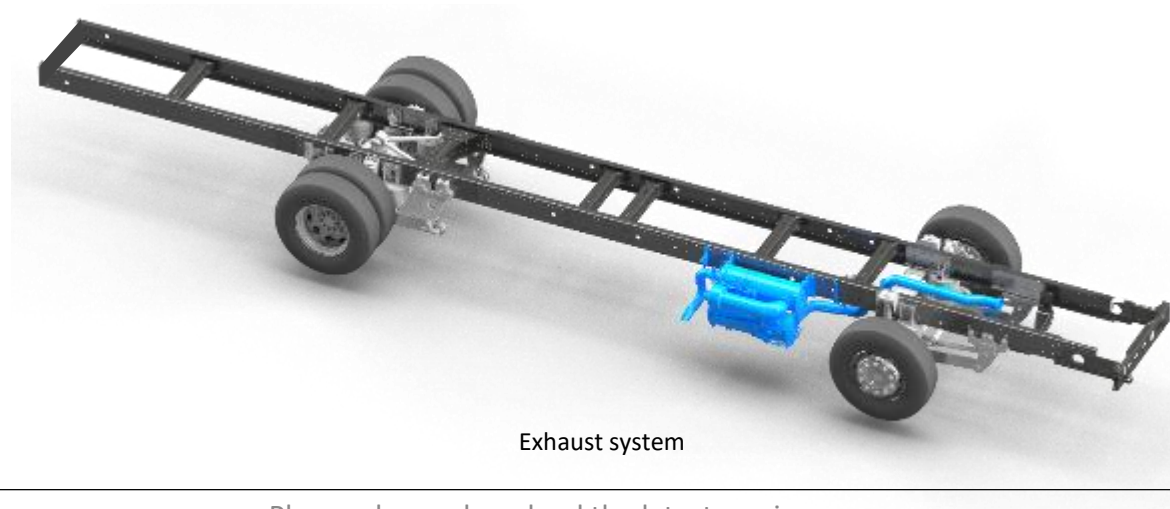
### 13.2 Exhaust System counter Pressure

Carry out the counter-pressure measurement, in the case the original exhaust pipes length is extended, and the values obtained must be smaller than:

- 280 mbar for chassis with BSVI engines.



Further information is described in the **Body Building Directives - General Part, in chapter 3.23 - Exhaust System.**



Exhaust system

## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.3 Exhaust outlet position

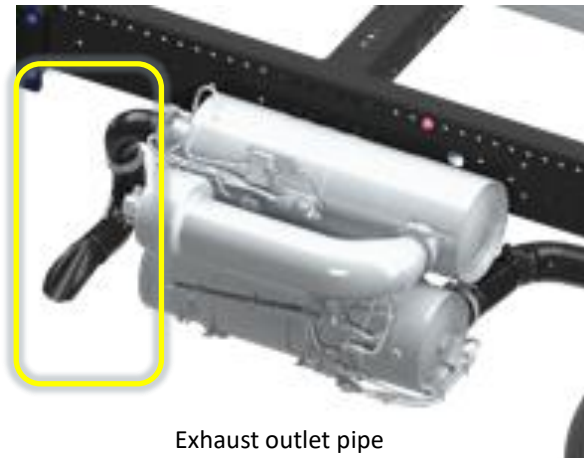
OF BSVI chassis exhaust system does not requires any tail pipe extension by Bodybuilder until unless local legislation demands or situation prevails. In the case of exhaust pipe extension, the pipe added by the Body Builder must have a diameter equal or greater than the one of the genuine component.

The fastening of such extension to the body must be made by means of elastic elements identical to the original ones supplied with the chassis.

When extending the pipes, it is necessary to take care to prevent that the exhaust gases back pressure does not exceed the established limit, according to "Exhaust System".

For the assembly of Exhaust outlet, the body project must foresee an orifice for the exhaust pipes, with minimum clearance of 20 mm to avoid interferences. According to the material used in the production of the body structure, it is necessary to study the necessity of adopting protections to avoid damages caused by heat.

In the production of line extension, the movements of some components must be taken into account, such as: axles, transmission shafts, etc.



Exhaust outlet pipe



Do not reposition or rotate the exhaust tail pipe orientation.

## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.4 Exhaust gas treatment system

#### 13.4.1 AdBlue® Tank

The BS6 chassis are equipped with an "AdBlue®" tank plus a pump, necessary to meet the legislation requirements.

When necessary, the "AdBlue®" line and pump may be removed during the body building process and must be properly stored and identified.



BS 6 chassis are equipped with an "AdBlue®" tank

#### 13.4.2 Protection of "AdBlue®" Tank

To avoid system contamination, it is mandatory that contaminants do not come in contact with the solution. It is necessary to carefully preserve the after treatment system and related components during the installation of the implements and bodies to avoid contact with contaminants.

During the installation of bodies, the system should remain closed (including breathers) to preserve covers, nozzles, and connections. Protective plugs (rubber) can be used on genuine covers, improving security against damages to system components.

During the handling of after treatment system components, they should remain closed and protected (with genuine covers and other protections). Besides, they should be kept away from contaminants such as fuel, oil, grease, dust, dirt, metal residues and detergents.



The catalytic converter must not be removed during the body building process.

During the body building the catalytic converter must be protected from mechanical impacts to avoid damaging the sensors etc.

After treatment systems are extremely sensitive to potential impurities contained in "AdBlue®" solution.

To avoid the contamination during the vehicles' refuel or utilization, properly protect the "AdBlue®" tank fitting to avoid residue built-up by installing access covers on the side and on the mud flap.

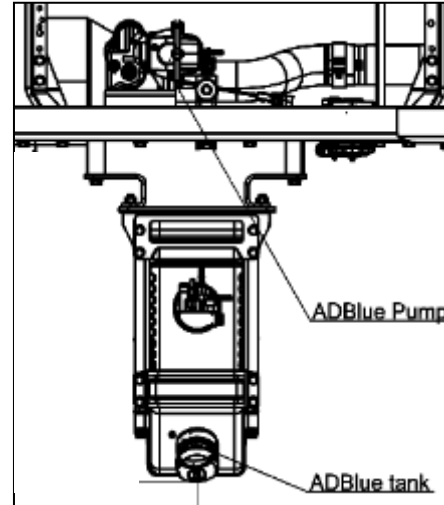
## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.4 Exhaust gas treatment system

#### 13.4.3 "AdBlue ®" Pump

The "AdBlue®" pump must not be removed from its original position, even if changes in the "AdBlue®" tank position occur.

The connection hoses between the tank, the pump and the metering valve have been defined with specific lengths for this purpose and their replacement is not necessary.



Arrangement of the **AdBlue ®** Pump

## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.4 Exhaust gas treatment system

! The "AdBlue®" pump must not be changed from its initial position, If damages occur during the body building process, the line must be replaced, and the same original material characteristics must be kept.  
"AdBlue®" lines must not have joints

!

The "AdBlue®" is a chemical product (urea diluted in water) of synthetic origin, used to reduce the pollutant emissions of heavy vehicles that use the SCR (Selective Catalytic Reduction) system.

The "AdBlue®" fluid is produced by synthetic means, and is a transparent, basic, colorless and odorless product and is not toxic. It is not a dangerous substance and fits into the 1 category of danger, i.e., the lowest risk category. however, it is very corrosive when in contact with some metals, including the carbon steel and presents high capillarity.

!

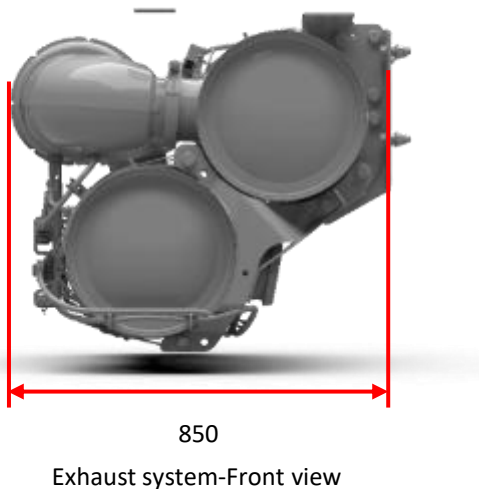
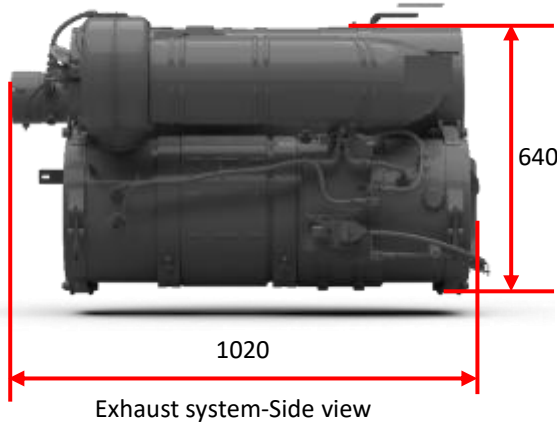
In Brazil, the chemical product (urea diluted with water) is called Arla 32 (NOx Liquid Automotive Reducing Agent), in European countries it is called "AdBlue®", and in the USA, DEF..

!

When the "AdBlue®" reservoir line and pump connections are disassembled, it is necessary to protect them from damages and contaminations.

## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.4 Exhaust gases treatment system BS6



#### 13.4.4 "After treatment system"- OF BS 6 Chassis

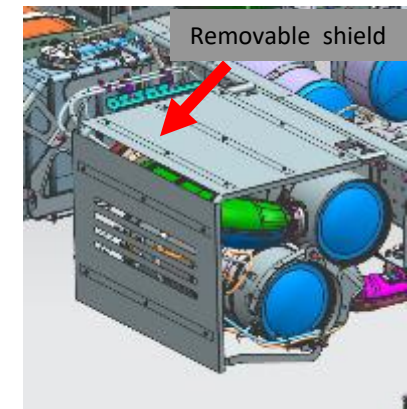
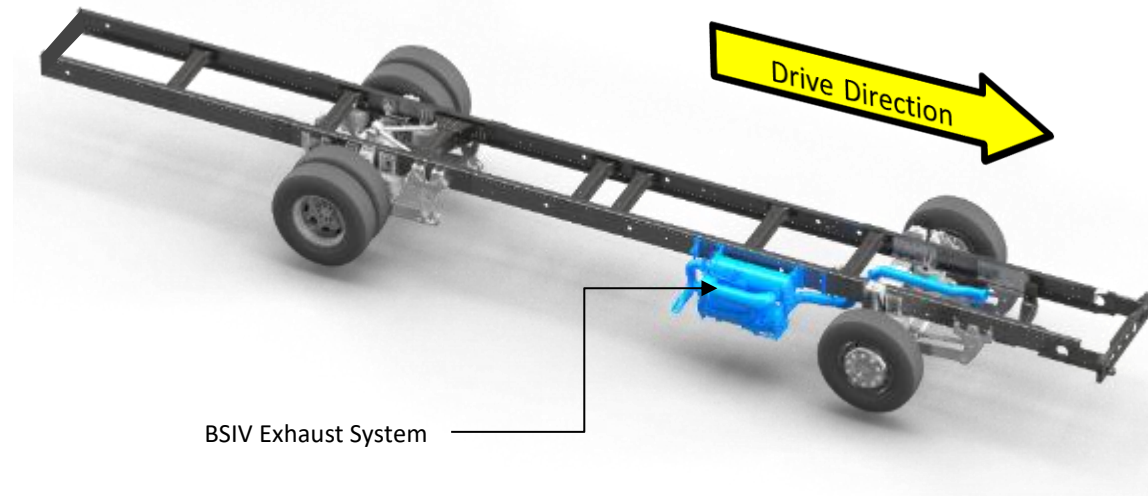
OF chassis are equipped with "SCR" system component, required to comply with the legislation BSVI.

The position for BS VI Fuel tank, exhaust muffler and Ad-Blue system are positioned based on ATS packaging and should not be disturbed by bodybuilder.

#### 13.4.5 Exhaust treatment system openings-

A minimum opening of **25dm<sup>2</sup>** to be provided in the Body for efficient cooling of the Exhaust system, The Perforations to be given on the body skirt panel/flap, its position must be exactly on the side of the muffler.

To avoid heat & Noise transfer to Body or its components Thermal insulation to be provided. Minimum of 300mm to be available between the exhaust system and body structure/ floor.

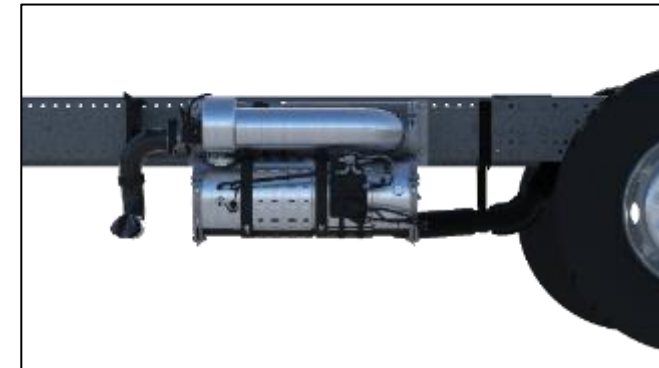
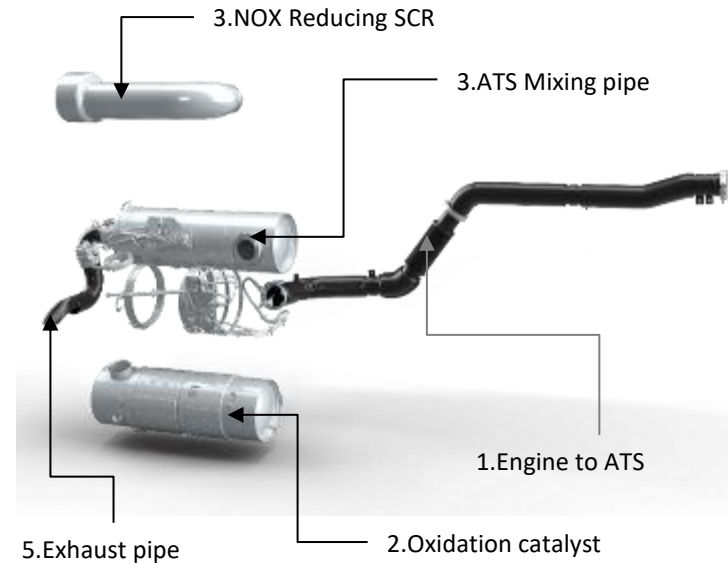


Exhaust system- Complete view

## 13 Exhaust system

### 13.4 Exhaust gases treatment system BS6

#### 13.4.6 Catalyst



SCR system

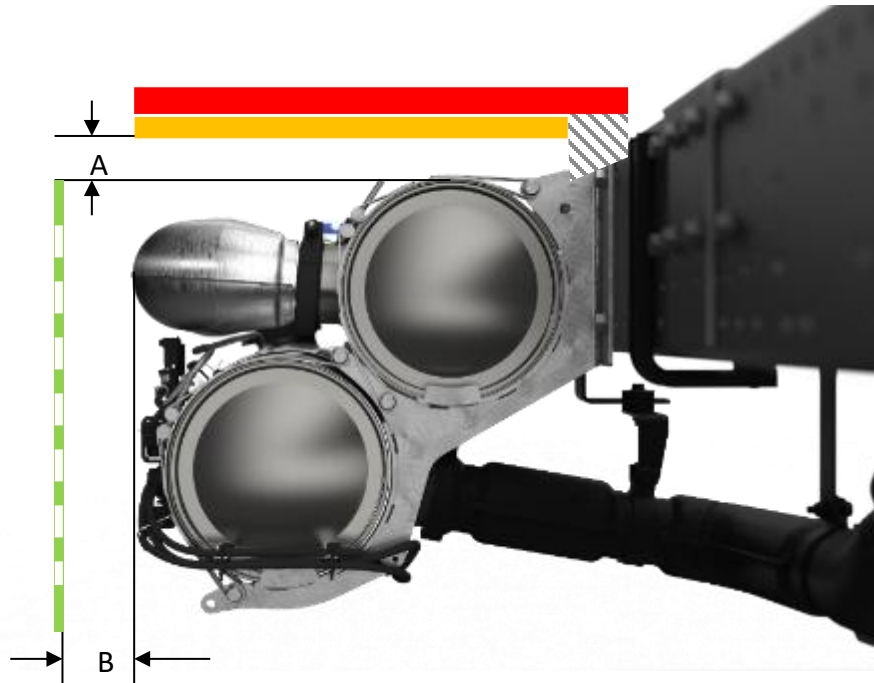
!

The catalyst/SCR system should not be removed in the body building process. During the body assembling process, the catalyst must be protected against mechanical impacts in order to prevent damages to the sensors, etc.

#### 13.4.7 Turbocharger heat shield

On the OF chassis with OM926 engine it is necessary to ensure a minimum clearance of 70mm at the engine cover to permit the removal of the turbocharger's heat shield.

## 13.5 Exhaust unit insulation

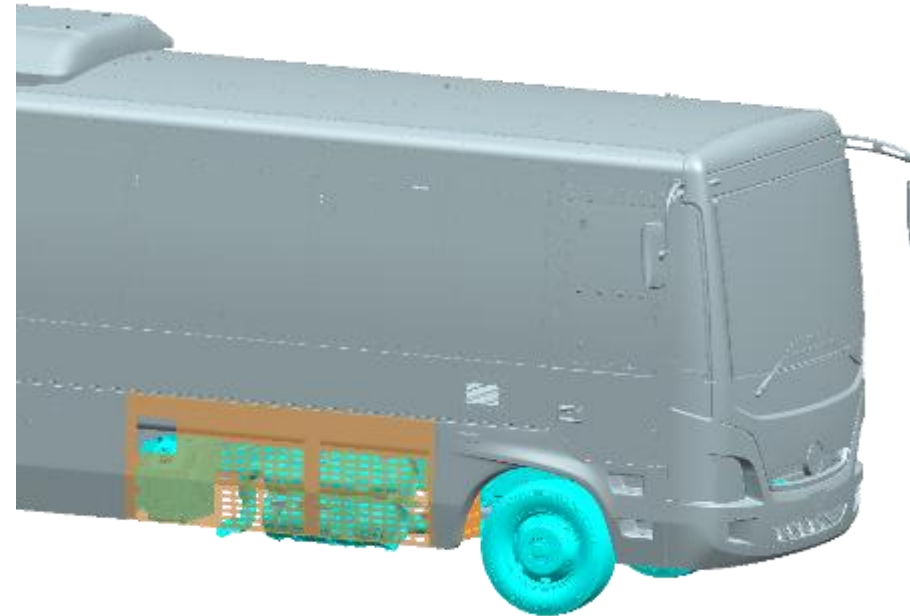


A – 300 mm min.  
B – 100 mm

Fig. ATS View from front

- Insulation: Superwool plus 1200 with AL foil  
Density : 128 Kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Source; (Murugappa Morgan Thermal Ceramics Ltd.)
- Plywood
- Skirt panel
- Body support structure

## Exhaust system



ATS Body side panel with 25 dm<sup>2</sup> Openings

- The ATS unit and Exhaust pipe should not be relocated from the original position
- The body components near BS6 exhaust unit should be well insulated, There must be a gap between the top of the ATS and Body (A), as shown.
- Similarly, There should be a minimum gap of 100mm from the muffler and body in the lateral direction (B);
- The body skirt panel on ATS should have an perforations of minimum **25dm<sup>2</sup>** opening positioned exactly in front of the ATS to allow free flow air for cooling of the ATS.

## 14 Fuel system

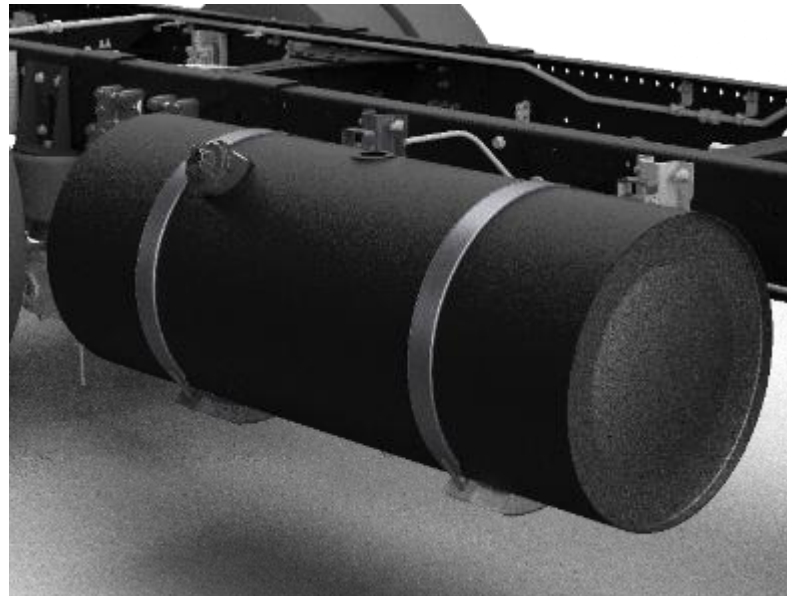
### 14.1 Fuel reservoir

The chassis are supplied with the fuel tanks in their permanent position.

It's repositioning is not permitted. In exempted cases prior evaluation & approval of the repositioning is necessary from Body Building Advisory, Daimler buses India.

The fuel reservoirs installed by the body builders must follow the building norms and safety tests established for the purpose, in force in the respective countries, as well as the prescriptions contained in this chapter.

For the all the OF 16T/18T/19T/19.5T chassis, we recommend the utilization of the original Daimler (A 400 470 1101) fuel reservoirs of 380L holding capacity.



Fuel Tank

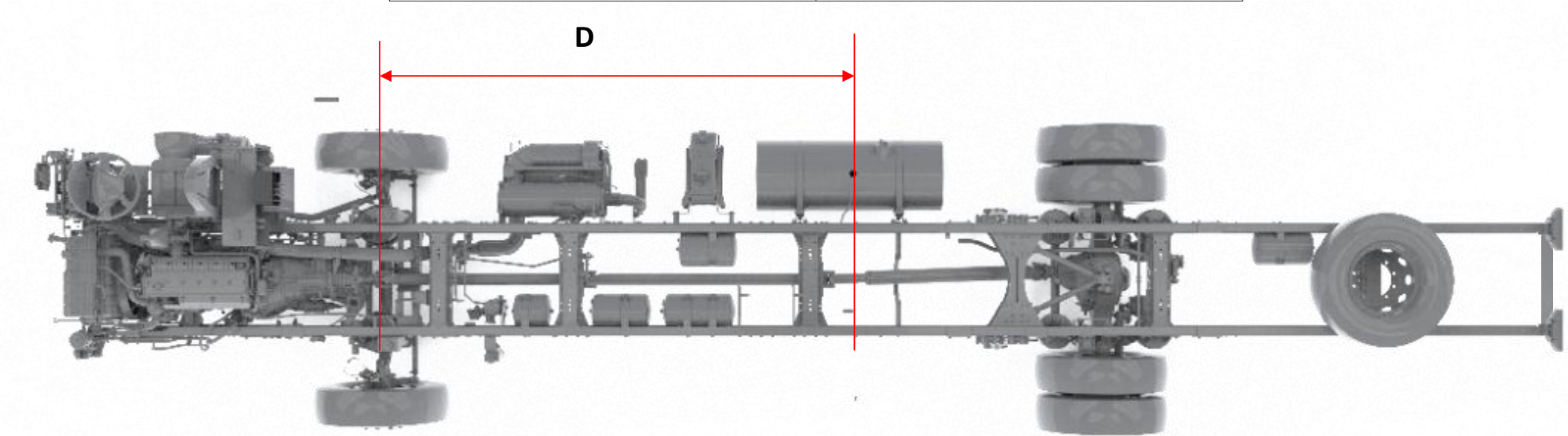
14 Fuel system

14.1 Fuel reservoir

14.1.1 Fuel reservoir position

Tab8- Original fuel reservoir position

| Fuel reservoir/Chassis | 380L    |
|------------------------|---------|
| OF1624                 | 4130 mm |



OF 1624L Position of the reservoirs

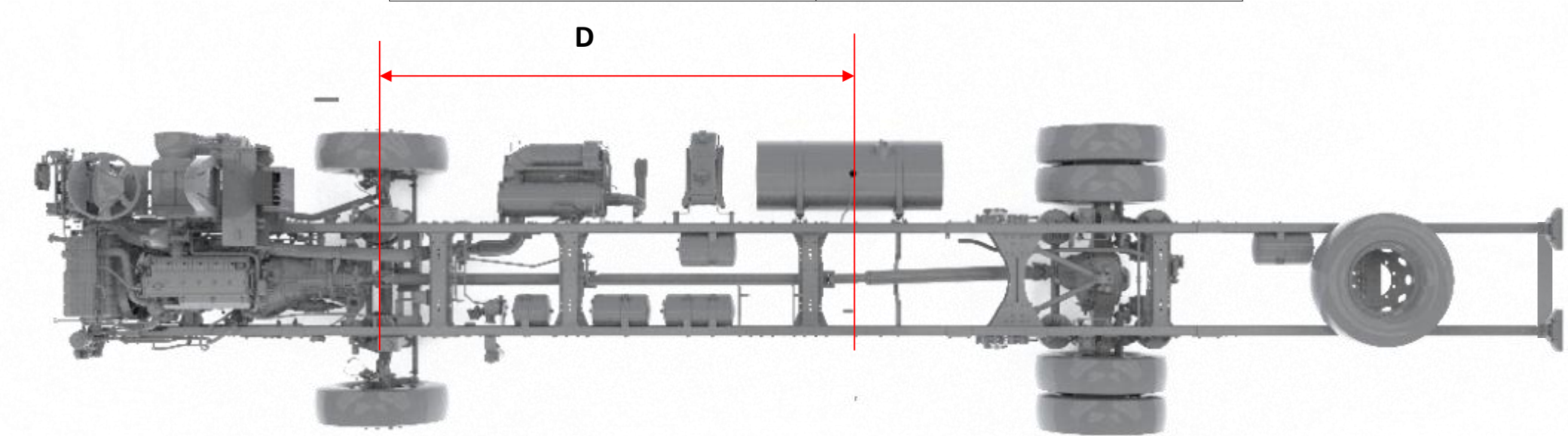
14 Fuel system

14.1 Fuel reservoir

14.1.1 Fuel reservoir position

Tab9- Original fuel reservoir position

| Fuel reservoir/Chassis      | 380L    |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| OF 1824 / 1924 / 1926 (AMT) | 5030 mm |

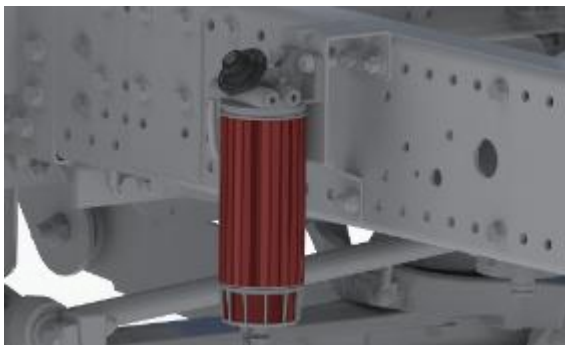


OF 1824 / 1924 / 1926 (AMT) Position of the reservoirs

## 14 Fuel system

### 14.1 Water Separator

#### 14.1.2 Water separator filter



Water separator filter

The fuel system has a water separator filter, which has as function to improve the quality of the fuel, making possible a better performance and increasing the durability of the engine.

The body manufacturer must foresee in the Body Development project an easy access for the view and maintenance.

If the repositioning of the separator filter is necessary during Bodybuilding process, Kindly contact Daimler Buses India with relocation proposal.

This new location must not make possible oil spillage on components such as the belts, exhaust pipe, cooler and other peripheral components, during the removal for cleaning.

**The maintenance services must be carried out according to the “BharatBenz Maintenance Plan” or whenever a high concentration of water in the fuel is present.**



Bodybuilder must keep easy access for viewing its condition and maintenance access, side cover or flap must be openable type. Do Not combine Water separator and Battery Box, they must be separated & drain hole to be provided in its compartment.

#### 14.1.3 Fuel System Bleeding

It is not necessary to release or disconnect the connections and lines to bleed the fuel system. If the lines between the nozzle and the diesel injection unit is removed, replace them with new lines to avoid leaks.

The incorrect installation of the lines in the nozzles and/or injector units may cause diesel leakage, and consequently, the risk of fires.



Water separator filter

## 14 Fuel system

### 14.1 Water Separator

#### 14.1.4 Bleeding Procedure

1. Pump the fuel, using the manual pump handle 1, until you notice a strong resistance caused by the increase of the system pressure.
2. Actuate the starter motor, without accelerating. If the engine does not start within 20 seconds, interrupt the starter motor actuation and wait for at least a minute before trying again. If the engine does not start to operate, repeat the bleeding process.
3. Let the engine continue to operate for approximately 1 minute to eliminate the air completely from the system by the self-bleeding process.



Water separator filter

## 14 Fuel system

### 14.2 Central fuel tank



Not applicable.

## 15 Manual gearbox

### 15.1 Care with the Transmission Control System

**The chassis are delivered with the final configuration of the gear shifting system, no changes are allowed.**

Changes in original position may cause hard gear shifting, more efforts to driver & other ergonomics issues.

During development of engine hood and front panel, lever and gear shifting assembly movements shall be foreseen, taking into consideration all gear shifts, as well as the cushioning system clearances of powertrain unit, thus avoiding interference.

In the shifting lever area, the assembly of the finishing pieces must be foreseen, in order to avoid the noise, heat and impurities penetration.

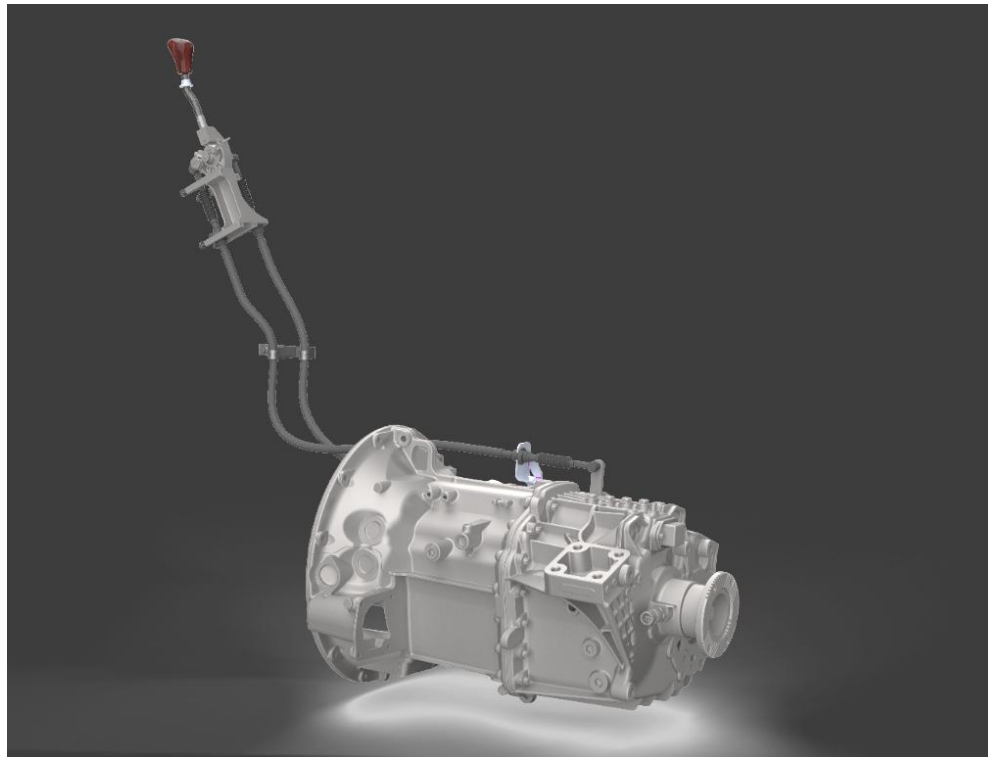
## 15 Manual gearbox

### 15.2 Gear shifting system cables length

The gear shifting system cables are delivered in definitive length and must not be changed.

The Body Builder must also ensure to keep a minimum distance of 50 mm between the powertrain set (engine and transmission) and the body all over its perimeter.

Transmission control system movements must be foreseen in the development of the body floor structure including all possible gear shifts, as well as the clearance of the power train mount systems to avoid interferences.



Cable shifting system

## 15 Manual gearbox

### 15.3 Gearshift cables - disassembly and assembly

The gear shifting system cables must not be disassembled during body assembly process.

### 15.4 Gearbox linkage cable adjustment



Not applicable.

### 15.5 Positioning of shifting lever support

The shift gate frame is supplied already in its definitive position, there are no adjustment options.

The repositioning is not allowed.

## 16 Automated Manual Transmission (1926 – AMT)



If it is necessary to tow the vehicle, the propeller shaft must be disconnected to avoid causing severe damages to the automated manual transmission.

Exclusively during the body building process, it is not necessary to disconnect the propeller shaft if traveling does not exceed 2 km, and if speed is not exceeded above 10 km under no circumstance. If these guidelines are not complied with, and the transmission system is affected, Daimler Bus India. will deny related warranty requests.



For safety reasons, while the propeller shaft is disconnected, the engine must not be actuated.

Further to the automated manual transmission maintenance cover, a quick access cover is necessary for the oil level checks.

Ensure parking brake is ON while the Ignition is Off.



In vehicles equipped with automated manual transmission, the gears selector lever assembled in the Podest is in the optimum ergonomic position and its repositioning is not allowed. In specific cases, please refer to Daimler Bus India.

## 16 Automated Manual Transmission (1926 – AMT)



The automatic transmission selector lever must be duly protected during all body building processes



**Direction D** : Engagement to Forward Drive from Neutral

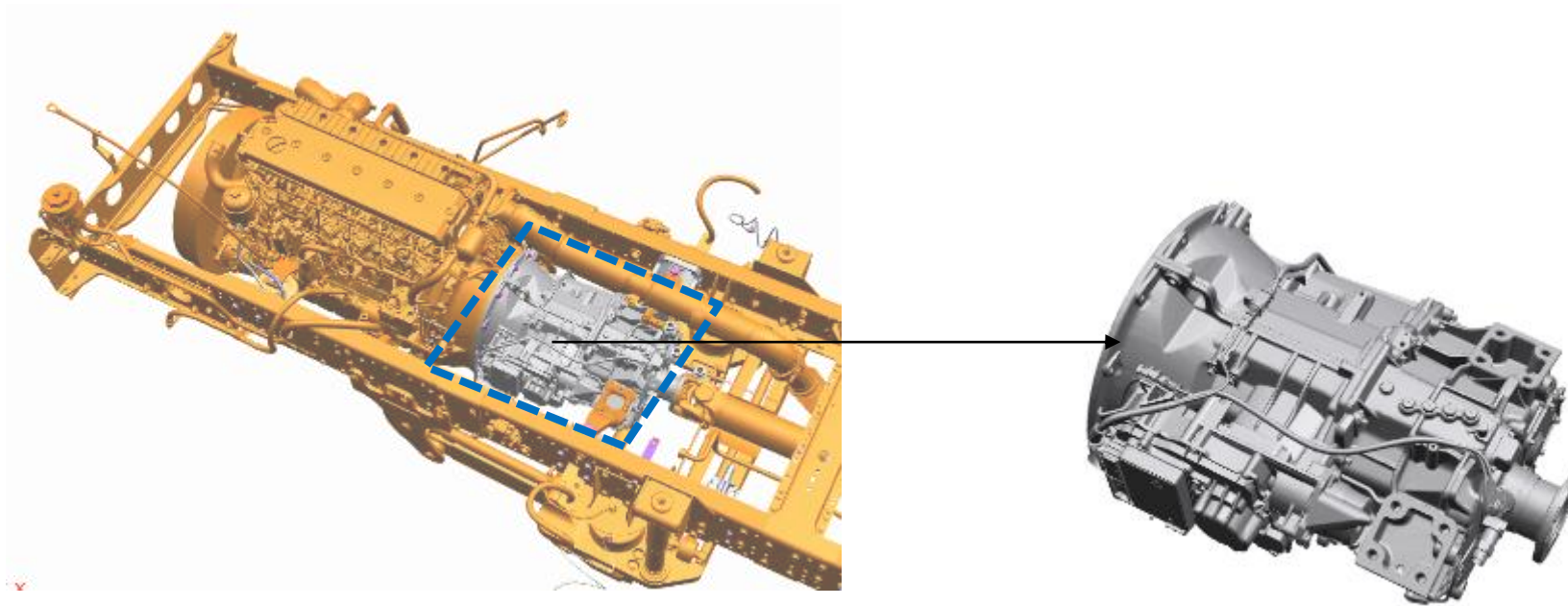
**Direction R** : Engagement to Reverse Drive from Neutral

**Direction N** : Engagement to Neutral from Forward/Reverse Drive

## 16 Automated Manual Transmission (1926 – G90 AMT)

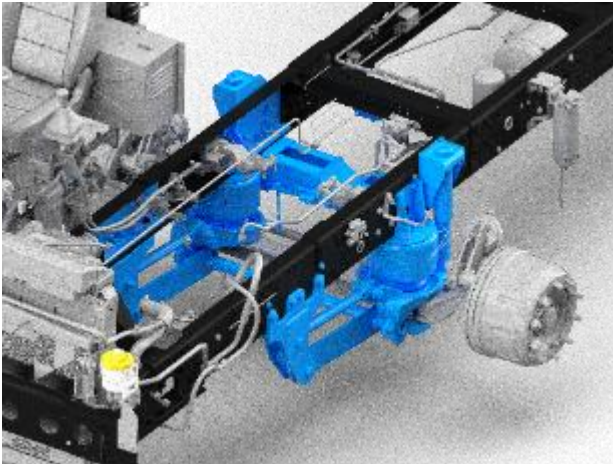
### Maintenance Access

Further to the automated manual transmission maintenance cover, a quick access cover is necessary to check oil level.

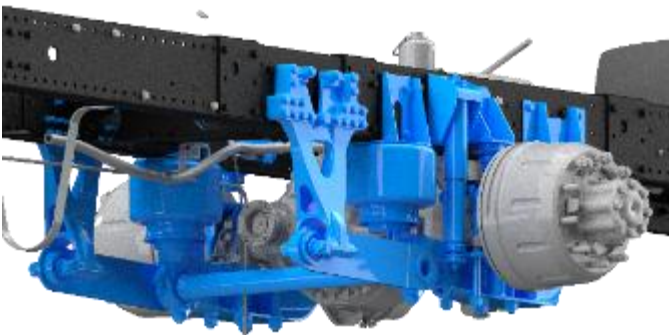


## 17 Suspension system

### 17.1 Care with suspension system



Front Air Suspension



Rear Air Suspension

Take the due precautions with the suspension when you carry out body installation works to avoid damaging the suspension components. During the painting and eventual welding processes, the wiring harnesses, springs, air bellows, lines, and pneumatic valves must be protected.

The use of suspension components (such as springs, bellows, shock absorbers and its supports) in the welding equipment electrodes tests is not allowed.

Take the due precautions with the compressed-air line of the suspension while cutting or drilling to avoid damaging them.

Check whether there are leaks at the compressed-air line of the suspension, mainly at the connection region, after completing the body building.

!

Do not disable the air suspension level regulating valve rods during the transport.

!

The body must make possible the removal and installation of the leaf spring of the front and rear suspension.

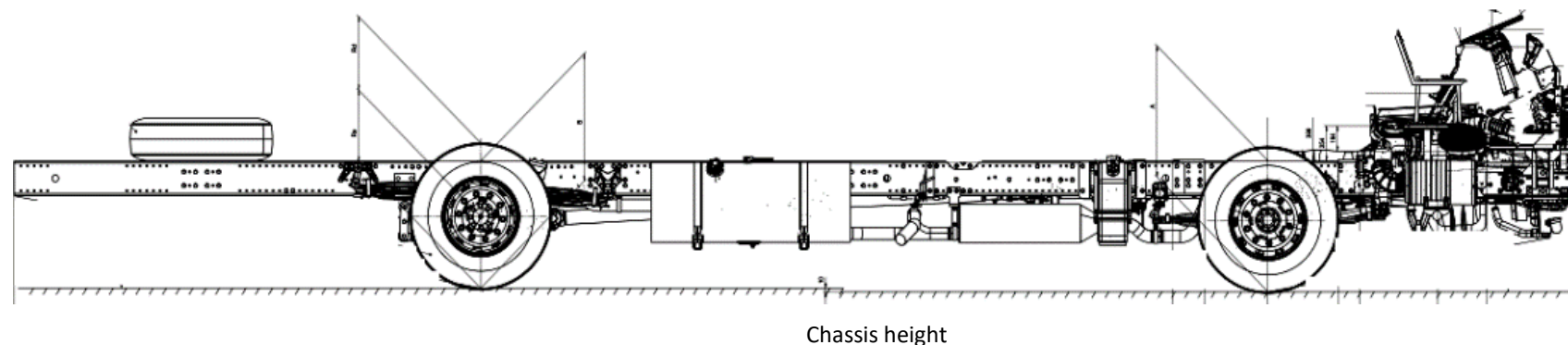
## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

#### 17.2.1 Steel springs suspension

To determine the height of the first step of the body and the height of the floor with regard to the ground, it is necessary to check the height of the chassis with regard to the ground for the several foreseen loads.

In the offer drawings the heights “A” and “B” of the chassis in the unladen condition (series version – without optional items) and loaded condition (GVWR).



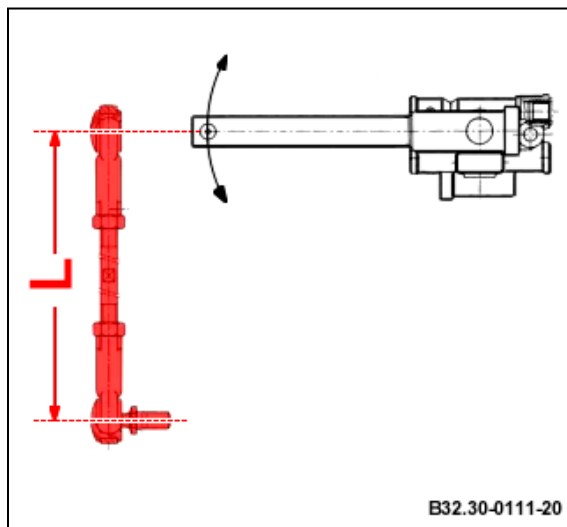
**A** Chassis height to ground level-front axle

**B** Chassis height to ground level-rear axle

## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

#### 17.2.2 Pneumatic springs suspension



Actuation rod

For chassis equipped with air suspension, the height from the ground with regard to the structure (frame) varies according to the pressure at the bellows (air bellows) and also according to the tires' diameter. The level adjustment valves pressurize and depressurize the bellows automatically during the vehicle operation. The valves level and increase the smooth operation in irregular ground or irregular surface roads. Therefore, it is necessary to establish a standard height to serve as standard reference height for the level adjustment valves.

The height adjustments are carried out by changing the length of the suspension level control valves actuation stems: To increase the vehicle height, increase the rod length. Conversely, to lower the vehicle, the length of the rod should be reduced.

At the front part, only a valve controls the air suspension bellows of the front axle.

At the rear part, one or two valves control the bellows of the rear drive axle set.

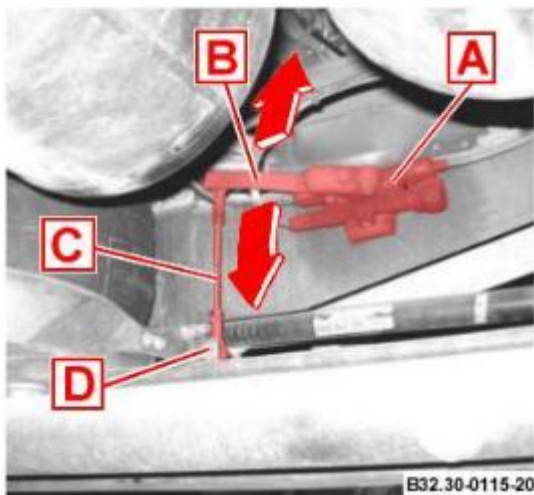
#### Remarks:

A peculiarity of the level regulating valves is that each of them has its own established position, number and side.

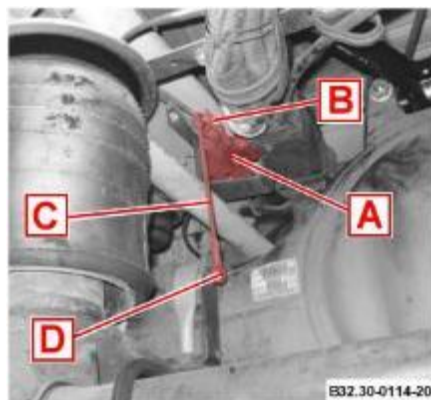
Do not change the leveling stem height without consent from Daimler Buses technical team, it can greatly affect the ride & handling of the Bus.

## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height



Front suspension leveling valve



Rear suspension leveling valve

A Leveling valve  
B Leveling lever  
C Adjustable rod  
D Articulation ball joints

#### Important:

At the front suspension, only a single valve controls the two bellows.  
The level control valve (A) with its lever (B) released remain in the “neutral” position.  
After 6 mm of the lever travel to each side, the valve starts to operate (175 mm lever).

#### Note:

By actuating the lever (B) up, the pressure in the bellows increases and the structure goes up.  
By actuating the lever (B) down, the pressure in the bellows decreases and the structure goes down.

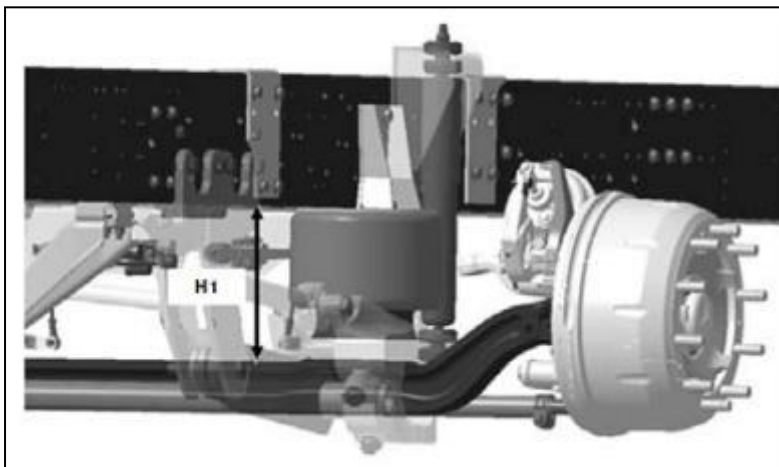
#### • Adjusting procedures

- Disconnect the actuation rod (C) at the ball head (D) leaving the lever of the level control valve (B) free and in the neutral position.
- Pressurize the air system fully.
- Establish clearly the H1 height measurement point for the front suspension or H2 for the rear suspension.
- Actuate the lever (B) of the level control valve and establish the H1 (front) or H2 (rear) adjustment dimension. Do not exceed during the lifting, as the lever will be without Control
- Adjust the actuation rod (C) until it matches with the “neutral” point of the level control valve lever (B). At this point, connect the rod to the ball head, taking care to tighten the rod adjustment nut.
- To confirm the adjustment, it is recommended to disconnect the lever from the rod again, de-pressurize manually the bellows, connect the lever, pressurize the vehicle system and wait until the H1 or H2 height get automatically established.
- If the front and rear suspensions are already regulated, we suggest that a test drive is done preferably in a place where the paving is irregular and uneven. Later, put the vehicle over a ditch and confirm the adjustment heights H1 in the front, and H2 in the rear

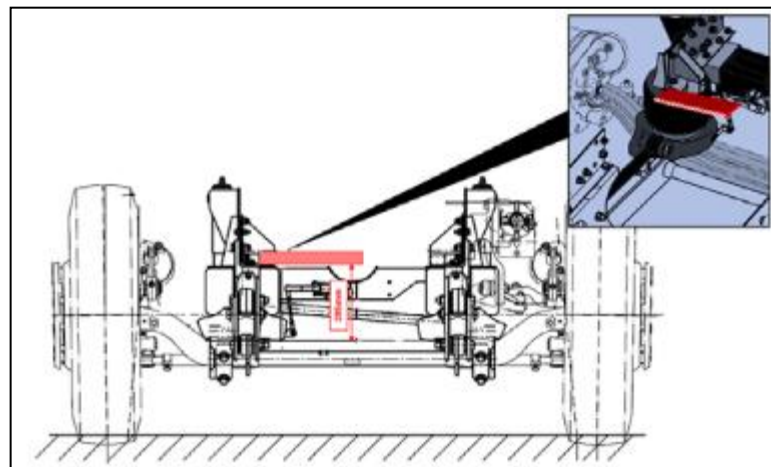
## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

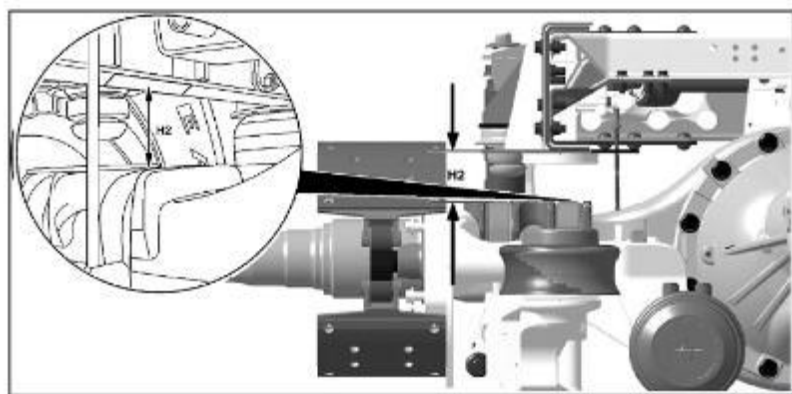
#### 17.2.2 Pneumatic springs suspension



Suspension's H1 distance (Front axle)



Suspension's H1 distance



Suspension's H2 distance (Rear Axle)

H1 = 295 mm (distance between the side rail bottom face and the front axle beam top face).

H2 = 96 mm (distance between the side rail bottom face and the clamps of the bellows bottom base).

#### Remarks:

The "H1" and "H2" heights does not change by the tires' diameters. The overall distance from the ground up to the chassis structure varies according to the tires, without interfering in the suspension adjustment height.

## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

#### Height adjustment of the conventional pneumatic suspension

- Adjustment of the Conventional Air Suspension Height
- Reference height for the adjustment of the front and rear suspensions.
- With the vehicle on a leveled ground, the level control valves remain inoperative with their levers in neutral. Upwards, the lever pressurizes the bellows and, down, it depressurizes.

#### Preliminary conditions:

- Vehicle positioned on a flat and leveled ground, preferably over a ditch.
- Parking brake activated and wedge-type shims under the wheels.
- Tires calibrated at the working pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- Level control valves and tight pneumatic system (no leakage).
- Front and rear air suspensions normally pressurized.
- If the vehicle is equipped with a lifting system, the system must be inactivated.
- Ball heads of the lever rods must be in good conditions.

## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

#### Body Building Process

During the body building of vehicles with NR, the suspension height adjustment is not necessary because all chassis are supplied for bodybuilding with pre-established calibration by Daimler Buses, which takes into consideration the body weight.

Deactivate the sensors during the transport to the body manufacturer to avoid reading errors that could block the system operation.

After the body building, follow this procedure to activate the sensors to enable the system to operate normally:

- Connect the height sensor rod to the axle.
- The system operation keys must be installed in such a manner that the driver is able to access them easily.
- Only after the installation of the other components, the system control unit must be connected to the main harness.

**Note:**

As the system is calibrated after its installation on the chassis, the components are not exchangeable. Therefore, the exchange of control units among the vehicles without recalibration is not allowed.

## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

The control unit must only be connected after body building conclusion of the chassis and the installation of the other system components.

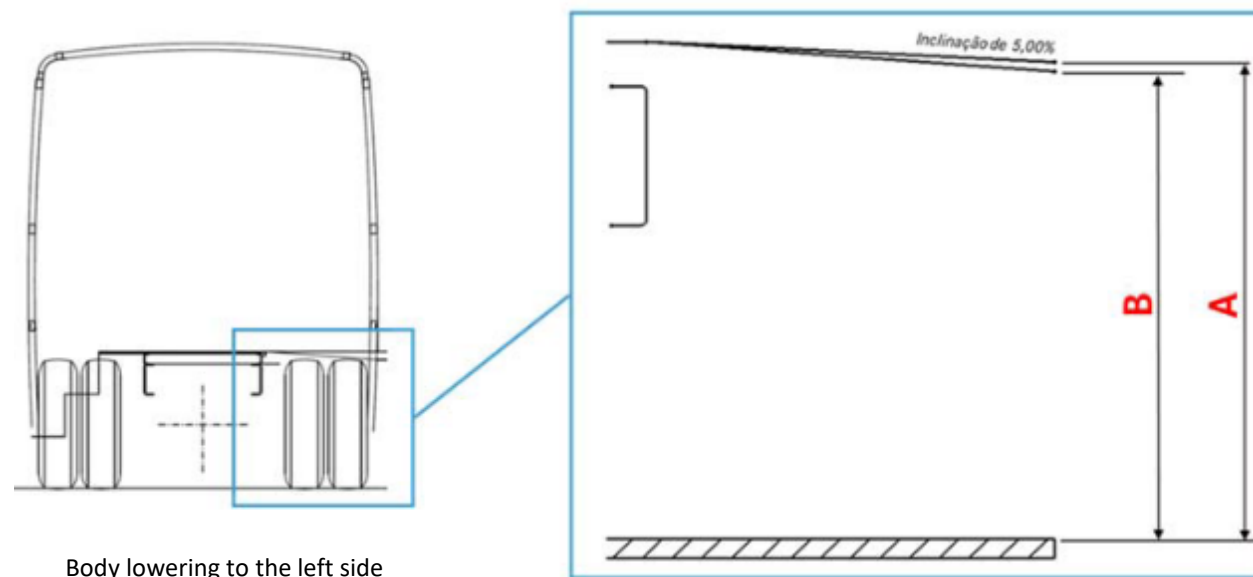
The system does not make possible to carry out settings without the use of adequate equipment, and must not, therefore, be changed during the body building process.

#### **Suspension Levels Variation for Chassis Equipped with the "NR" Suspension Electronic Control System.**

Reference values for the project, considering a body width of 2,600 mm.

#### **Lowering of the body to the left side - boarding platform**

The actuation of the electronic suspension control system makes possible to lower the vehicle at the left side, approximately 28mm (considering a body width of 2,600 mm).



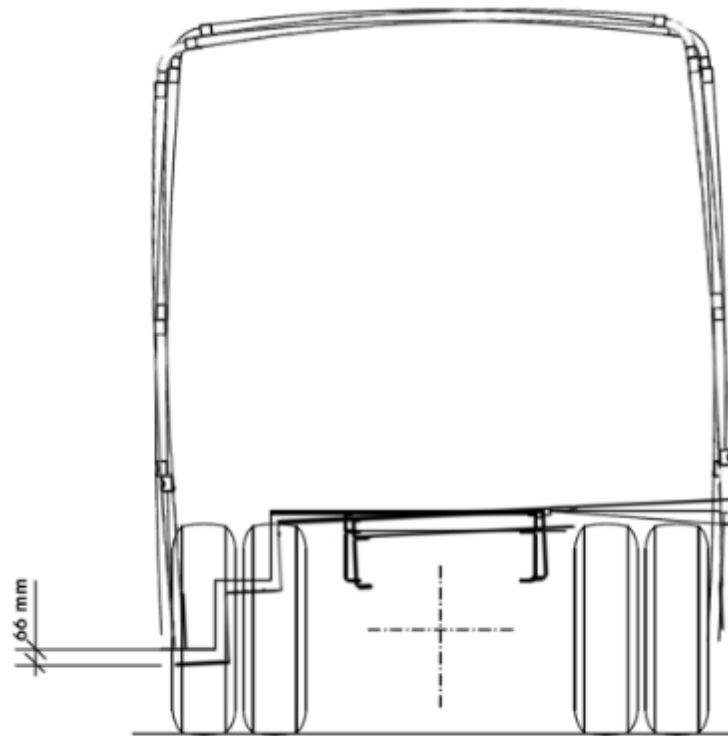
Body lowering to the left side

## 17 Suspension system

### 17.2 Suspension height

#### Lowering of the body to the right side - boarding steps

The actuation of the electronic suspension control system makes possible to lower the vehicle at the right side, approximately 66 mm (considering a body width of 2,600 mm).



Body lowering to the right side

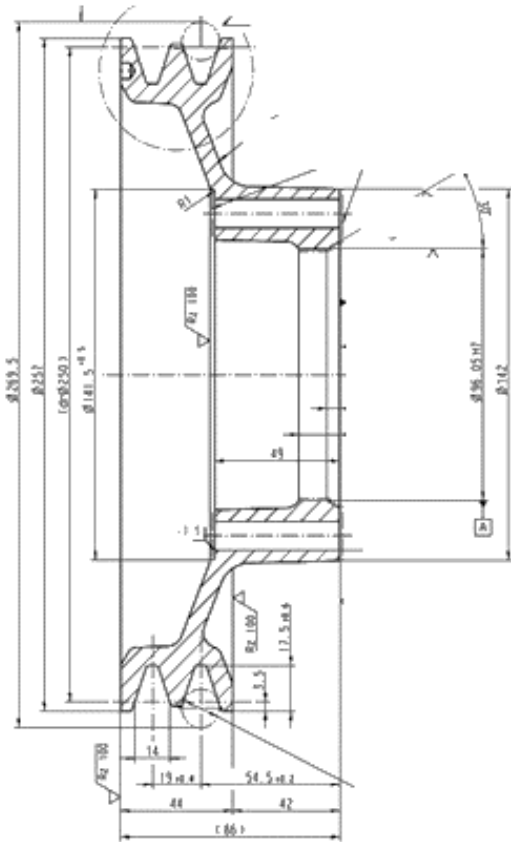
## 18 Climate control

### 18.1 Air conditioner

The chassis are equipped from the plant with a special version (SA) "Preparation for the installation of air conditioning" which is formed by the installation of the additional pulley **A9042340212** for the actuation of the air conditioning system compressor, duly approved in agreement with Daimler Buses India.

This pulley has a 250 mm diameter with double "V" channel, with a B profile, assembled between the front end of the crankshaft and the fan.

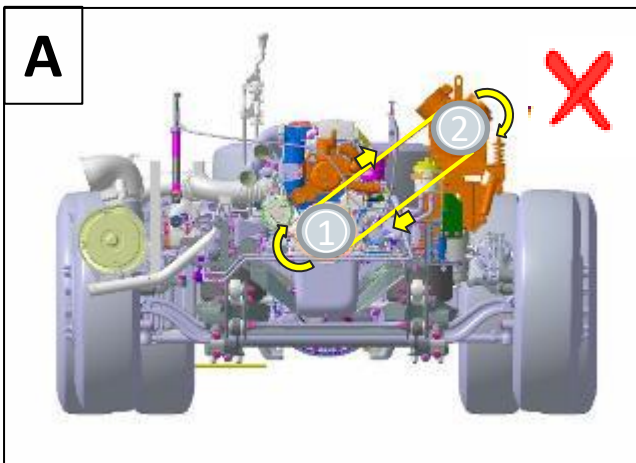
The air conditioning compressor base and additional alternator must be fastened to the vehicle frame (longitudinal members). The fastening of these components to the engine is not allowed.



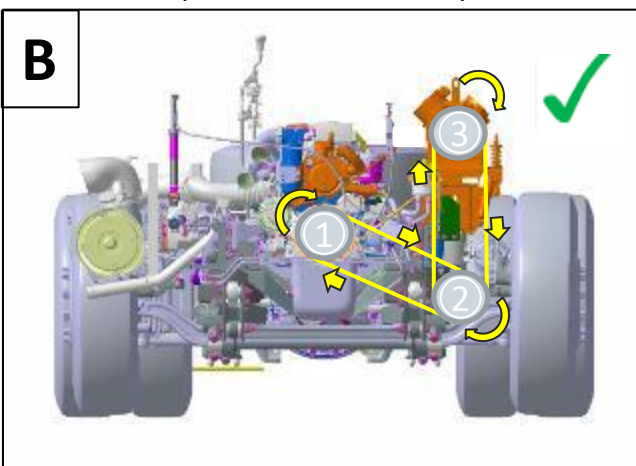
Compressor drive pulley

## 18 Climate control

### 18.1 Air conditioner



Compressor fixation on top side



Compressor drive pulley

The correct operation and durability of the air conditioning installations on the Daimler bus chassis are the Body Builders' responsibility or their Implementers', as the processes adopted are not controlled by Daimler Buses India.

The air conditioning belts tensioning system must foresee the relative movements of the engine, by adopting systems with shock absorbers (for example, by using pneumatic or hydraulic cylinders).

The rigidity of the tensioning system may cause vibrations inside the vehicle compromising the comfort of the bus passengers as well as reducing the durability of the set.

The whole set must be properly equipped with mounts to minimize the problems due to vibrations.

The Body Builder or the Implementer responsible for the air conditioning installation must install pulleys of the "tensioning roll" type to avoid the belts flotation. We suggest to "divide the space between the pulleys in two parts" by the insertion of tensioning rolls.

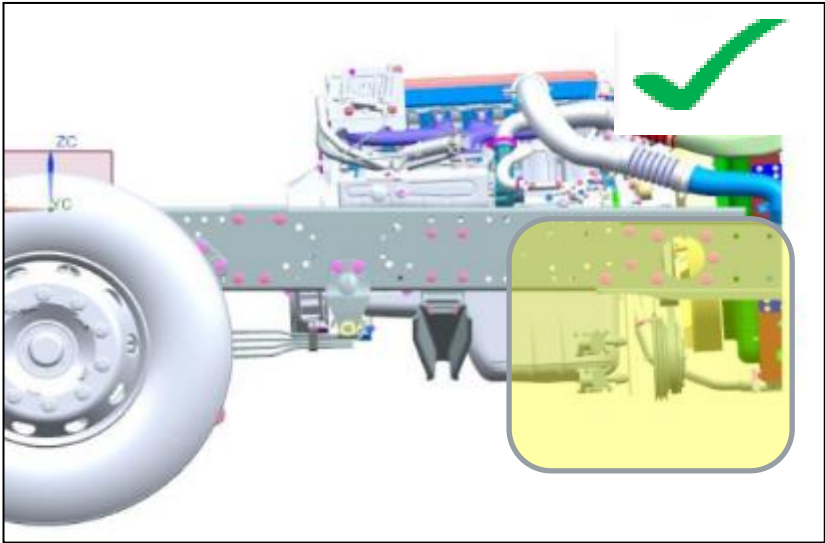
Drive arrangement seen in (A), direct drive layout can interfere with cooling and steering system pipes hence modifications to any of the chassis' components and hydraulic pipes are not allowed.

We emphasize that compressor installation must be carried at higher position with the support of idler pulley shown beside (B) which connects AC compressor belt drive to main engine pulley without disturbing chassis hydraulic pipes.

- ① Engine Pulley
- ② Idle Pulley
- ③ compressor Pulley

18 Climate control

18.1 Air conditioner



Compressor drive direct arrangement  
(TM 65)

We highlight that the air conditioner installation without idle pulley can also be possible on lower side of the frame connecting direct drive for AC compressor pulley to engine pulley.

The base of the air conditioning compressor and additional alternator can be fastened to the chassis frame (side rails). The fastening of these components to the engine is not allowed.

For the air conditioner compressor system sizing, it should be considered the customer operation characteristics, complying with the engine sizing limits:

Tab9- Speed Specifications of OM 926 Engine

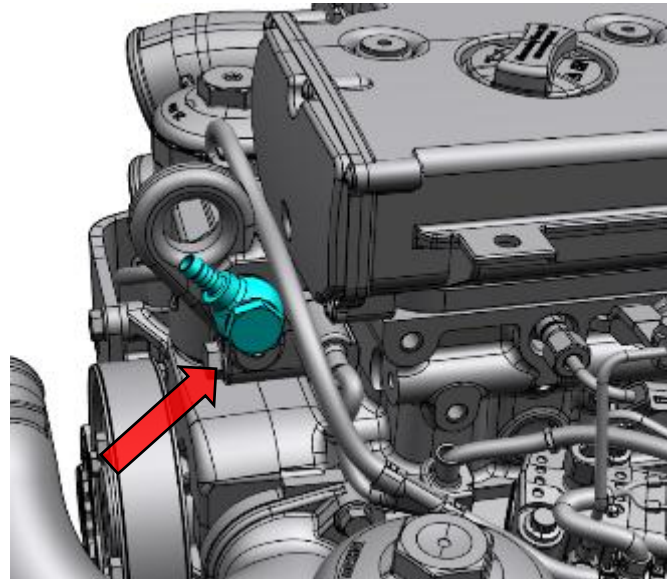
| Engine                  | OM926 240hp BS VI | OM926 260hp BSVI |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Idle speed              | 600 rpm           | 600 rpm          |
| Maximum torque rotation | 1200 – 1600 rpm   | 1200 – 1600 rpm  |
| Maximum power rotation  | 2200 rpm          | 2200 rpm         |
| Maximum rotation        | 2750 rpm          | 2750 rpm         |
| Maximum free rotation   | 2750 rpm          | 2750 rpm         |

## 18 Climate control

### 18.2 Heating system

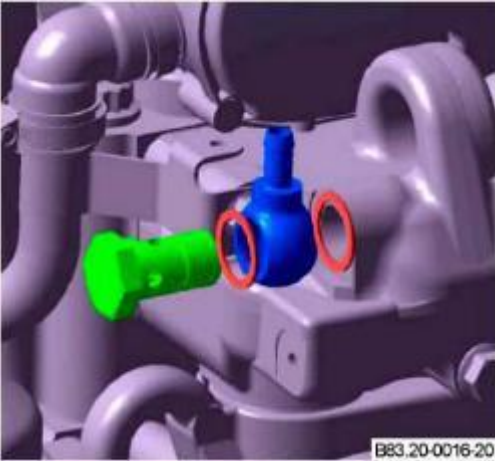
The chassis can be equipped from the factory with a special version (SA) "Preparation for the installation of the heating system", since the programming is done at Daimler Buses India plant.

Below you can see the arrangement of outlet points and heater water return of the engine for the heating system:

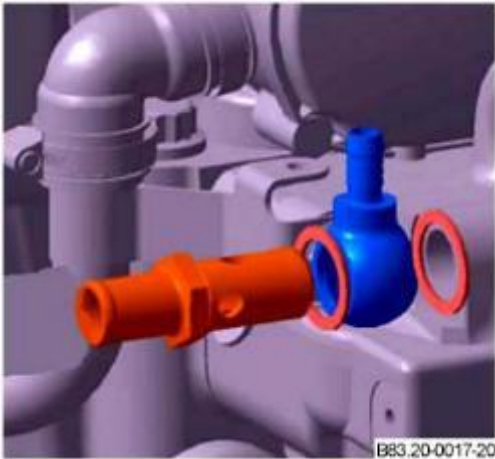


Arrangement of the space heating tap

18 Climate control  
18.2 Heating system



Hollow bolt



Connecting Plug

The chassis have in the engine front end a coolant outlet for the space heating system. For vehicles that will have heating, the hot water intake should derivate exclusively from this connection.

- 1. For the tapping of hot coolant for space heating, it will be necessary the body builder's action in
- 2. the replacement of the hollow bolt (**A000 997 56 01**) for the space heating connection (**A904 997 00 72**) and the sealing rings (**N000 000 00 10 72**) that will have to be procured in the Daimler Buses authorized Dealership.
- 3. Apply 40±4Nm tightening torque on the heating connection after the final assembly.
- 4. Follow the heating system assembling according to project specific of each body builder.

**Tab10- Components for the hot water heater outlet**

| Component                        | Part no           | Quantity |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Hollow bolt(Replace)             | A000 997 56 01    | 1 Part   |
| Sealing ring(Replace)            | N000 000 00 10 72 | 2 Part   |
| Engine Deceleration eyelet(Keep) | A001 990 86 88    | 1 Part   |
| Heating connection(include)      | A904 997 00 72    | 1 Part   |

## 18 Climate control

### 18.2 Heating system



Return of the heating coolant

The coolant will have to be replenished following instructions in 3.22.2 Regulation of the coolant - A – in Body building Directives General Part.

To eliminate air from the system, the following procedure should be adopted:

1. After refueling the system, let the engine operate for approximately 10 minutes.
2. Check the coolant level and refuel if necessary.

## 19 Maintenance accesses

### 19.1 Maintenance accesses

The Body Builder must foresee in the projects, the free access for the maintenance services (lubrication, repairs, adjustments, etc.), as well as making possible the removal and installation of any component of the vehicle, such as engine, transmission, etc.

Bodybuilder must foresee also easy access to check refuel level of the coolant expansion reservoir, power steering fluid reservoir and clutch operation system.

Whenever necessary, the Body Builder should install removable covers and/or lids that make possible the easy execution of the several maintenance and repair services in the vehicle (for example: access cover to the upper part of the transmission).

#### **Arrangement of the Inspection and Maintenance Covers**

In the figures below, we give examples of the external and internal covers for the focused chassis. The dimensions must ensure easy access for the inspection and maintenance of the vehicle.

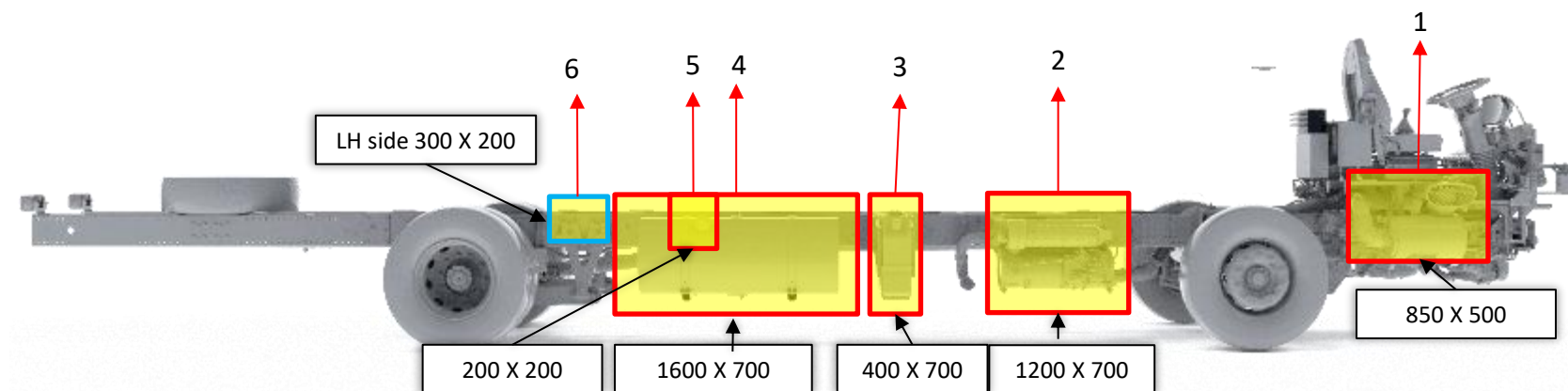
The Body Builder must install means of access to the Radiators, expansion tank, fuel filter, steering system reservoir, clutch fluid reservoir and other reservoirs, as well as making easy to see the air filter restriction indicator. If it is not possible the access from the front part, provide internal access covers.

#### **Note:**

The vehicles equipped with optional items (for example, retarder, automatic transmission, and fuel tank) must have covers that enable easy access for maintenance.

## 19 Maintenance accesses

### 19.1 Maintenance accesses

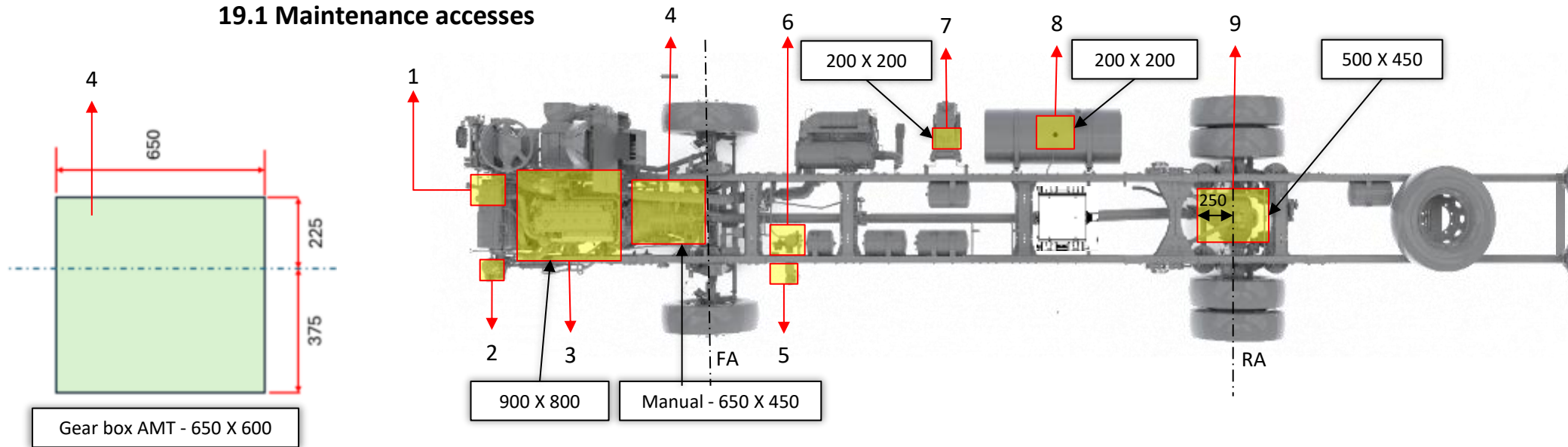


Inspection and maintenance covers for OF 1624/1824/1924

- 1 Air filter (800X450)
- 2 ATS system
- 3 AdBlue® Tank filler neck
- 4 Fuel reservoir
- 5 Fuel reservoir filler neck
- 6 Retarder connection access cutout

## 19 Maintenance accesses

### 19.1 Maintenance accesses



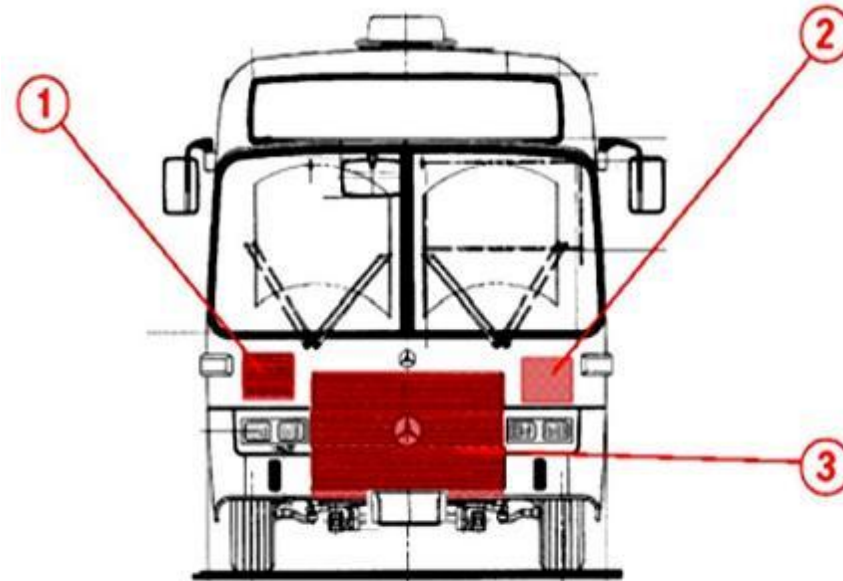
Inspection and maintenance covers min. dimensions #All dimensions are in mm (Length X Width)

Expansion tank/reservoirs/engine filters - Reservoirs such as clutch fluid, coolant, steering oil, windscreen washer fluid etc. must have proper access to visually inspect the levels (Max and Min marks must be properly visible). The cut-outs/ flaps must have adequate space for filling and draining.

1. Radiator tank
2. Power steering oil reservoir
3. Engine
4. Gearbox (650X450 for Manual & 650X600 for AMT)
5. Water separator/Fuel filter
6. APU
7. Ad-Blue reservoir float
8. Fuel reservoir float - Provision for removal of fuel gauge float unit must be provided.
9. Rear axle (Cut out must be positioned at the center of the V-rod fixation)

## 19 Maintenance accesses

### 19.1 Maintenance accesses



Accesses for inspection and maintenance

900.00-0079-11

Access to pedals, clutch fluid reservoir - Adequate space for access to all the three pedals for play adjustments must be provided

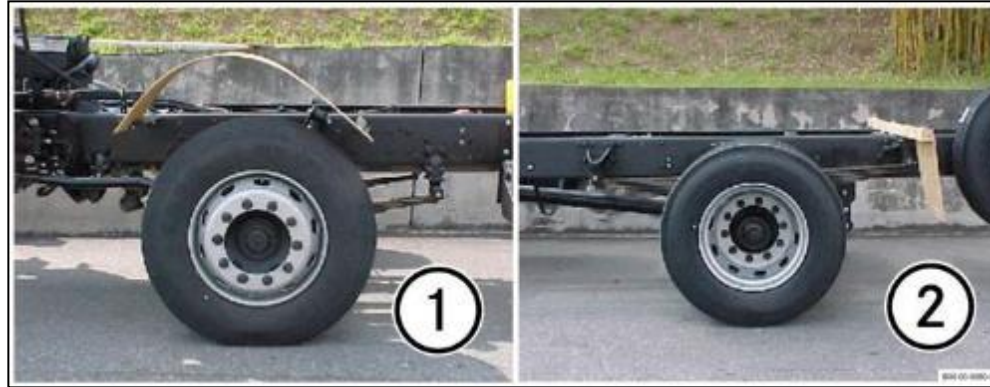
1. Access to Clutch fluid reservoir
2. Access to Power steering reservoir
3. Access to radiators

Access covers exclusive for the leaf spring eyelets, pneumatic system valves set, fuel filters and engine lubricating oil, etc. are not necessary however, the access for the maintenance of these components and other mechanic and electric components of the chassis must be foreseen.

## 19 Maintenance accesses

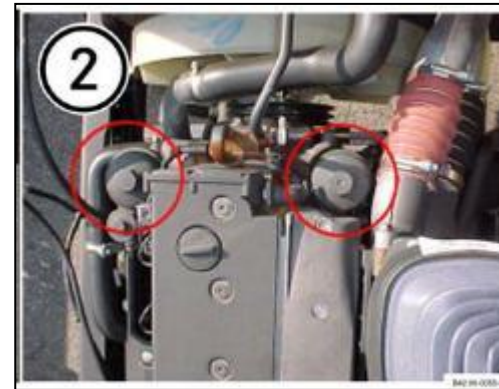
### 19.1 Maintenance accesses

Access must be preserved for the mechanical springs, dampers , greasing points and other chassis components



1. Front axle
2. Rear axle

Access to chassis components



1. Access to the pneumatic valves assembly
2. Access to the engine filters (engine oil and fuel)

Access to valves and filters

## 19 Maintenance accesses

### 19.1 Maintenance accesses

**Foresee access to the batteries, according to the body arrangement.**

Poles, connectors and/or cables of the batteries and supports must not contact the body and/or its components during the installation and assembly to avoid possible short circuits, and consequently the risk of fire. It is necessary to isolate the poles, connectors and cables of the batteries.

- Access cover for spare tire – Tire compartment and a top hinged hatch should be provided by the bodybuilder to facilitate easy removal and refitting of the tire from the exterior.

## 20 Thermal acoustic insulation

### 20.1 Thermal insulation

!

There are no specific information related to the subject for these chassis.

For general information on the correct execution of the body building, refer to the manual Guidelines for Body Building - **“General Manual” Chapter 3.17 Thermal acoustic isolation.**

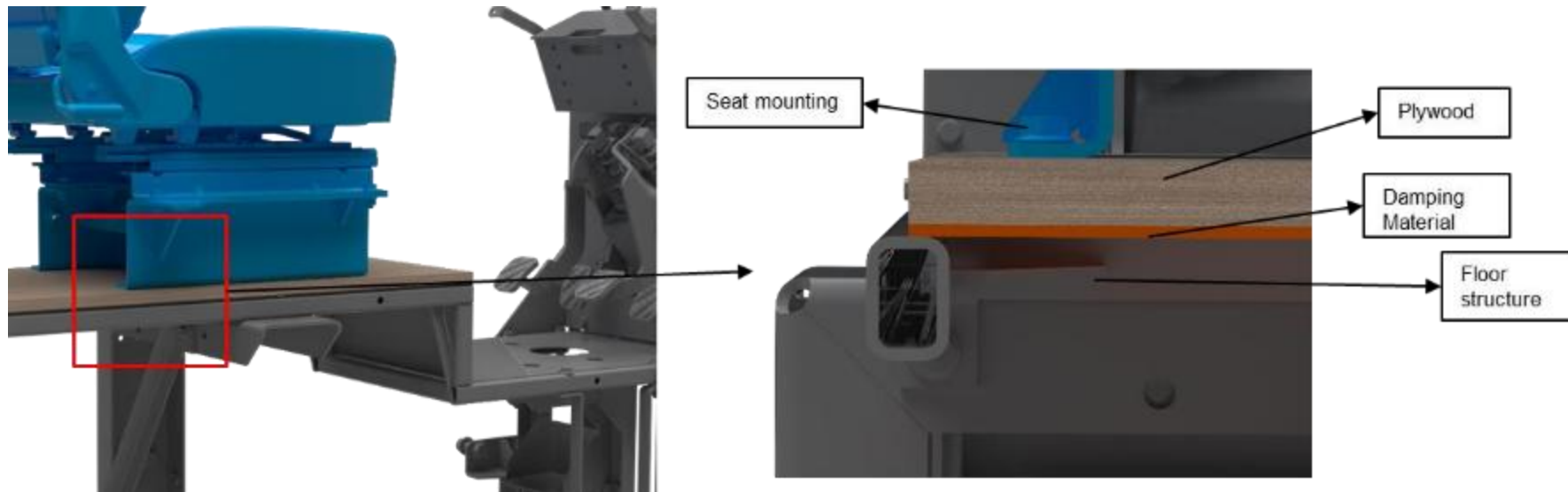
## 20 Thermal acoustic insulation

### 20.1 Thermal acoustic insulation

!

There are no specific information related to the subject for these chassis.

For general information on the correct execution of the body building, refer to the manual Guidelines for Body Building - **"General Manual" Chapter 3.17 Thermal acoustic isolation.**



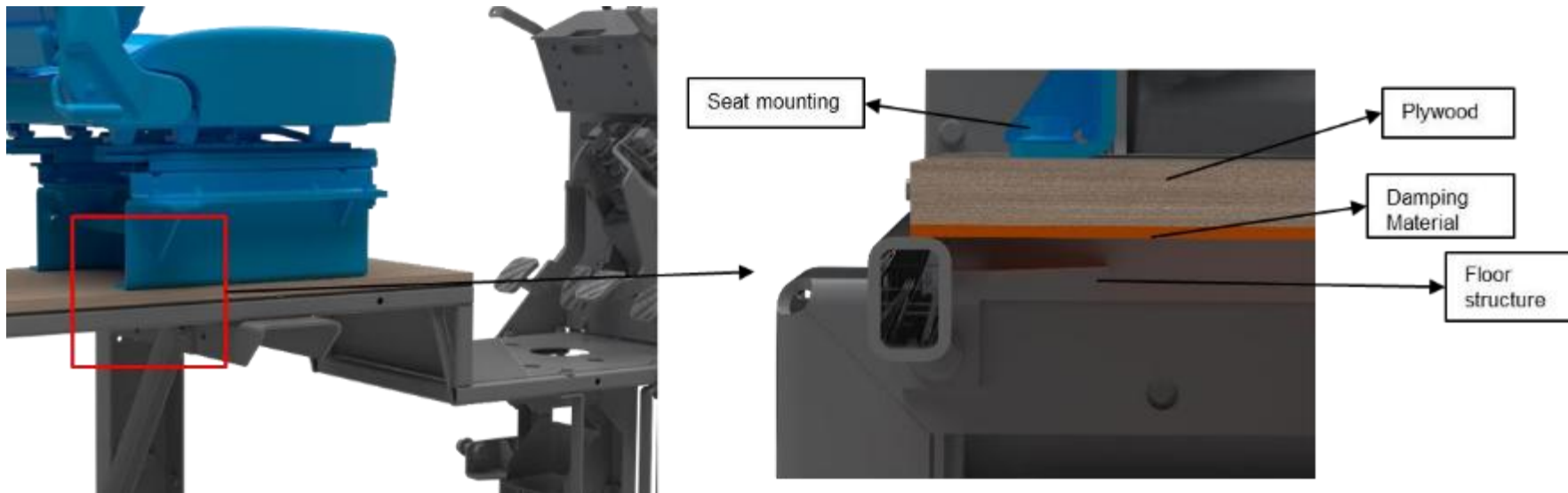
## 20 Thermal acoustic insulation

### 20.2 acoustic insulation

It is Recommended that Proper Damping of the Floor and Bus Body interior panels to avoid any additional vibrations propagating to the passenger area.

Damping of Plywood in the driver cockpit is Mandatory and should be followed as per below instruction.

- The vibration damping material of height 3mm (min) to be added between floor structure and plywood.
- The installation/application of damping material is mandatory in the driver cabin floor.
- Examples of vibration damping materials are (as per bodybuilder options) o EPDM rubber o Sealant
  - If sealant is applied, it is mandatory that the adequate time for curing is ensured that the layer is (min)3mm thick.



## 21 Ergonomics

### 21.1 Driver's seat

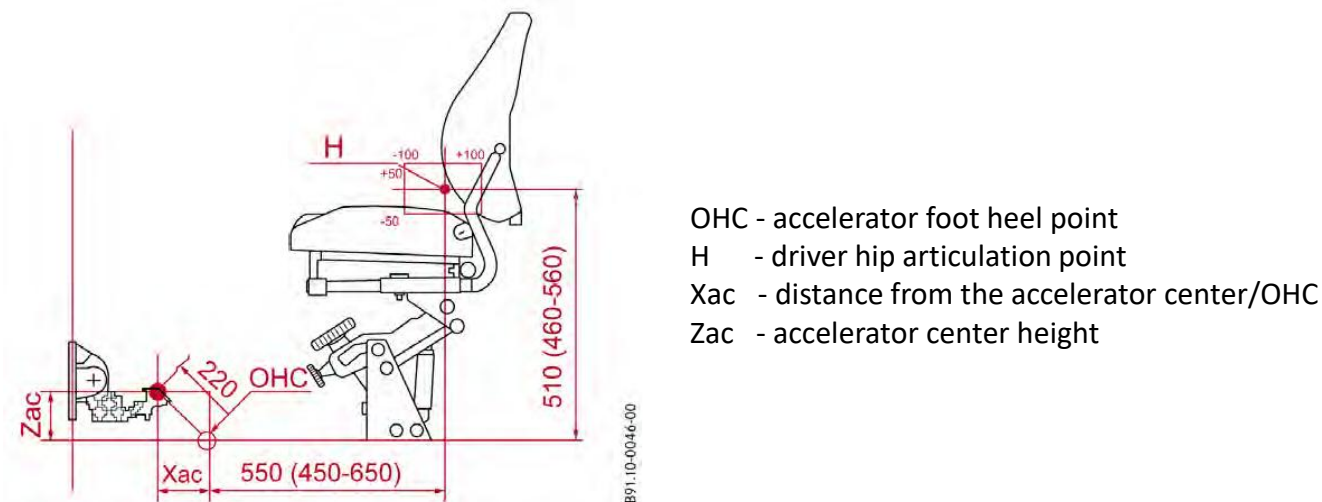
For the correct positioning of any seat model, the Body Builder must use as reference the x and z distances between the OHC (accelerator foot heel point) and the H point (driver's hip articulation), as established in the ergonomic requirements of vehicles standards (ISO/DIS 16121-1 Standard: Road vehicles – Ergonomic requirements for driver's workplace in line-service buses).

The figure indicates the horizontal and vertical distances recommended for the driver's seat, using as reference the center of the accelerator pedal and the H point of the seat.

The seat suppliers must inform in the technical drawings the x and z coordinates of the H point in relation to the fastening points of the seats, as well as the seat travel settings.

It is important to emphasize that the ISO/DIS 16121-1 standard establishes as minimum seat travel settings, 200mm for the horizontal and 100mm for the vertical travel setting.

The positioning shown below is valid only for seats with settings equal or greater than these.



Driver's seat Ergonomics

## 21 Ergonomics

### 21.1 Driver's seat

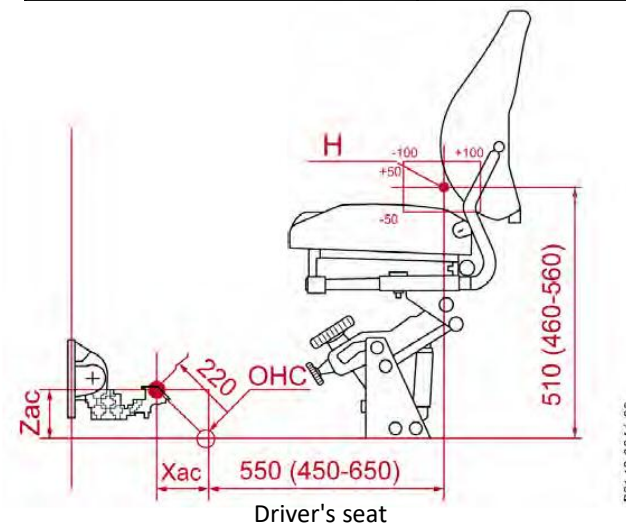
**OHC** : Vehicle floor point measured 220 mm far from the accelerator center.

**H** : The seat suppliers must inform the Body Builders the correct H point positioning.

**Zac** : Accelerator height.

**Zac** : Varies according to the body floor between 100 and 120 mm, and this is why the Xac dimension may also vary.

| Zac | Xac |
|-----|-----|
| 100 | 173 |
| 120 | 160 |



OHC - accelerator foot heel point  
H - driver hip articulation point  
Xac - distance from the accelerator center/OHC  
Zac - accelerator center height

## 21 Ergonomics

### 21.2 Instruments cluster

The instrument cluster is supplied in the chassis in an ergonomically adequate position, and the Body Builder must use definitive supports to install the instrument cluster in the body.

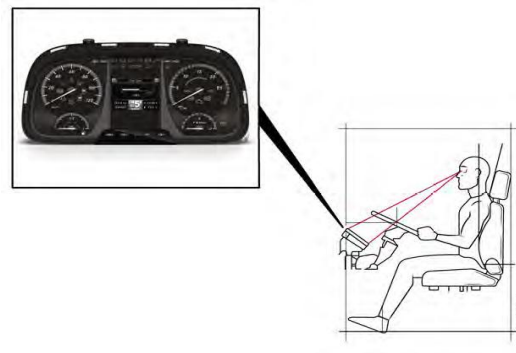
The Body Builder should observe the following items when positioning the instrument cluster in the vehicles according to the geometry:

The Body Builder must ensure that the adopted positioning makes possible to see adequately, in all the steering wheel adjustment conditions, all the instrument cluster elements, including the indicator lamps. The line of sight cannot be cut by the rim or by the central region of the steering wheel.

The inclination of the panel should be  $62.5^{\circ}$  to eliminate the possibility of reflections due to the curvature of the front lens.

If it is necessary for the Body Builder to reposition the instrument cluster, its displacement must be carried out exclusively in the center line of the average height driver's view point, keeping its  $62.5^{\circ}$  inclination.

As a suggestion, the instrument cluster may be embedded in the trim piece. The instrument cluster painting is recommended to be made in black color to avoid reflection. Align the centers between the instrument cluster, steering wheel and driver's seat.

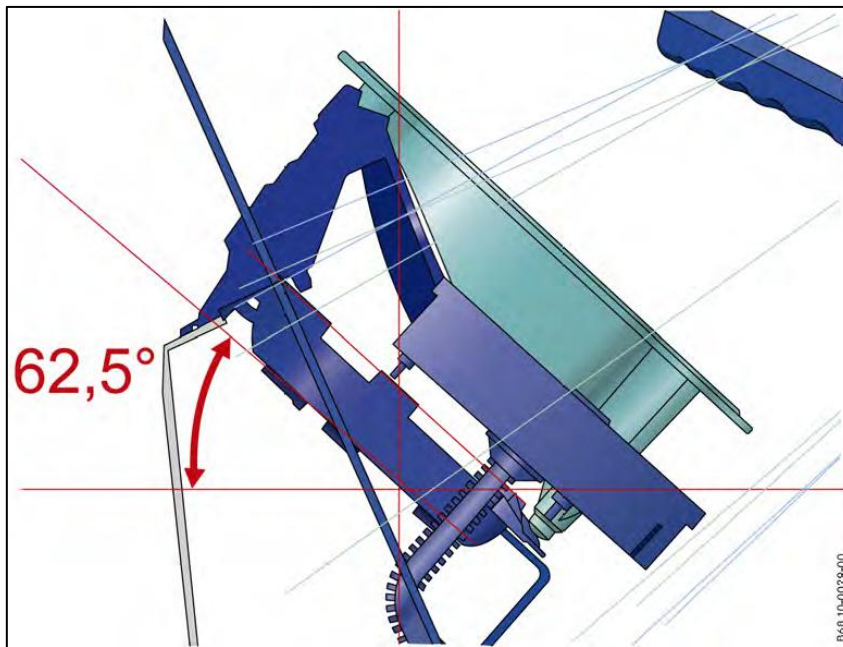


Instrument cluster

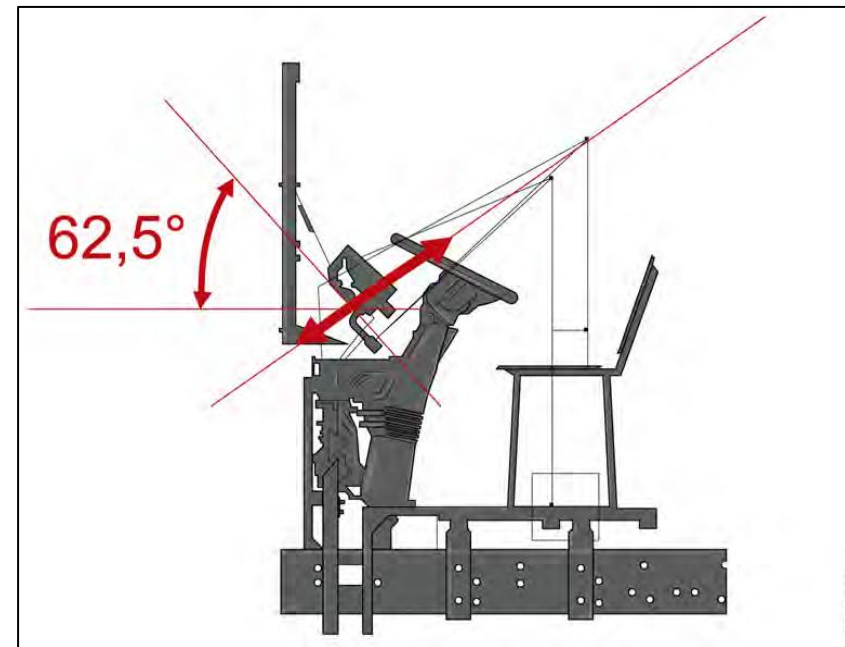
## 21 Ergonomics

### 21.2 Instruments cluster

The inclination of the instrument cluster will have to be of  $62.5^\circ$  to eliminate the possibility of reflexes from the front lens curvature.



Instrument cluster inclination



Instrument cluster inclination

## **21 Ergonomics**

### **21.3 Gearshift lever**



The chassis are supplied with the gearshift lever installed in the definitive place, no adjustment/Modification for the Gear Lever settings.

## 23 Procedures for the chassis transport

OF Chassis are prepared for normal road traffic and with the necessary equipment according to urban and road traffic regulations, The max. speed of driving should not be exceeded 40kmph.

### Important:

When perform loading and unloading maneuvering in semi-trailers, the vehicle must not exceed the speed of 20 km/h.

### Chassis Towing

The first and last cross members of the chassis are not prepared aiming at being used in direct towing operations. The Body Builder must assemble a mechanism appropriate for this purpose, according to its operational needs, foreseeing the adaptation to the body.

### Important:

For towing a chassis with automatic gearbox, the drive shaft must be disconnected. See chapter “Automated Manual Transmission gearbox”  page 69.



The chassis must be parked in a flat floor place, avoiding possible twists that may cause permanent deformations in its structure.

The chassis have plastic covers for the protection of the instrument cluster, electrical center, batteries, and other electric and electronic components.

If such covers are removed during the transfer of the vehicle, take care for them to be put again and be correctly fastened to avoid damages to the mentioned electric and electronic components.

For further information, refer to the manual Guidelines for Body Building - “General Manual”, chapter 3.6 Chassis transportation.

# Electric and Electronic part

## Contents

- Introduction
- Body building process –Disassembly & assembly of WH
- Podest & surrounding EE systems
- Combined instrument panel
- Electric center (ECU, Fuse, Relays...)
- Diagnostic plug
- Connector main board
- Body-chassis interface
- Ground point, battery compartment
- MR control unit/alternator

## 1.Official approval

### 1.1 Dimensions

**Tab- OF technical data – Standard (Non-Retarder chassis)**

|                 | Standard             |      |      |          |
|-----------------|----------------------|------|------|----------|
| Model           | 1624                 | 1824 | 1924 | 1926 AMT |
| Nominal voltage | 24 volts             |      |      |          |
| Battery         | 2 x 12 Volts, 200 Ah |      |      |          |
| Alternator      | 1 x 100 A            |      |      |          |
| Starter Motor   | 5,5 kW               |      |      |          |
| Fuses           | Safety fuses         |      |      |          |
| Horn            | 335 Hz               |      |      |          |

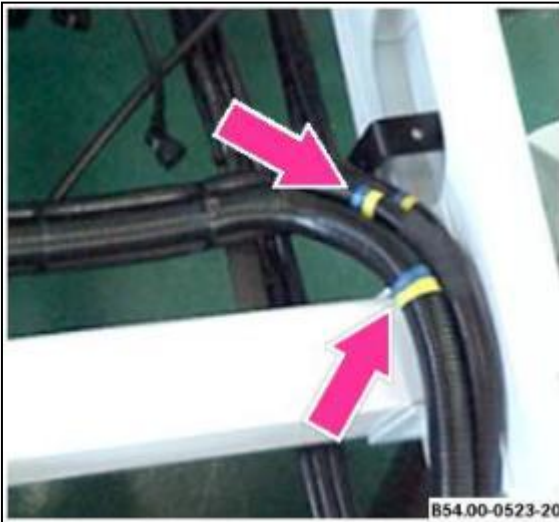
**Tab- OF technical data – Optional (Retarder chassis)**

|            | Optional             |      |      |          |
|------------|----------------------|------|------|----------|
| Model      | 1624                 | 1824 | 1924 | 1926 AMT |
| Battery    | 2 x 12 Volts, 200 Ah |      |      |          |
| Alternator | 2 x 100 A            |      |      |          |
| Fuses      | Safety fuses         |      |      |          |

## 2.Body building Process

### 2.1 Disassembly of modules and wiring harnesses

#### 2.1.1 Preventing damage to electrical systems (General)



Fixing point on cross member

- All electronic modules are to be removed before starting the process of bodybuilding.
- All electronic modules must be placed away from, and protected against dust, soldering work (high temperatures, high electric current), paint and anti-corrosive agents.
- Because of the specific parametrization per chassis FZ, the electronic modules must not be swapped.
- Wiring harness must be protected against Welding splash, cutting or drilling operations.
- No electric wiring harness is to be cut, because it has been designed with enough length for the bodybuilding, if it become necessary to increase its length, it must be consulted prior with BBA, Daimler Buses India.
- Use wire gauges that are compatible with the loads to be installed.
- In the case of complementation or maintenance, do not modify the original vehicle wiring. Maintain the same wire gage in the case of a repair. Do not make direct connections by eliminating relays or other components, because these procedures may jeopardize the vehicle's complete installation
- In the process of bodybuilding care needs to be exercised in the protection of the electric wiring harnesses, from welding and high temperature, in order not to be damaged and causing short circuit.
- The new routing of the wire sets should be carefully executed in order to avoid their passage through areas with sharp edges or high-temperature regions so that their insulation is not damaged.
- Wire harnesses have “fixing points” along their length. These fixing points are colored marks to indicate the areas through which the wiring is to be directed. This feature is helpful during assembly and for standardizing wire lengths.

### Preventing damage to electrical systems

- The earth of electrical consumers does not return via the vehicle frame (current- free frame), but via the earthing points on the frame connected by wires.
- Incorrect supply voltage polarization can destroy the control units.
- Never start the engine unless the battery is securely connected (battery terminals tightened).
- The engine can be jumpstarted from another vehicle's battery, if the battery is flat. Observe vehicle Operating Instructions. Do not use quick-chargers for jump-starting.
- Only tow-start the vehicle when the battery is connected.
- Quick charge batteries only after disconnecting them from the bus electrical system. Both positive and negative terminals must be disconnected. Observe vehicle operating Instructions.
- Do not remove or connect control unit connectors while batteries are connected.
- Cables which are routed near the exhaust system must have fire-resistant sheathing.
- Route cables avoiding chafing points, particularly at joints and sharp edges. If necessary, use wiring ducts or conduit.
- The body-building support department must be contacted if the retrofitting of a battery isolating switch is needed.
- To take measurements in the electrical system use suitable test lines.
- The chassis wiring can not be enlarged without permission of the body-building support(BBS) department.

### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- Electrical interference occurs in vehicle electrical circuits because of the various consumers. Electrical and electronic devices built in to the bus must demonstrate or guarantee electromagnetic compatibility and resistance to interference between themselves and also in respect of devices located outside the vehicle. Non-observance of this requirement may result in the vehicle's operating permit being invalidated (EUDirective2004/104/EC).
- The electromagnetic compatibility of electrical and electronic systems being retrofitted must have been granted type approval in accordance with EC Directive95/54/EEC and must bear the "e"mark.

## 2.Body building Process

### 2.2 Fuel system

Fuel tank and filler must be designed so as to prevent electrostatic energy on their entire surface (EU Directive 70/221 EEC). Make sure the filler is connected to the metal chassis structure by means of an appropriate ground connection rod.

For OF chassis it is not necessary to any alterations for electrostatic discharge.

### 2.3 Fuel sensor



Not applicable.

### 3. Podest

#### 3.1 Combined instrument

Consists of the combined instrument, tachograph which is an independent instrument is applicable only for Euro3/4/5 variants, main light switch and press button switches.

The components are secured to a support bracket so their transportation can be safely carried out preventing mechanical damage and/or short-circuits.

To inhibit weather action (water, dust and sunshine), the dashboard is protected with a cover that has to be kept in place from the final Daimler Buses India.. inspection up to the beginning of the bodybuilding.

It is extremely important that the cover continues to be used to protect the instruments, switches, accelerator pedal and steering wheel against water and dust infiltration during the period the vehicle is being transported or while it is parked in the yard.

!

Protect electric electronics equipment with protective covers. Never remove the protection covers before body building.

## 3.Podest

| Drw.Pos: | Description:                    | Daimler ID: | Color:      |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1        | Traction Control                | L14         | Amber       |
| 2        | ABS                             | L32         | Amber       |
| 3        | ESP                             | L102        | Amber       |
| 4        | Tire Failure                    | L112/L113   | Amber/Red   |
| 5        | Worn Brake Linings              | L83         | Amber       |
| 6        | Activate Brake                  | L47         | Amber       |
| 7        | Left Turn                       | L1          | Green       |
| 8        | Left Turn Trailer               | L3          | Green       |
| 9        | Rear axle second speed          | L174        | Green       |
| 10       | Passenger Stop                  | L173        | Green       |
| 11       | Right Turn Trailer              | L4          | Green       |
| 12       | Right Turn                      | L2          | Green       |
| 13       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 14       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 15       | Engine protection (engine stop) | L171        | Red         |
| 16       | General Red Warning             | L129        | Red         |
| 17       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 18       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 19       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 20       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 21       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 22       | Tachograph                      | L111        | Amber       |
| 23       | General Yellow Warning          | L136        | Amber       |
| 24       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 25       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 26       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 27-28    | Fuel/Low Fuel                   | L105/L38    | White/Amber |
| 29       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 30       | ABA Off                         | L103        | Amber       |
| 31       | ESP Off                         | L101        | Amber       |
| 32       | Low Air                         | L104/L6     | Amber/Red   |
| 33       | High Beam                       | L15         | Blue        |
| 34       | Not used                        |             |             |
| 35       | Photo Sensor                    |             |             |
| 36       | Parking Brake                   | L7          | Red         |
| 37       | Low Beam                        | L16         | Green       |
| 38       | MIL                             | L8          | Amber       |
| 39       | DPF                             | L13/L100    | Amber/Red   |
| 40       | Driver Inducement               | L114        | Amber       |
| 41       | Regen DPF                       | L11         | Green       |
| 42       | Air pressure circuit 1          | L176/L175   | Red/White   |
| 43       | Air pressure circuit 2          | L178/L177   | Red/White   |
| 44-47    | AdBlue level 1-4                | L154-L157   | Blue        |

### 3.1 Instrument cluster for BS-VI

The instrument panel is a device combination of display and control systems, mounted on the dashboard.

The new combined instrument comprises the speedometer, rev counter, fuel gage, engine temperature gage, air pressure gage of the brake circuits, warning lights, diagnosis display and odometer display.

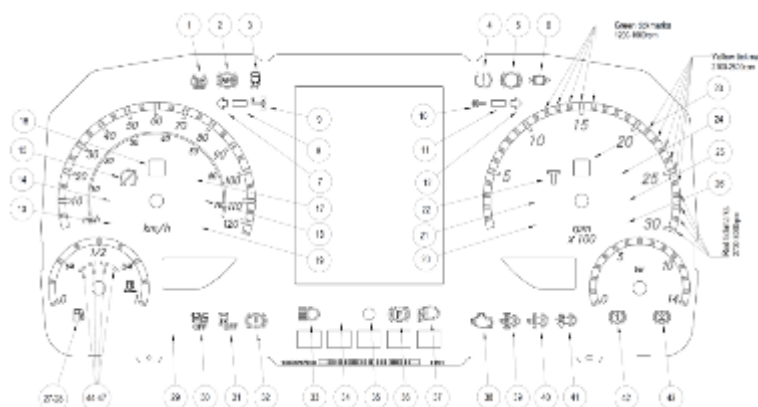
The information coming from the IES & CEEA -CAN is translated and displayed. The displays can be graphics, icons, shown individually or in combinations.

Furthermore, the audible signals (buzzers) in the instrument panel, the indicator lamps in the light panel and the function lighting for various switches are controlled from here.

Every fault in the electronic system is displayed with a message on the display. Depending on the priority of the fault, it can be displayed as yellow or red. An "On-Board". Diagnosis can be done via the OBD button.

Before the bodybuilding process, the combined instrument will have to be removed from the dashboard, and be placed in a location protected from dust, welding (high temperature, high current), enamel and anti-corrosive substances.

There must be a tracking system control, in the bodybuilding process, by means of the use of some identification label, as the same is parameterized with specific data of the vehicle, and it cannot be installed in another vehicle.



### 3.Podest

#### 3.2 Combined Instrument Cluster

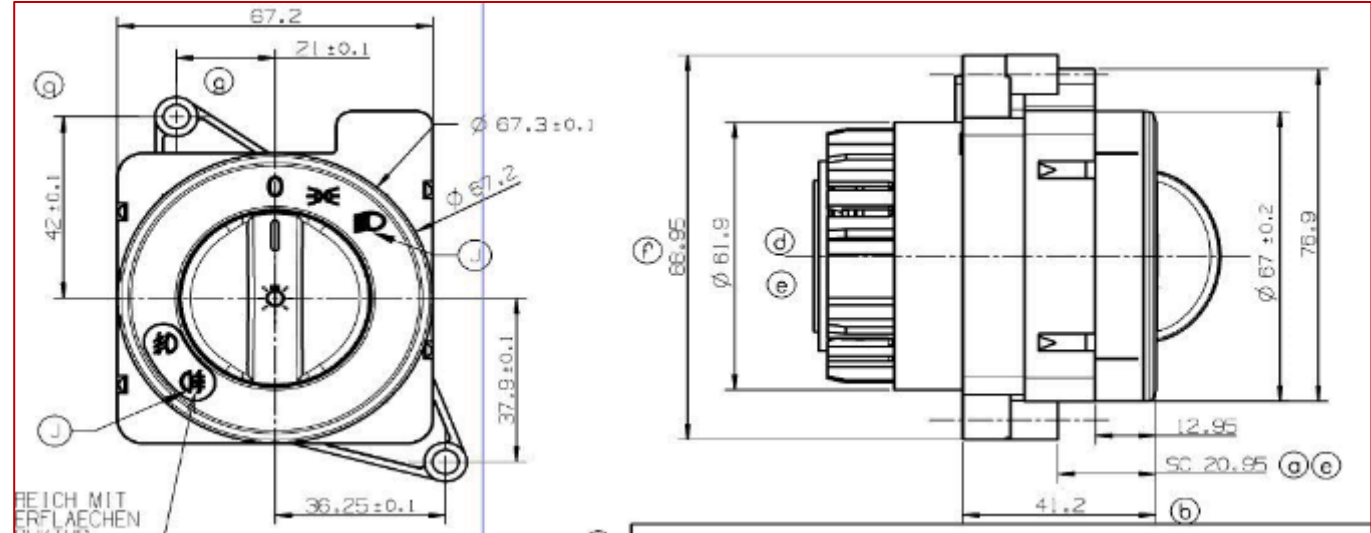
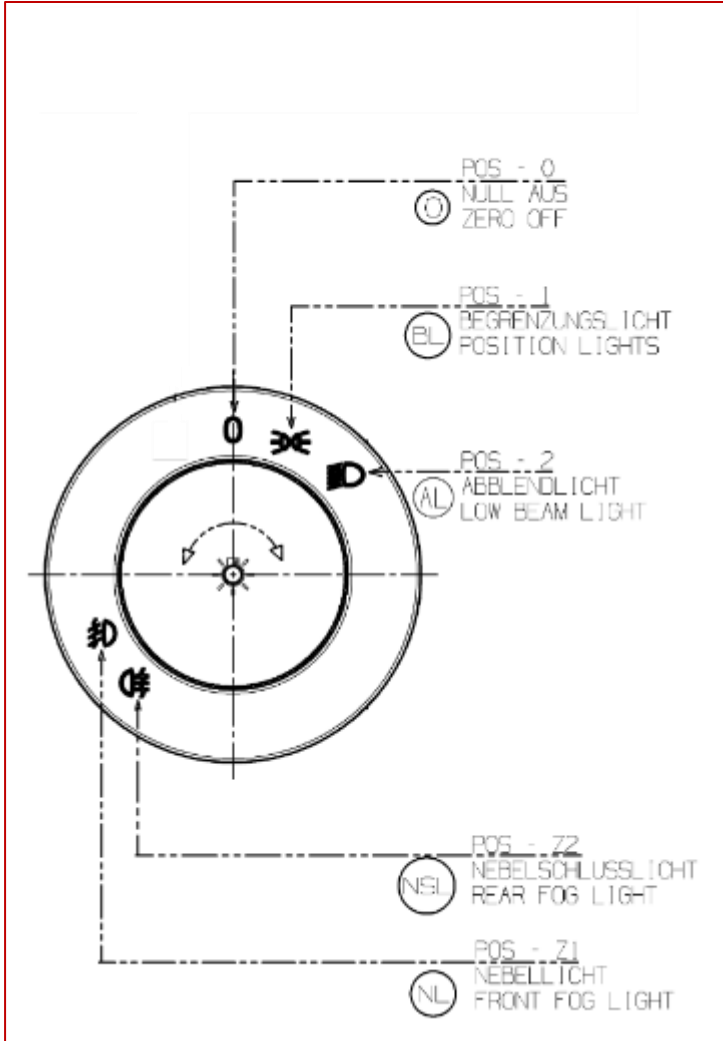
- Loosen the connectors, especially taking care with the dashboard's inner connector.
- Loosen the 4 screws from the instrument cluster.
- Keep the instrument cluster in a protected location until the body building is finished.
- Do not interchange the Instrument cluster because they have different configurations for each type of vehicle. It will cause the vehicle speed error



Disassemble the dashboard carefully and do not switch with other chassis VIN because it changes the calibration of the revolution meter and the speedometer.

## 3.Podest

### 3.3 Illumination Main Switch



### 3.Podest

#### 3.4 Combination switch for Chassis

The OF1624L Chassis uses a new Combination switch is mounted on the steering column, for activation of various lighting & wiping controls also the retarder.

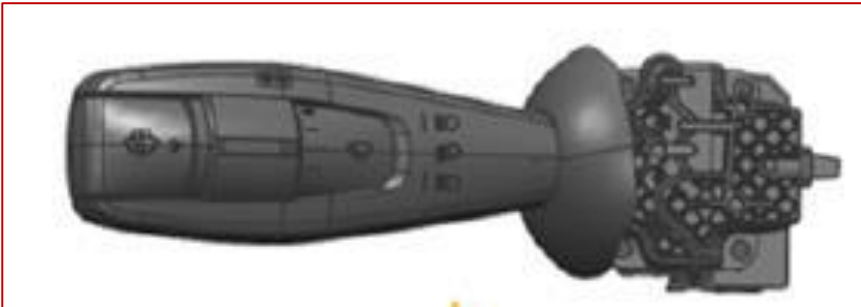
The switch can control the following accessories

**LH side combination switch functions:**

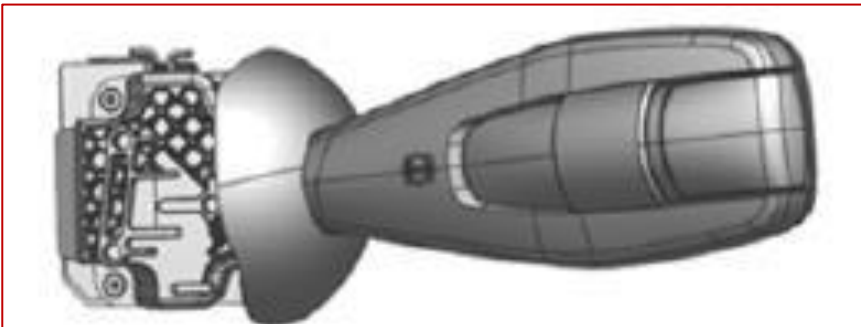
- 1 Turn Indicator RH
- 2 Turn Indicator LH
- 3 High Beam
- 4 Low beam
- 5 Pass Beam
- 6 Horn
- 7 Wiper intermittent
- 8 Wiper low speed
- 9 Wiper high speed
- 10 Wiper washer

**RH side combination lamps functions:**

1. Retarder activation



Combination switch LH



Combination switch RH

**Note:**

The pass by beam activates as long as the combination switch is held In the position .

## 3. Podest

### 3.4 Combination switch for Chassis



Turn Indicator

Move the combination switch to the position '1' to turn ON the right turn indicator, and to the position '2' to turn ON the left turn indicator.

#### Note :

Utilize only for setting the head lamp levelling of the switches. For the lighting connection of the bodybuilder keys the signal (KL 58a) is available in the spare connector for the bodybuilding X2811 (cavity 3).



Wiper

The wiper has two speeds (Low & High), which can be controlled by rotating the wiper control knob to attain the required speed.

Intermittent Wiping – 

Low Speed – I

High Speed - II

Washer  (To activate the automatic windshield wiping with water Push the wiping control knob towards 'A' position for the duration till washing is completed, so it can return to it's normal position automatically).

## 3.Podest

### 3.5 Combination switch for Transmission (AMT)

#### Drive Mode change :



#### Drive Direction Selection :



**Direction D** : Engagement to Forward Drive from Neutral

**Direction R** : Engagement to Reverse Drive from Neutral

**Direction N** : Engagement to Neutral from Forward/Reverse Drive

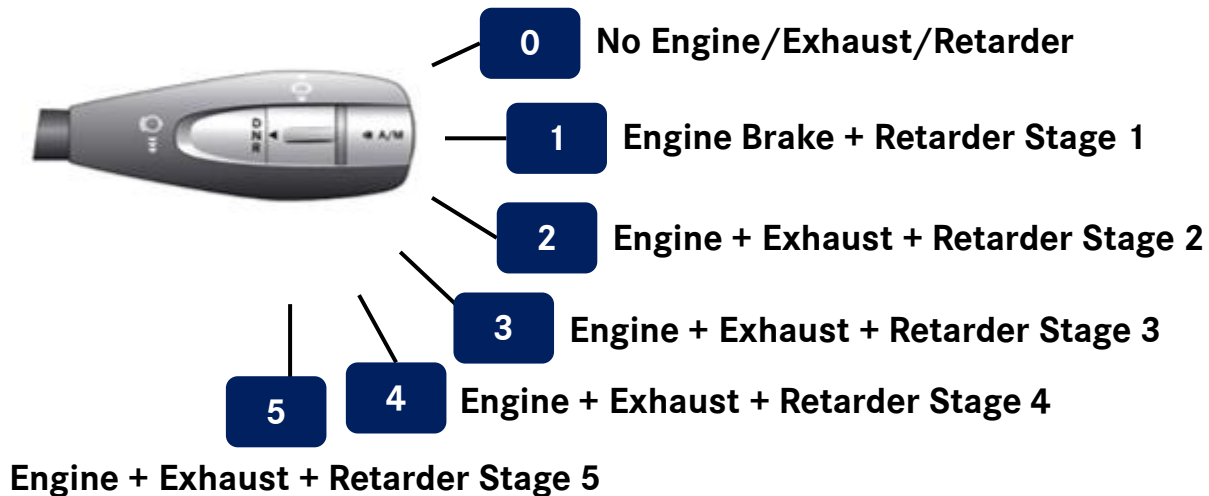
#### Important Instruction :

- Vehicle Start only in N position
- Drive direction change only happens in Vehicle Stand still condition & service brake needs to be pressed for engagement to reverse gear

### 3.Podest

#### 3.5 Combination switch for Exhaust, Engine or Retarder

#### Exhaust, Engine or Retarder – 5 Stages Switch:



#### Switch On:

- Pull the Stalk switch to the desired brake level
- Indicator lamp in the instrument cluster lights up.
- The braking effect of the continuous brake is lowest in position 1 and highest in position 5.

#### Switch off:

- Push the stalk switch to position 0
- Indicator lamp in the instrument cluster goes out

#### Important Instruction :

- When ABS (Anti-lock Braking System) intervenes, the continuous brake is switched off. The indicator lamp in the instrument cluster remains on

### 3.Podest

#### 3.5 Accelerator Pedal

The OF 1624 chassis are equipped with an electronic accelerator pedal. Its fastening is designed according to the driver's ergonomics, should be kept at original orientation.

Disconnect the electronic accelerator pedal during Welding work on the chassis to protect the electronic accelerator circuit.



Electronic accelerator pedal

!

Do not swap pedals, every pedal is calibrated in accordance with each chassis. A defective pedal must be replaced by a new one which has to be calibrated by means of the vehicle's instruments or by "Star Diagnosis" (diagnose equipment for Daimler vehicles).

!

The ignition must not be turned ON before connecting the accelerator pedal, otherwise an electronic module malfunction will be indicated by the instrument panel. To solve the problem, an authorized dealer or service station must be consulted.

### 3.Podest

#### 3.5 Tachograph

!

Not applicable.

### 3.Podest

#### 3.6 Star Point (CAN)

This is a CAN interconnection center between all electronic control units. This component is necessary to allow the electronic control units to share data.

It must be installed in a place of easy access for maintenance and must be protected from water, dust, welding (high temperatures), enamel and anti-corrosive substances.



Neutral point



### 3.Podest

#### 3.6 Star point (CAN)

##### 3.6.1 CAN System

The CAN system is defined as a data communication digital interface between electronic control units. It is a communication “network” that handles and distributes information and data control in real-time.

The CAN communication speed is “High speed” and with 5V tension. In order not to have loss of information between the modules, their distance to the “star point” is restricted to 2.5m. In case of welding jobs on the vehicle, all modules must be disconnected to avoid damage to the circuits.

**Note:**

The branching of the electric wiring harnesses are not to be spliced under any circumstances.

The purpose of the CAN system is to intelligently enhance data handling and acquisition, also reducing the number of connections and wires between the systems.

The CAN system permits the reduction of wires and increases the safety of the whole system.

The bodybuilder cannot manipulate the CAN. There are special pins, where the bodybuilder can obtain some specific signals.

The faults of the electronic system are displayed in the instrument cluster via the CAN. These faults are also saved. The faults that arise during the bodybuilding are to be removed from the memory. They can be erased on the instrument panel display. Enter the “Diagnosis” menu and click “Clear all events”.

### 3.Podest

#### 3.7 NR system

!

Not applicable.

### 3.Podest

#### 3.8 Converter

!

Not applicable.

### 3.Podest

#### 3.9 Flame start system

!

Not applicable.

### 3.Podest

#### 3.10 Horn

##### Location of the electric horn:

The final location of the horn is the bodybuilder's responsibility and has to ensure the spread of the sound, complying with the law in force in the country and protected from floods.



1



1 Electric horn

### 3.Podest

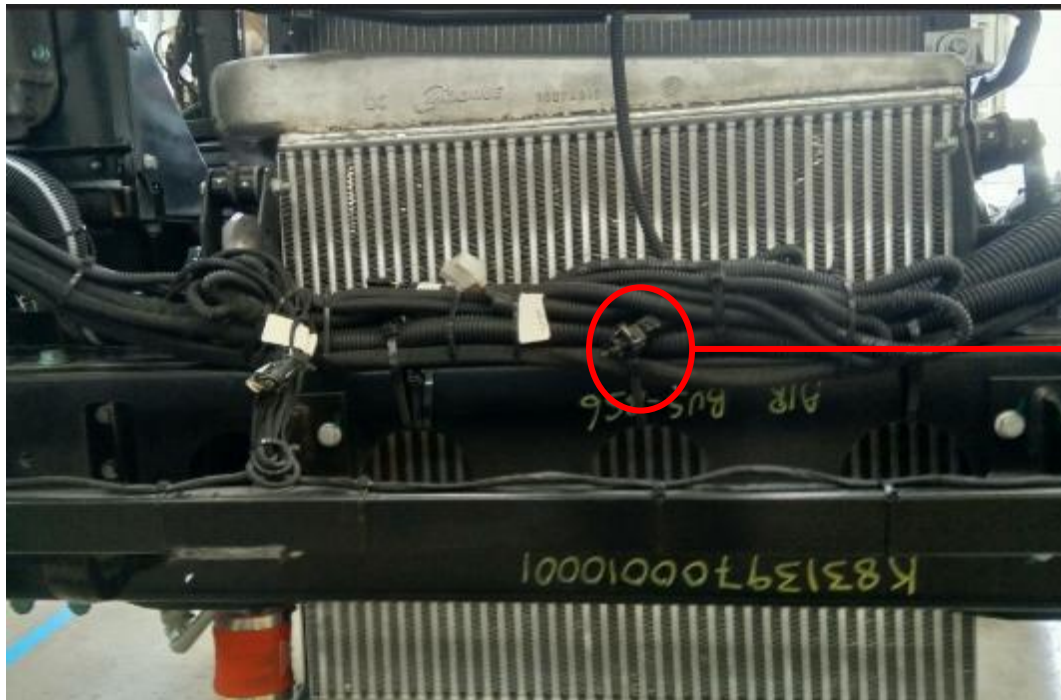
#### 3.11 Outside air temperature sensor

**Temporary location :**

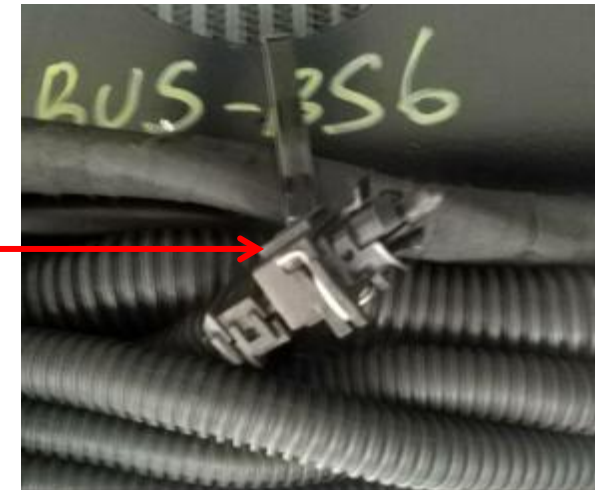
The outside air temperature sensor is located near driver Podest temporarily located at the first cross member with additional length of wire to reposition during bodybuilding process.

**Final mounting location :**

The Ambient Air temperature sensor will have to be relocated in the vehicle front where it is adequately exposed to ambient air and is easy to access during maintenance.



Ambient air temperature sensor Location



Ambient air temperature sensor

### 3.Podest

HDBus\_Phase1 Improvement

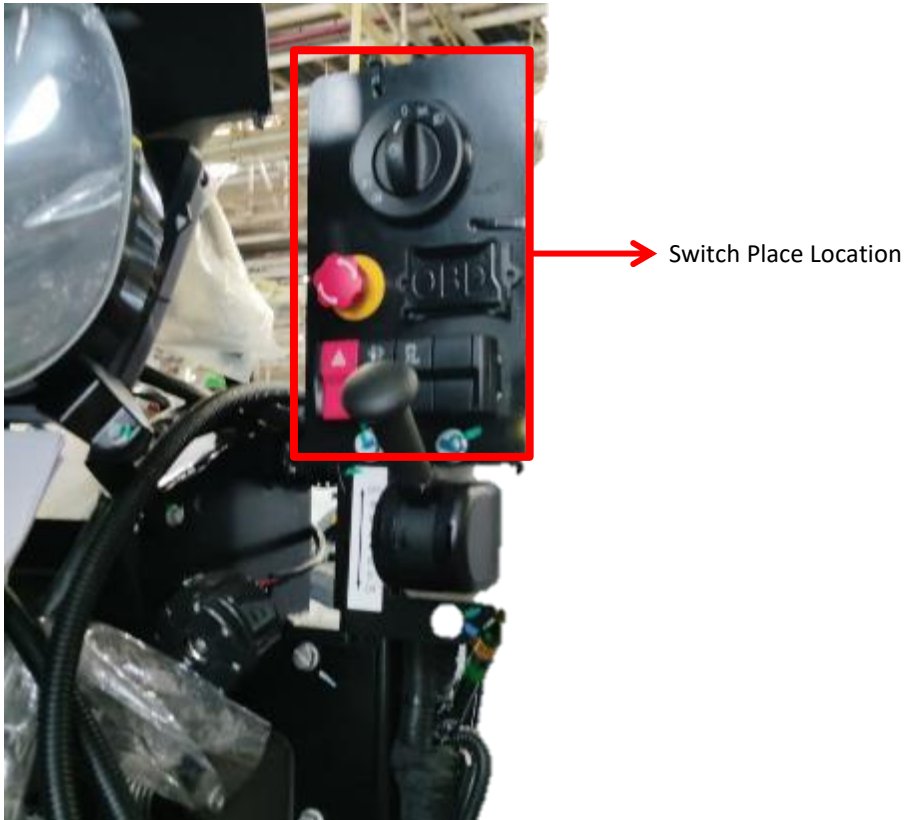
#### 3.12 Dashboard Switch Plate

**Temporary location :**

The Dashboard switches is located on driver Podest temporarily located at right side to instrument cluster with additional length of wire to reposition during bodybuilding process.

**Final mounting location :**

The Switch plate must be relocated in the final dashboard in the same place considering driver ergonomics.

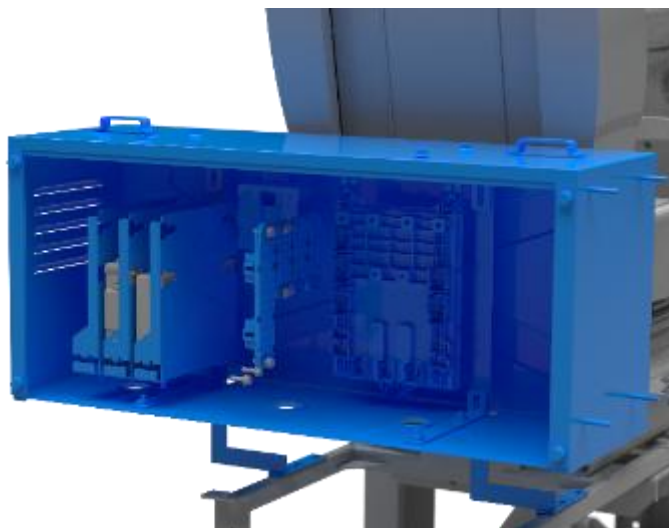


## 4. Electric Center

HDBus\_Phase1 Improvement

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

The OF BS VI Chassis are fitted with a rack for Electrical & Electronic Control Centre behind driver seat, it is necessary to reposition firmly the BOX from driver platform to Body structure or on the partition behind driver seat within available additional wiring harness length, however internal rack changes or reposition of ECU, Fuse box or interconnector board is not allowed.



BSVI Electronic control unit main cabinet



Electronic control unit main cabinet

The set of cables has an over-length, so that it is possible to place the electrical main panel on the side or behind the driver's seat and also at the roof or at the drivers entrance The control units are mounted separately from the main electrical panel. The cable set enables the assembly of the control units next to the driver's place (max. 4 meters from instrument cluster)

**Note:**

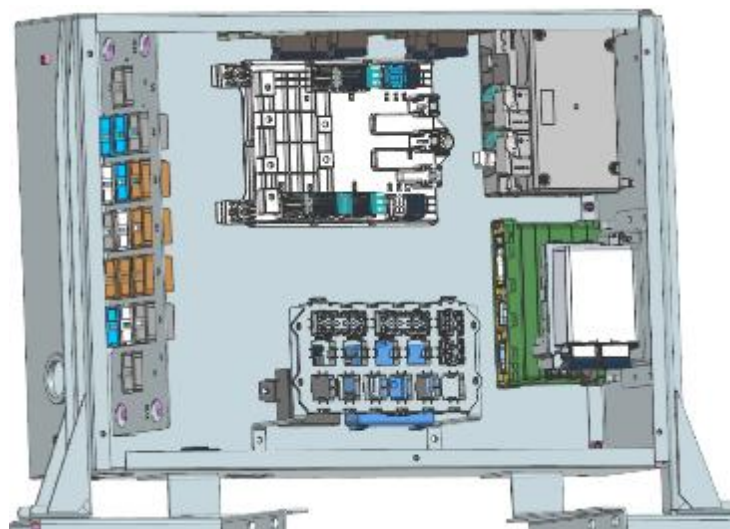
Kindly ensure the driver seat adjustment in back & Forth with reclining, the ECU cabinet or rack must not interfere with driver seat adjustment and must allow easy access to it's components during maintenance.  
it must be protected from water, dust & Hot temperature.

## 4. Electric Center

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

The OF BS VI Chassis are fitted with a rack for Electrical & Electronic Control Centre behind driver seat, it is necessary to reposition firmly the BOX from driver platform to Body structure or on the partition behind driver seat within available additional wiring harness length, however internal rack changes or reposition of ECU, Fuse box or interconnector board is not allowed.



BSVI Electronic control unit main cabinet

The set of cables has an over-length, so that it is possible to place the electrical main panel on the side or behind the driver's seat and also at the roof or at the drivers entrance The control units are mounted separately from the main electrical panel. The cable set enables the assembly of the control units next to the driver's place (max. 4 meters from instrument cluster)

**Note:**

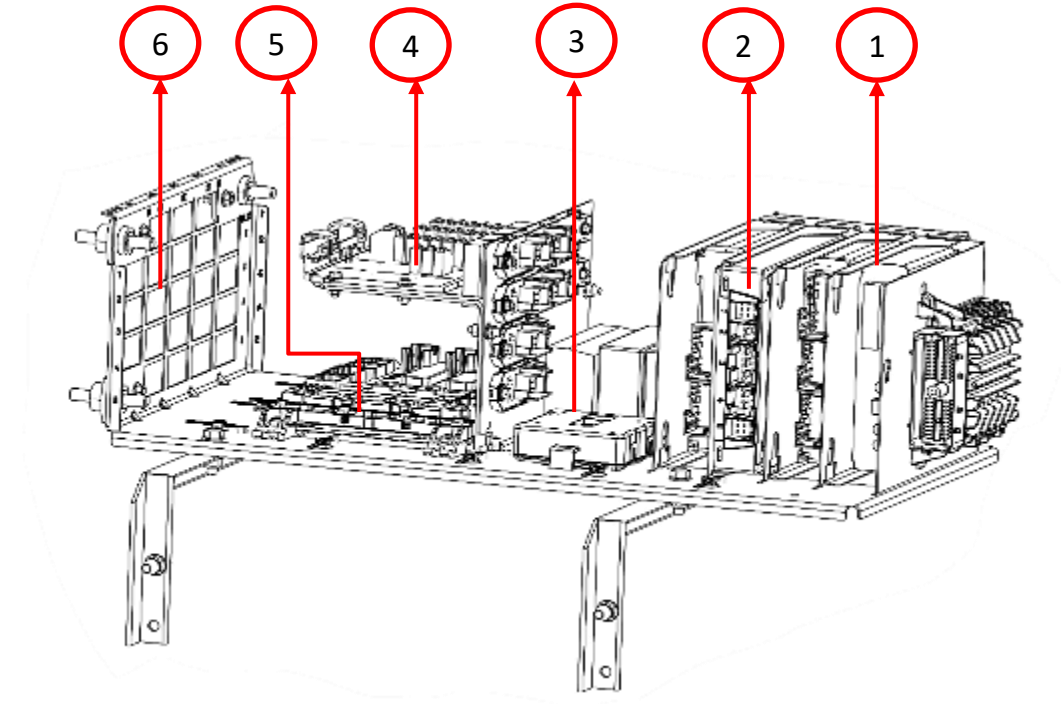
Kindly ensure the driver seat adjustment in back & Forth with reclining, the ECU cabinet or rack must not interfere with driver seat adjustment and must allow easy access to it's components during maintenance.  
it must be protected from water, dust & Hot temperature.

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

The Electronic Cabinet consist of

1. CPC ECU
2. ABS and EVSC ECU
3. CGW
4. Fuse mounting
5. ASAM ECU
6. Interconnector assembly



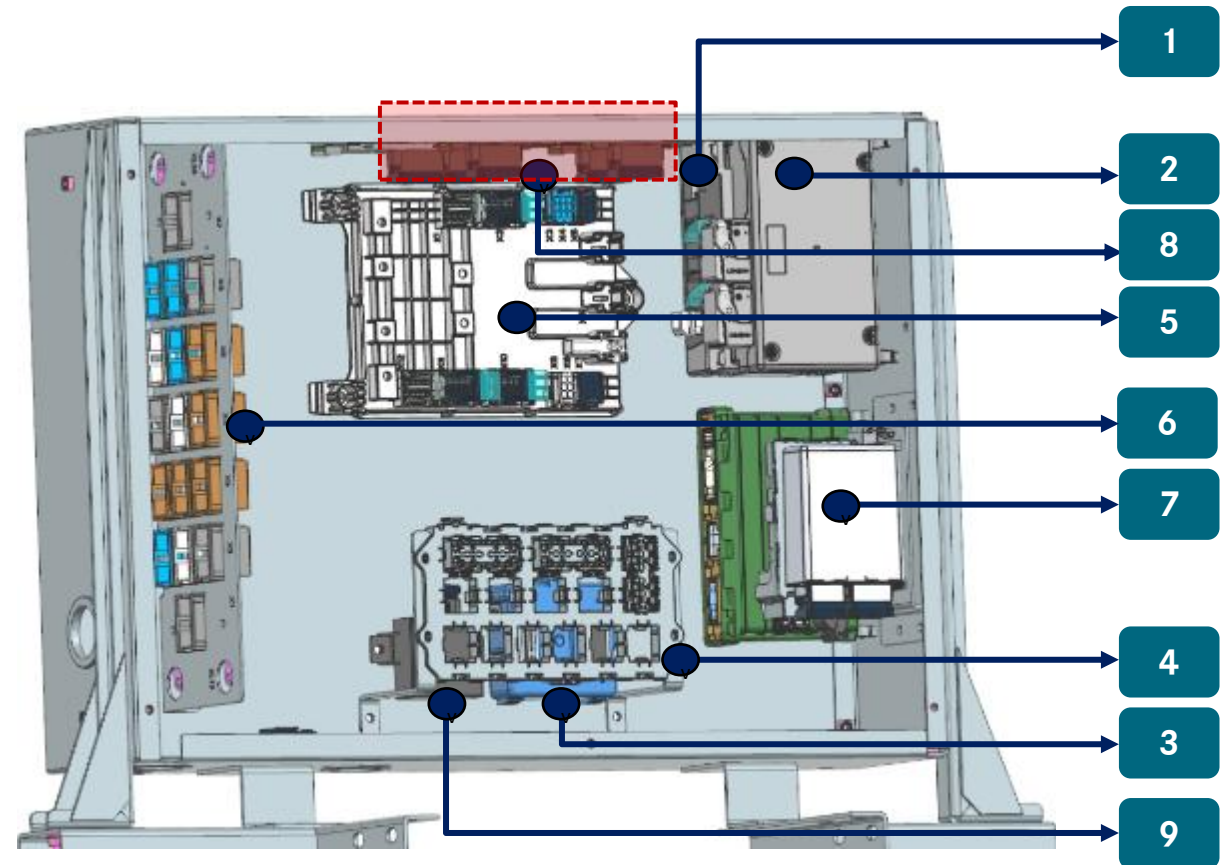
The CPC5 module is factory fitted on the chassis electrical rack

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

The Electronic Cabinet consist of

1. CPC ECU
2. ABS and EVSC ECU
3. CGW
4. Fuse mounting
5. ASAM ECU
6. Interconnector assembly
7. TPMS ECU
8. CAN Star points
9. Wiper controller



!

The CPC5 module is factory fitted on the chassis electrical rack

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

#### 4.1.1 CPC5 module



"CPC" ECU

The CPC5 module is **unique for BSVI variants** has been developed to establish the communication between the MR (PLD) engine management module and the several vehicle equipment.

The basic function of drive control (CPC) is to calculate and transmit the relevant engine target torque to the engine control unit (MCM). The control process is transmitted via the

"single-wire" engine CAN bus. The engine target torque is calculated according to the position of the electronic accelerator pedal sensor. Other required data or control intervention activities are sent by all authorized systems to the CPC via the vehicle IES-CAN.

Speed controllers, e.g. idle speed limiter or torque limiters can be configured in the drive control unit. The statutory speed limiter and convenience features for controlling the speed are integrated into the CPC. Various physical variable (e.g. outside temperature) are recorded for other systems (e.g. INS) and placed on the vehicle CAN bus.

#### Note:

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered. Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- Never measure the connections when they are on by using probes or cables ends. Never remove the connectors pulling them by the wires. After unlatching them, lift them out pulling at the same connector body.
- To remove the connector from the module, press the side latch and remove it. Never install additional equipment on the chassis "fuse-box" switch cabinet. The bodybuilder must install a second switch cabinet for the body.



The modules are to be installed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

#### 4.1.2 ABS Module

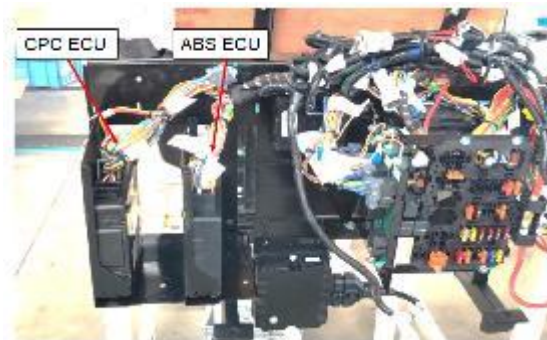
All OF chassis are equipped with ABS systems.

**Note:**

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered. Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- Never measure the connections when they are on by using probes or cables ends. Never remove the connectors pulling them by the wires. After unlatching them, lift them out pulling at the same connector body.
- To remove the connector from the module, press the side latch and remove it. Never install additional equipment on the chassis “fuse-box” switch cabinet. The bodybuilder must install a second switch cabinet for the body.

!

The modules are to be installed in a place of easy access for maintenance.



ABS Module

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

#### 4.1.3 CGW Module

CGW(Central Gate way) Is the ECU will centralize the different CAN network in the vehicle.

In this vehicle Different EUCs are connected together in different network, All the network centralized through CGW to share the CAN information's.



CGW Module

#### Note:

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered, Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- CGW ECU is configured all information about vehicle configuration, During body building Don't uninstall the ECU from the RACK, instated of that complete RACK assembly can be uninstall and reinstall from the vehicle only if necessary.

!

The modules are to be installed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

#### 4.1.4 Fuse box Cabin fuse box



Cabin fuse box

“Fuse box” is a cabinet containing relays, protection fuses, diodes and resistors.

Arrangement and characteristics of these components are shown on the label **A 831 584 0308** which is supplied together with the tool box.

The label should be placed near the bus switch cabinet to allow the identification of the components during a possible maintenance job. Once removed, the “Fuse Box” must be stored in a safe place protected from dust, welding splashes (high temperature), paint and anti-corrosives.

For OF1624/1824 vehicles, optional automatic circuit breakers are available.

#### Note:

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered. Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- Never install additional equipment on the chassis “fuse-box” switch cabinet. The bodybuilder must install a second switch cabinet for the body.



The modules are to be installed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

4. Electric Center

Electric Center

4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

4.1.4.1 Fuse box Cabin fuse box

The fuses which are part of the electric center fuse box for all Daimler vehicles are distinguished in their ratings by means of colors:

For a successful bodybuilding we recommend to follow these instructions in order to avoid any inconveniences in the vehicle's electric wiring.

The electric center is located in a provisional position, the final location will be defined at the bodybuilding.

All the components which supply these vehicles are dimensioned to attend the electric loads for their original equipment.

Tab8- Fuse identification



Fuse identification

| Color                                                                                         | Rating | Color                                                                                          | Rating |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Violet                                                                                        | 3 A    | Light Blue  | 15A    |
| Light Brown  | 5A     | Yellow      | 20A    |
| Brown        | 7.5A   | Natural     | 25A    |
| Red         | 10A    | Green      | 30A    |

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

#### 4.1.5 ASAM Module

ASAM(Advanced sensor Actuator module) receive the inputs from switches, sensors and CAN signals from other vehicle ECUs and control the vehicle actuators.

ASAM transmit and receive the CAN signals to other bus body ECUs.



ASAM Module

#### Note:

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered, Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- All the input and output characteristics are configured in the ASAM ECU, always body builders has to refer the bus body electrical connector interface detail to connect the inputs and output loads.
- Excessive load will create the Error in the ECU and Continues excessive load may damage the ECU.
- During body building Don't uninstall the ECU from the RACK, instated of that complete RACK assembly can be uninstall and reinstall from the vehicle only if necessary,
- Never install additional equipment on to this ECU, The bodybuilder must install a second switches for the body loads.
- Use only bus body builder interface and through Hardwire and CAN interface.



The modules are to be installed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

## 4. Electric Center

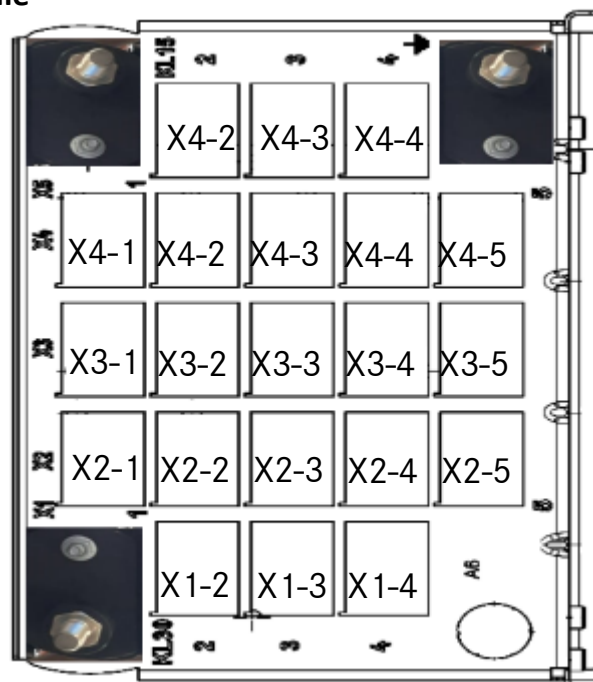
BSIV- OBD I & II – 2020 to 2025

### 4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

#### 4.1.6 Interconnector Module



Interconnector Board



Interconnector Board  
connectors position

!

The modules to be placed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

| Connector main board |             |       |        |                                  |
|----------------------|-------------|-------|--------|----------------------------------|
| Function             | Coordinate  | Color | Cavity | Description                      |
| X0202                | X1-1(KL30)  |       |        | Terminal 30 Distribution         |
| X0210                | X1-2        | Gray  | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0221                | X1-3        |       | 21     | Not connected                    |
| X0214                | X1-4        | White | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
|                      | X1-5        |       |        |                                  |
| X2811                | X2-1        | Gray  | 21     | Spare Connector for Bodybuilder  |
| X0232                | X2-2        |       |        | Not connected                    |
| X0222                | X2-3        |       | 21     | Not connected                    |
| X0215                | X2-4        | Gray  | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0211                | X2-5        | Blue  | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X2812                | X3-1        | Blue  | 21     | Spare Connector for Body builder |
| X0231                | X3-2        |       | 21     | Not connected                    |
| X0223                | X3-3        |       | 21     | Not connected                    |
| X0216                | X3-4        | Blue  | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0212                | X3-5        | White | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0229                | X4-1        |       |        | Not Connected                    |
| X0228                | X4-2        |       |        | Not connected                    |
| X0224                | X4-3        | Blue  | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0220                | X4-4        | White | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0213                | X4-5        | Gray  | 21     | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0204                | X5-1(KL15)  |       |        | KL15 Main distribution           |
| X0227                | X5-2        |       |        | Not connected                    |
| X0226                | X5-3        | Gray  |        | Chassis Interface connection     |
| X0225                | X5-4        | Blue  |        | ABS Interface connection         |
| W0201                | X4-5(KL-31) |       |        | Ground main control panel        |

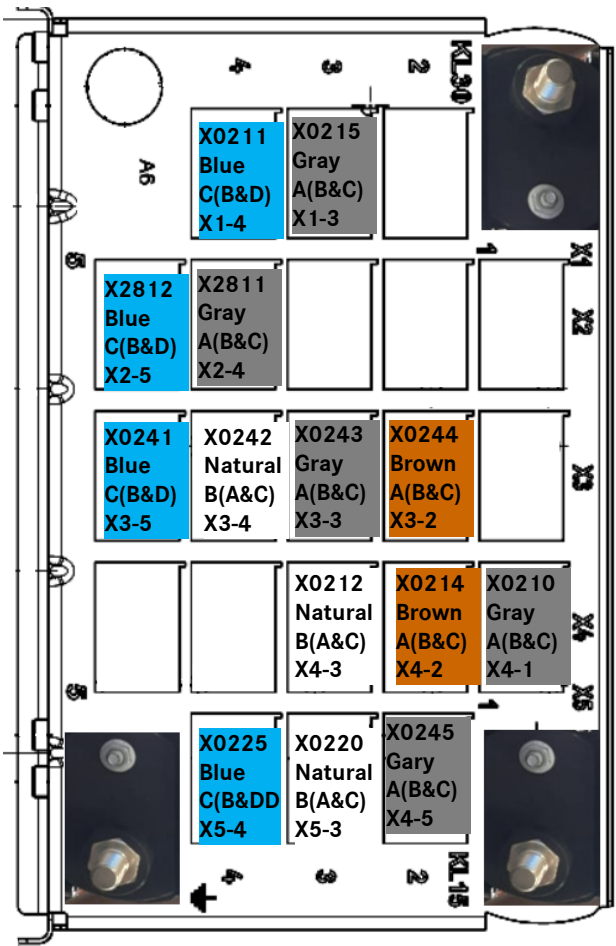
4. Electric Center

4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

4.1.6 Interconnector Module



Interconnector Board



Interconnector Board  
connectors position

HD Bus\_Phase1 Improvement

| Function | Coordinate  | Color   | Cavity | Description                            |
|----------|-------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| X0202    | X 1-1(KL30) |         |        | Terminal 30 Distribution               |
|          | X1-2        |         |        | Not connected                          |
| X0215    | X1-3        |         |        | Spare connector                        |
| X0211    | X1-4        |         |        | Spare connector                        |
| X0201    | x 1-5(KL30) |         |        | Terminal 30 Distribution               |
|          | X2-1        |         | 21     | Not connected                          |
|          | X2-2        |         |        | Not connected                          |
|          | X2-3        |         |        | Not connected                          |
| X2811    | X2-4        | Gray    | 21     | Spare Connector for Bodybuilder        |
| X2812    | X2-5        | Blue    | 21     | Spare Connector for Body builder       |
|          | X3-1        |         |        | Not connected                          |
| X0244    | X3-2        | Brown   | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0243    | X3-3        | Gray    | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0242    | X3-4        | Natural | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0241    | X3-5        | Blue    | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0210    | X4-1        | Gray    | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| X0214    | X4-2        | Brown   | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| X0212    | X4-3        | Natural | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
|          | X4-4        |         |        | Not connected                          |
|          | X4-5        |         |        | Not Connected                          |
| X0204    | X5-1(KL15)  |         |        | KI 15 Main distribution                |
| X0245    | X5-2        | Gray    | 9      | Chassis & Cockpit Interface connection |
| X0220    | X5-3        | Natural | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| X0225    | X5-4        | Blue    | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| W0201    | X4-5(KL-31) |         |        | Ground main control panel              |

!

The modules to be placed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

Interconnector Board connectors description

2507DIV5

4. Electric Center

4.1 Electronic control unit main cabinet

4.1.6 Interconnector Module



Interconnector Board

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

| Function | Coordinate  | Color   | Cavity | Description                            |
|----------|-------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| X0202    | X 1-1(KL30) |         |        | Terminal 30 Distribution               |
| X0245    | X1-2        | Grey    | 18     | Cockpit & Chassis Interface            |
| X0215    | X1-3        |         |        | Spare connector                        |
| X0241    | X2-1        |         | 21     | Cockpit Interface                      |
| X0242    | X2-2        | Natural | 21     | Cockpit Interface                      |
| X0243    | X2-3        | Grey    | 21     | Cockpit Interface                      |
| X0244    | X3-1        | Brown   | 21     | Cockpit Interface                      |
| X0246    | X3-2        |         | 21     | Cockpit Interface                      |
| X0247    | X3-3        | Blue    | 21     | Cockpit Interface                      |
| X0210    | X4-1        | Grey    | 21     | Spare Connector for Body builder       |
|          | X3-1        |         |        | Not connected                          |
| X0244    | X3-2        | Brown   | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0243    | X3-3        | Gray    | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0242    | X3-4        | Natural | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0241    | X3-5        | Blue    | 21     | Cockpit Interface connection           |
| X0210    | X4-1        | Gray    | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| X0214    | X4-2        | Brown   | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| X0212    | X4-3        | Natural | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
|          | X4-4        |         |        | Not connected                          |
|          | X4-5        |         |        | Not Connected                          |
| X0204    | X5-1(KL15)  |         |        | KI 15 Main distribution                |
| X0245    | X5-2        | Gray    | 9      | Chassis & Cockpit Interface connection |
| X0220    | X5-3        | Natural | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| X0225    | X5-4        | Blue    | 21     | Chassis Interface connection           |
| W0201    | X4-5(KL-31) |         |        | Ground main control panel              |

Interconnector Board  
connectors position

Interconnector Board connectors description

! The modules to be placed in a place of easy access for maintenance.

4. Electric Center

4.2 Electronic control unit main cabinet

4.21 Relays

The relays installed in the electric board (“fuse box”) of all Daimler Bus chassis are identified through colors for every function, check the label of the electric board that is supplied with the vehicle.

Tab7- Relay identification

| Relay               | Color |
|---------------------|-------|
| Direction indicator | Black |
| Wiper timer         | Black |
| Mini Relay          | Black |
| Micro               | Black |



Relay board

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.3 Overall comments

Always refer to the chassis wiring diagram before any repair or change of components. Always use auxiliary relays to activate any equipment to be installed, mainly if it is via ignition or start key.

Always install fuses on the systems according to the need of the equipment. Only the auxiliary relay coil must be actuated by the ignition key.

The electric center (All ECU's, Fuses, and Relays and its components) final location in the bus body must be protected against water infiltration and impurities.

The Electric center must be mounted in vertical or horizontal position to avoid accumulation of water, dust or any other impurities.

In case any complementation or maintenance is required, do not change the vehicle original electrical wiring. Keep the same cable gauge if a repair is needed. Do not make direct connections eliminating relays or other components. These procedures will put into risk the whole vehicle electrical wiring.

Make sure that electrical wiring does not rub against cutting edges on the vehicle's metal structure, because this is one of the main short-circuit and fire risk factors.

Damaged fuses must be replaced with others with the same rating. If there is frequent fuse burn out, detect the cause. Never replace a fuse with a different rating, and never insert clamps or other objects into the fuse holders with the purpose of replacing them under an emergency condition and/or temporarily.

All electronic modules must be installed in an easily accessible place for maintenance, protected against water infiltration and impurities. They must never be repaired but, instead, they must be replaced by new parts because they are safety items.

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.4 Capacity of the Diodes

!

Not applicable.

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.5 Electronic control unit

#### 4.5.1 Main cabinet



ECU Cabinet BS VI variants

Electronic control units (ECU) are the processors that manages the running of the engine & brake system. This module receives the signals from all engine and vehicle sensors and identifies the operation regimen. It is installed in such a way that it remains in vertical position at all times during vehicle operation.

Before the body mounting process, the ECU should be removed from the main cabinet and kept in cover, protected from dust, water, welding splashes (high temperature), paints and anticorrosive. A traceability control must be available since the units are parameterized with vehicle specific data so as to prevent interchange. Never use high-pressure washing equipment on the connectors.

ECUs should be disconnected at all times during welding. It should be connected only after connecting all sensors, actuators, entire cabin/chassis wiring harness, engine and vehicle connector before battery connection. After ensuring all the connections, vehicle should be cranked and checked for any fault codes.

Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered.

Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the ECUs.

Never make any measurements on powered connections using test leads or cable ends. Use appropriate test leads. Never remove the connectors pulling them by the wires.

## 4. Electric Center

### 4.6 Electronic control unit

#### 4.6.2 ECU location

For chassis delivery condition, ECUs are fixed with the plastic bracket, it must be protected against the following environmental conditions are to be followed:

- Water and dust, especially the wiring harnesses that were routed through the top.
- Mechanical damage, especially the pressure compensation element and the male pins in the connector.
- In case of paintwork on the remaining vehicle, avoid paint on the ECU and its terminals.
- Electrostatic discharge.
- Contamination with the media's whose tubes are beside the ECU.
- The protection should be executed with a plastic foil which protects the ECU and, in parallel, the wiring harness. Material of the foil: polypropylene conductible plastic.

While transporting the chassis or shifting in a container (for approx. 1-2 months duration) protection against the following must be ensured:

- Environmental conditions: heat, water and dust.
- Mechanical damage, especially on the pressure compensation element and the male pins in the connector.
- In case of paintwork on the remaining vehicle, avoid paint on the ECU and its terminals.
- Electrostatic discharge.
- Contamination with the media's whose tubes are beside the ECU.
- Relative humidity higher than 60% could cause corrosion.
- The protection is recommended with a plastic foil which protects the ECU and, in parallel, the wiring harness. Material of the foil: polypropylene conductible plastic which has some additional VCI corrosion protection. Example see link: <http://www.excor.de/vci/index.html>



ECU Cabinet for BS VI variants

## 5.Diagnostic Plug

### 5.1 Diagnostics plug

This plug is located in the switch cabinet and its function is to allow “off board” diagnostics, or diagnostics with external test equipment. When removed for bodybuilding, attention is to be given in order not to permit the infiltration of impurities (dust), welding (high temperature), enamel and anti-corrosive substances, as this could impair its utilization.

After the bodybuilding, the diagnosis socket has to be attached to a sheet metal surface, so the connector can be firm, and avoid short-circuit or damages to the same, besides facilitating the connection of the diagnosis equipment “plug”, as “Star Diagnosis” for example.

#### Diagnosis socket 16-way - diagnosis for:

- INS – Instrument cluster
- ABS/ASR
- Telma retarder
- MR – Engine management
- FR/CPC - Engine / vehicle interface



Diagnostic plug

6. Connector Main Board

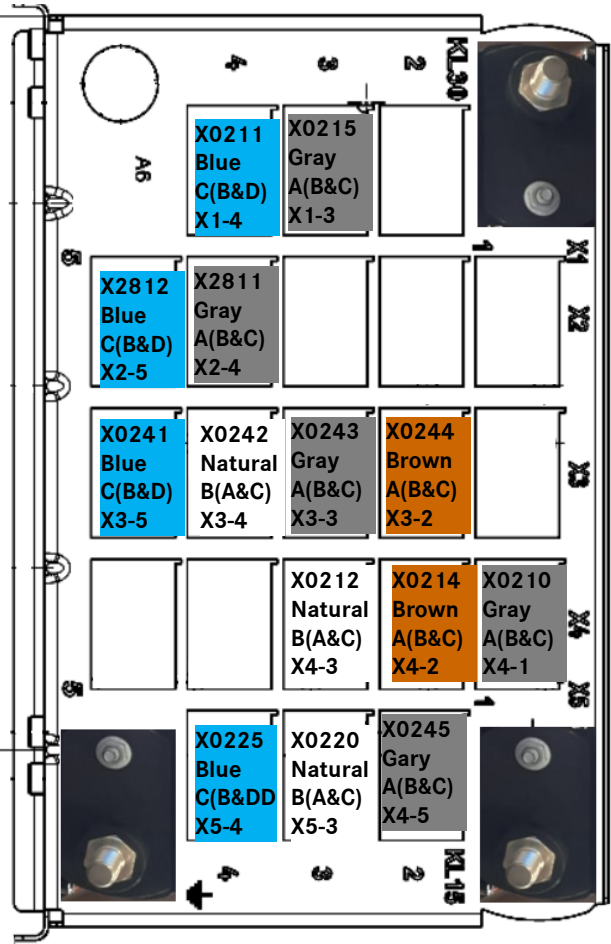
6.1 Connector main board

All connections between wire sets are made in this main cabinet. The purpose is to concentrate every connection in a single board, thus making maintenance easy, standardizing connectors and providing a specific location for bodybuilders to add their wire set connections, achieving savings in space inside the bus switch cabinet compartment.

Below is the arrangement of the connectors and their respective functions, as well as the spare connectors for the bodybuilding:

Tab8 – Connector Main board Details

| Function | Coordinate  | Color | Cavity | Description                      |
|----------|-------------|-------|--------|----------------------------------|
| X0202    | X 1-1(KL30) |       |        | Terminal 30 Distribution         |
| X0201    | x 1-5(KL30) |       |        | Terminal 30 Distribution         |
| X2811    | X2-4        | Gray  | 21     | Spare Connector for Bodybuilder  |
| X2812    | X2-5        | Blue  | 21     | Spare Connector for Body builder |
| X0204    | X5-1(KL15)  |       |        | Kl 15 Main distribution          |
| W0201    | X4-5(KL-31) |       |        | Ground main control panel        |



Connector switchboard

6. Connector Main Board

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

6.1 Connector main board



Connector switchboard

All connections between wire sets are made in this main cabinet. The purpose is to concentrate every connection in a single board, thus making maintenance easy, standardizing connectors and providing a specific location for bodybuilders to add their wire set connections, achieving savings in space inside the bus switch cabinet compartment.

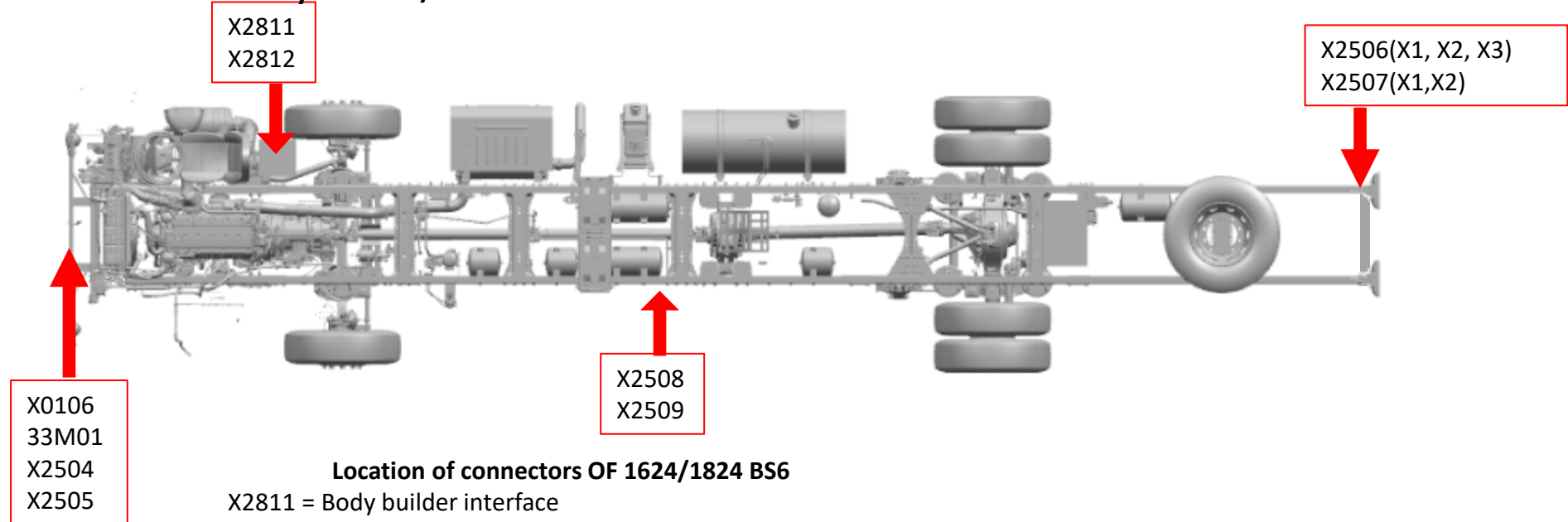
Below is the arrangement of the connectors and their respective functions, as well as the spare connectors for the bodybuilding:

Tab8 – Connector Main board Details

| Function | Coordinate  | Color | Cavity | Description                      |
|----------|-------------|-------|--------|----------------------------------|
| X0202    | X 1-1(KL30) |       |        | Terminal 30 Distribution         |
| X0201    | x 1-5(KL30) |       |        | Terminal 30 Distribution         |
| X2811    | X2-4        | Gray  | 21     | Spare Connector for Bodybuilder  |
| X2812    | X2-5        | Blue  | 21     | Spare Connector for Body builder |
| X0204    | X5-1(KL15)  |       |        | Kl 15 Main distribution          |
| W0201    | X4-5(KL-31) |       |        | Ground main control panel        |

## 7. Interface chassis and body

### 7.1 Interface chassis and body OF 1624/1824 BS6 Chassis



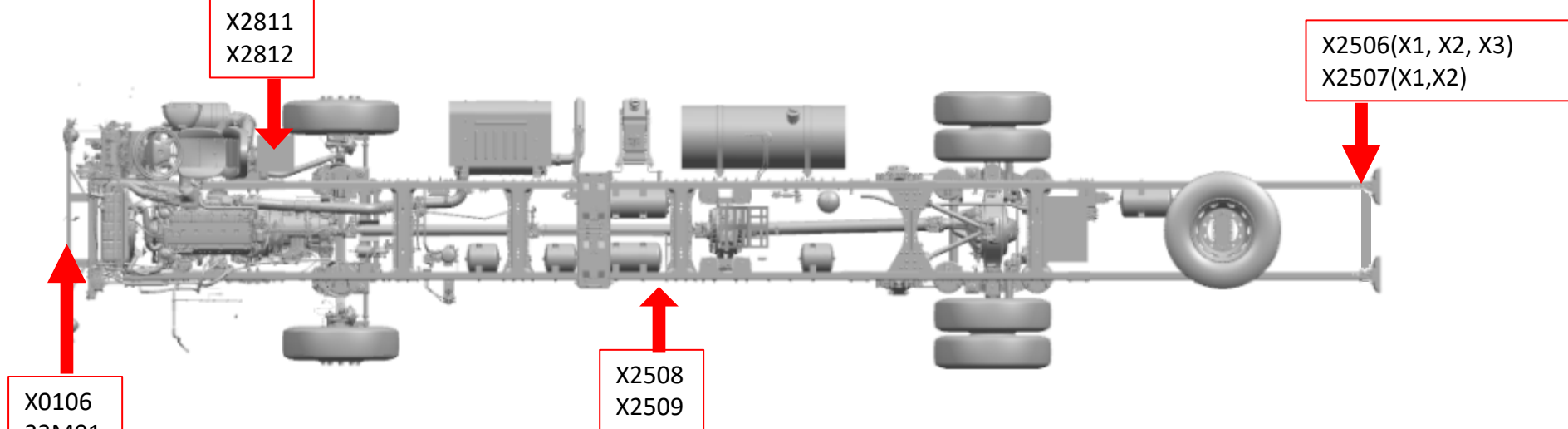
#### Location of connectors OF 1624/1824 BS6

- X2811 = Body builder interface
- X2812 = Body builder interface
- X0106 = Windshield wiper stand connector
- 33M01 = Windshield wiper pump standby connector
- X2504 = Front Headlamp/Indicator connector left
- X2505 = Front Headlamp/Indicator connector Right
- X2508 = Side marker connector Left
- X2509 = Side marker connector Right
- X2506 = Taillights connector left,
- X2506(X3)=License plate lamp
- X2507 = Taillights connector Right

## 7. Interface chassis and body

### 7.1 Interface chassis and body OF 1624/1824 BS6 Chassis

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement



#### Location of connectors OF 1624/1824 BS6

X2811 = Body builder interface  
 X2812 = Body builder interface  
 X0106 = Windshield wiper stand connector  
 33M01 = Windshield wiper pump standby connector  
 X2504 = Front Headlamp/Indicator connector left  
 X2505 = Front Headlamp/Indicator connector Right  
 X2508 = Side marker connector Left  
 X2509 = Side marker connector Right  
 X2506 = Taillights connector left,  
 X2506(X3)=License plate lamp  
 X2507 = Taillights connector Right

#### Location of connectors OF 1624/1824 BS6

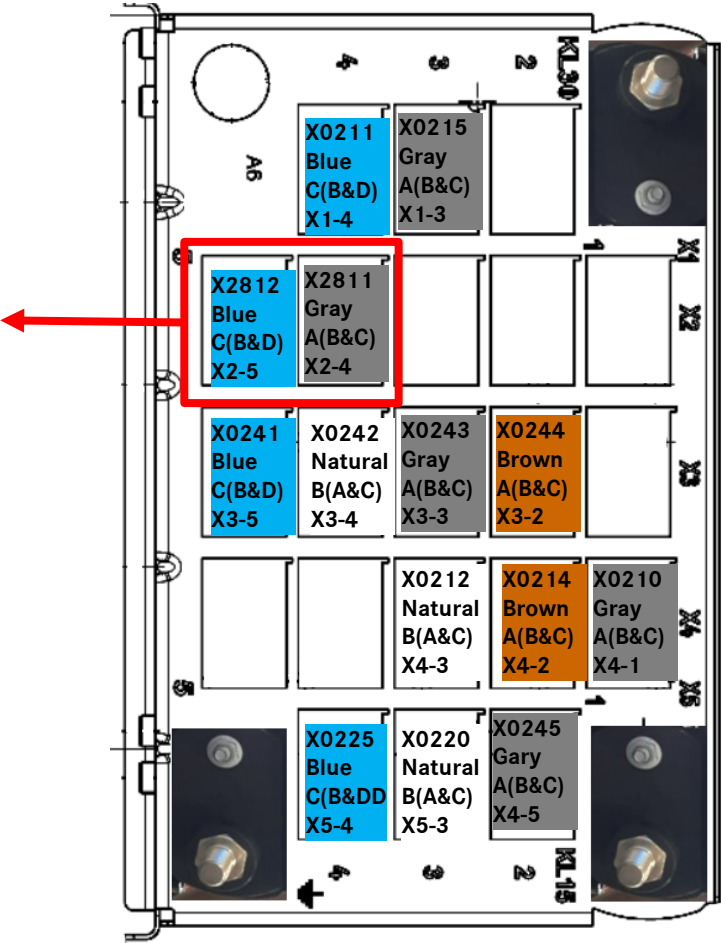
E13 = DRL Right Hand  
 E8.1 = Additional Headlamp RH  
 E14 = DRL Left Hand  
 E9.1 = Additional Headlamp LH

7.1 Body builder inter Connectors

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

Two Body- chassis interface connectors (X2811 and X2812) positioning in the Rack.

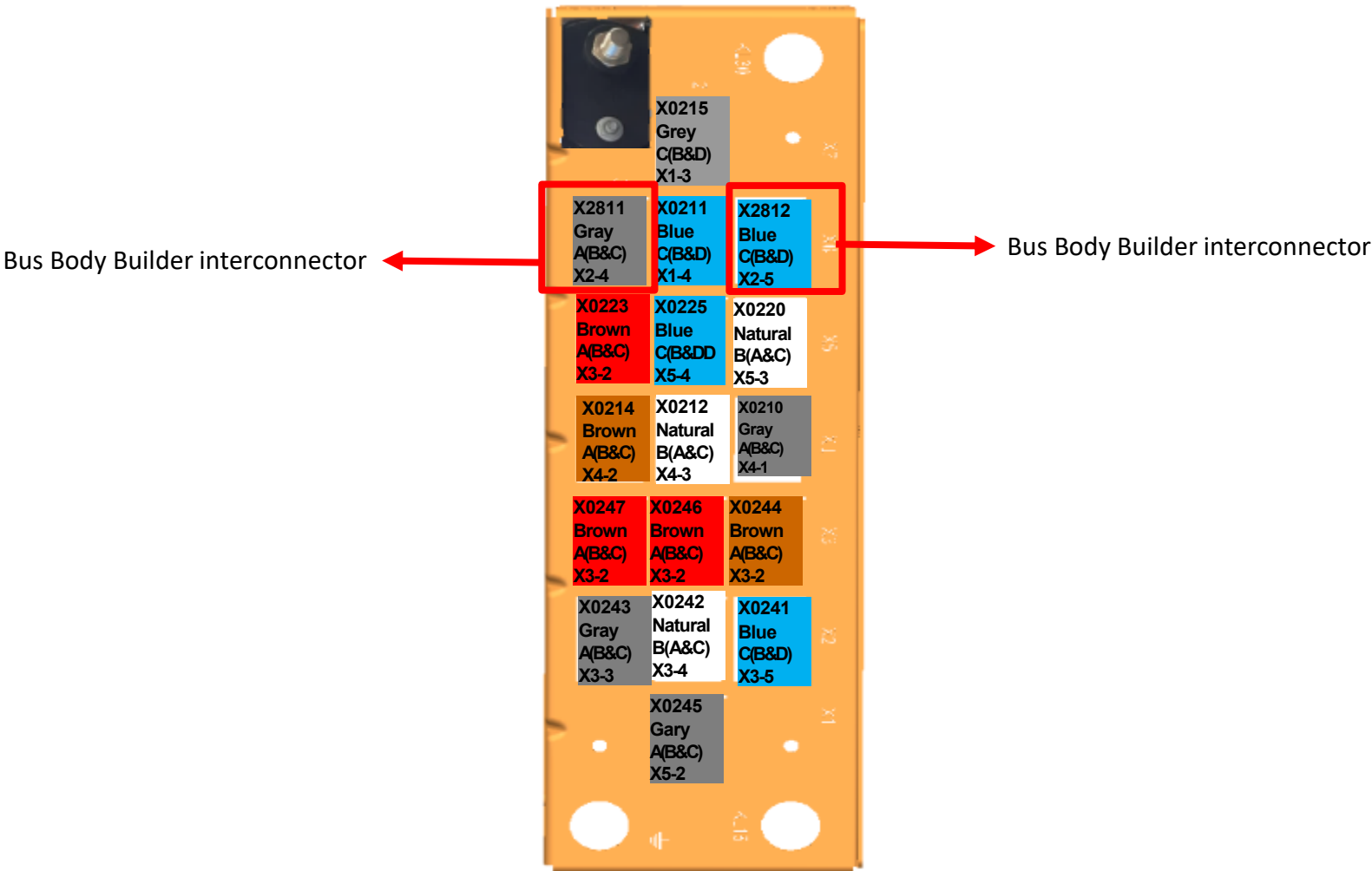
Bus Body Builder interconnector



7.1 Body builder inter Connectors

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

Two Body- chassis interface connectors (X2811 and X2812) positioning in the Rack.



7.2 Color codes of wires

For wire colors, please refer to the table below:

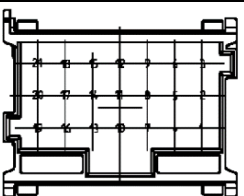
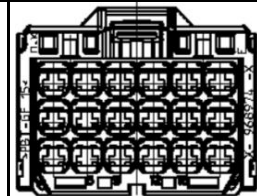
Tab9 - Color code

| Color code | Color description |
|------------|-------------------|
| B          | Black             |
| Br         | Brown             |
| Ch         | Chocolate         |
| Dg         | Dark green        |
| G          | Green             |
| L          | Blue              |
| Lg         | Light green       |
| O          | Orange            |
| P          | Pink              |
| R          | Red               |
| Sb         | Sky blue          |
| V          | Violet            |
| W          | White             |
| Y          | Yellow            |
| Gr         | Gray              |

## 7.3 Bus body interconnector

The standby connector functions for body mounting located in the switch cabinet, as well as the Daimler and AMP connector number to be used by the bodybuilder, are listed in the table below.

**Tab10- Bus body interconnector Connection X2811**

| Electric center - X2811 CONNECTOR                                                 |                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                            | Bus Body builder side connector                                                   |
| MB Part no: A 036 545 31 28                                                       | MB Part no: A 013 545 65 26                                                       |
| Secondary lock: A 000 542 16 73                                                   | NA                                                                                |
| TYCO 21 POLES: 1-967630-2                                                         | TYCO 21 POLES: 8-968975-2                                                         |
| Tyco lock : 967635-1                                                              | NA                                                                                |
| Color: Gray Brawn                                                                 | Color: Gray Brawn                                                                 |
| Coding : "A"                                                                      | Coding : "A"                                                                      |
| Latching mechanism = 'B-C'                                                        | Latching mechanism = 'B-C'                                                        |
|  |  |

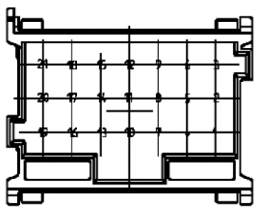
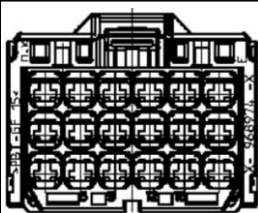
Bus Body Interconnector

| X2811      |         |            |               |     |     |               |            |              |              |                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                           |
|------------|---------|------------|---------------|-----|-----|---------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Color-code | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gau ge (mm 2) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potenti al | Max Curre nt | Min Curre nt | Function                                    | Symbol                                                                              | Description                                                                                                               |
| GN/ RT     | 191     | 6107       | 0.8           | 1   | 1   | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | Open door luggage compartment signal        |  | Displays a telltale in the instrument cluster when signal is active                                                       |
| GR/ GE     | 192     | 4117       | 0.8           | 2   | 2   | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | Stop request signal                         |  | Displays a telltale in the instrument cluster when signal is active                                                       |
| GR/ BL     | 193     | 4119       | 0.8           | 3   | 3   | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | Open door signal Passenger/ Emergency       |  | Displays a telltale in the instrument cluster when signal is active                                                       |
| GN/ BL     | 194     | 4632       | 0.8           | 4   | 4   | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | Hazard lights activation                    | No                                                                                  | The hazard lights will start to flash when this pin is active                                                             |
| GN/ GR     | 195     | 1223       | 0.8           | 5   | 5   | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | A/ C RPM (High-idle RPM) signal             |  | The engine speed will be increased to a fixed value and the symbol a telltale will be displayed in the instrument cluster |
| GR         | 196     | 3021       | 0.8           | 6   | 6   | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 1A           | -            | Distribution KL.58.1 (Parking illumination) | No                                                                                  | Signal informing if parking illumination is on                                                                            |
| BR/ WS     | 197     | 1218       | 0.8           | 7   | 7   | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 0.7A         | -            | Start auxiliary (KL.50) Cranking signal     | No                                                                                  | Signal is active when the vehicle is cranking                                                                             |
| GE/ RT     | 198     | 3043       | 0.8           | 8   | 8   | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 2A           | -            | Backup lights signal                        | No                                                                                  | Signal is active when the reverse gear is engaged                                                                         |
| RT/ GN     | 232     | 3335       | 0.8           | 9   | 9   | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 2A           | -            | Lighting Signal                             | No                                                                                  | Signal is deactivate when the vehicle is cranking                                                                         |
| GN/ BR     | 200     | 3194       | 0.8           | 10  | 10  | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 0.7A         | -            | Safety System Activated                     | Not Available                                                                       | Not Available                                                                                                             |
| GN/ WS     | 201     | 3242       | 0.8           | 11  | 11  | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | Washer Fluid Level                          |  | Provide information of shortage washer fluid                                                                              |
| GE/ GR     | 187     | 8167       | 0.8           | 12  | 12  | Input         | (-ve)      | -            | -            | Seat Belt Driver                            | Not Available                                                                       | Not Available                                                                                                             |
| W/ GN      | 188     | 6229       | 0.8           | 13  | 13  | -             | -          | -            | -            | NA                                          | NA                                                                                  | NA                                                                                                                        |
|            |         |            |               | 14  | 14  | -             | -          | -            | -            | NA                                          | NA                                                                                  | NA                                                                                                                        |
| RT         | 153     | 0033       | 0.8           | 15  | 15  | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 1A           | -            | KL 30 Signal(Battery unstitched +ve)        | No                                                                                  | Positive signal from the battery                                                                                          |
| GN         | 288     | 6016       | 0.8           | 16  | 16  | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 1A           | -            | KL 15 Signal(Battery switched +ve)          | No                                                                                  | Positive signal from first position of the ignition switch                                                                |
| GE         | 314     | 1127       | 0.8           | 17  | 17  | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 5A           | -            | D+ Signal (In engine running condition)     | No                                                                                  | Provide signal in engine running condition                                                                                |
| WS/ BL     | 260     | 0002       | 0.8           | 18  | 18  | Output        | 24V (+ve)  | 0.01A        | -            | WSignal                                     | No                                                                                  | Signal providing the alternator speed (W)                                                                                 |
| W/ WS      | 189     | 6098       | 0.8           | 19  | 19  | Output        | PWM        |              | -            | Speed signal C3 output                      | No                                                                                  | Available only in vehicles with tachograph                                                                                |
| BL/ WS     | 190     | 6012       | 0.8           | 20  | 20  | -             | -          | -            | -            | NA                                          |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                           |
| WS/ BL     | 155     | 6030       | 0.8           | 21  | 21  | -             | -          | -            | -            | NA                                          |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                           |

## 7.3 Bus body interconnector

The standby connector functions for body mounting located in the switch cabinet, as well as the Mercedes-Benz and AMP connector number to be used by the bodybuilder, are listed in the table below.

**Tab11- Bus body interconnector Connection X2812**

| Electric center - X2812 CONNECTOR                                                 |                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                            | Bus Body builder side connector                                                   |
| MB Part no: A 053 545 07 28                                                       | MB Part no: A 020 545 47 26                                                       |
| Secondary lock: A 000 542 16 73                                                   | NA                                                                                |
| TYCO 21 POLES: 3-967630-1                                                         | TYCO 21 POLES: 6-968975-1                                                         |
| Tyco lock : 967635-1                                                              | NA                                                                                |
| Color: Light Blue                                                                 | Color: Light Blue                                                                 |
| Coding : "C"                                                                      | Coding : "C"                                                                      |
| Latching mechanism = 'B-D'                                                        | Latching mechanism = 'B-D'                                                        |
|  |  |

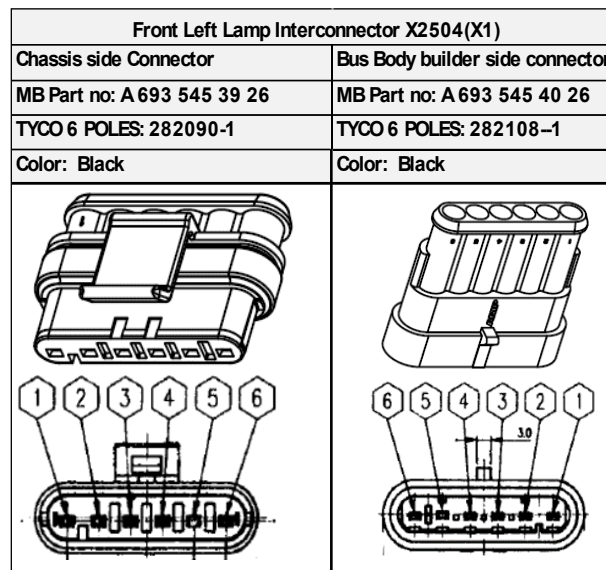
Bus Body Interconnector

| X2812      |         |            |                          |     |     |                |           |             |             |                                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
|------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|----------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Color-code | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input / Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                                        | Symbol                                                                              | Description                                                                                                                  |
| V/ WS      | 250     | 4232       | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Input          | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Bus Stop Brake                                  |  | In parallel to the doors status, this pin brakes the vehicle when active and displays the telltale in the instrument cluster |
| BR/ GR     | 267     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | CAN            |           | -           | -           | BodyBuilder CAN GND                             | No                                                                                  | Only for Bodybuilder interface with CAN                                                                                      |
| GE/ RT     | 252     | 4394       | 0.75                     | 3   | 3   | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 0.75A       | -           | Signal >5Km/ h                                  | No                                                                                  | This pin is active when the vehicle is over 5km/ h                                                                           |
| WS/ GE     | 253     | 4395       | 0.75                     | 4   | 4   | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 0.5A        | -           | Parking Brake Status                            | No                                                                                  | This pin is active when the park brake lever is engaged                                                                      |
| BL         | 254     |            | 0.5                      | 5   | 5   | CAN            |           | -           | -           | BodyBuilder CAN H                               | No                                                                                  | Only for Bodybuilder interface with CAN                                                                                      |
| GE         | 255     |            | 0.5                      | 6   | 6   | CAN            |           | -           | -           | BodyBuilder CAN L                               | No                                                                                  | Only for Bodybuilder interface with CAN                                                                                      |
| BL/ WS     | 256     | 8165       | 0.75                     | 7   | 7   |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| WS/ GE     | 257     | 8164       | 0.75                     | 8   | 8   |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| WS/ RT     | 246     | 6074       | 0.75                     | 9   | 9   |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| RT/ BL     | 247     | 6199       | 0.75                     | 10  | 10  |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| RT         | 78      |            | 0.5                      | 11  | 11  |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| GM/ SW     | 79      |            | 0.5                      | 12  | 12  |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| BL         | 76      |            | 0.5                      | 13  | 13  |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| BR         | 77      |            | 0.5                      | 14  | 14  |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
|            |         |            |                          | 15  | 15  |                |           | -           | -           | NA                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                              |
| GR/ RT     | 221     | 3037       | 0.75                     | 16  | 16  | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 1A          | -           | Front Position lamp left & right(LEDs Possible) | No                                                                                  | Exterior Lighting                                                                                                            |
| GR/ WS     | 343     | 3049       | 0.75                     | 17  | 17  | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 1A          | -           | Rear Position lamp left & Right(LEDs Possible)  | No                                                                                  | Exterior Lighting                                                                                                            |
| GE/ GN     | 199     | 3055       | 0.75                     | 18  | 18  | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 2A          | -           | Upper brake lamp left & right                   | No                                                                                  | Exterior Lighting                                                                                                            |
| GE/ WS     | 294     | 3053       | 0.75                     | 19  | 19  | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 3.5A        | -           | Upper left rear indicator lamp (LED possible)   | No                                                                                  | Exterior Lighting                                                                                                            |
| GE/ WS     | 347     | 3054       | 0.75                     | 20  | 20  | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 1A          | -           | Upper right rear indicator lamp (LED possible)  | No                                                                                  | Exterior Lighting                                                                                                            |
| RT/ GN     | 344     | 6229       | 0.75                     | 21  | 21  | Output         | 24V(+ve)  | 3A          | -           | 5th stop lamp(LED)                              | No                                                                                  | Exterior Lighting                                                                                                            |

## 7.4 Headlight and other front light connections LH

BSIV- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

Below are the connection details for Front left side headlight, located in the first cross member of the module 1.

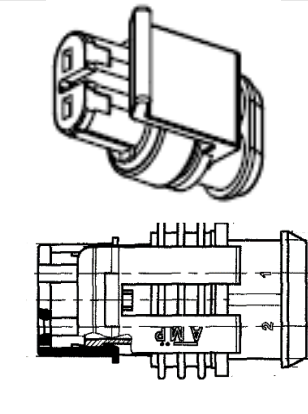
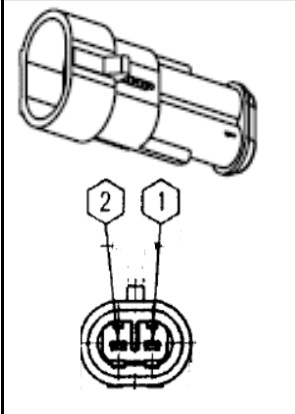


Tab12- Front left lamp interface connector X2504(X1)

| Front Left Lamp Interconnector X2504(X1) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                                        |
|------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code                               | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| GR/ BL                                   | 262     | 3039       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| WS                                       | 264     | 3101       | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| GR/ VI                                   | 327     | 3039       | 0.75        | 3   | 3   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Left Front Headlamp(LED Possible) |
| WS                                       | 270     | 3026       | 0.75        | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |
| BR                                       | 352     |            | 1.5         | 5   | 5   | Output        | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Ground                                 |
| BL/ GE                                   | 268     | 3475       | 0.75        | 6   | 6   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | DRL (Daytime Running Light), left      |

7.4 Front Fog light connection LH

Below are the connection details for front left Fog lamp connector

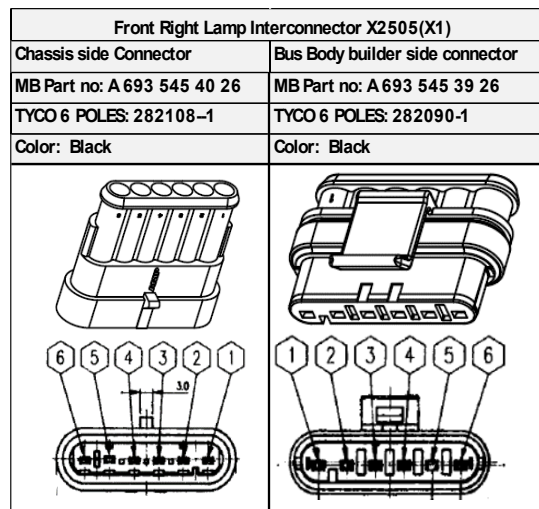
| Front Left Lamp Interconnector X2504(X2)                                           |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
| MB Part no: A 015 545 55 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 693 545 33 26                                                         |
| TYCO 2 POLES: 282080-1                                                             | TYCO 6 POLES: 282104-1                                                              |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|  |  |

Tab13- Front left lamp interface connector X2504(X2)

| Front Left Lamp Interconnector X2504(X2) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                                     |
|------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Color-code                               | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                            |
| WS/ GN                                   | 266     | 3035       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | Fog Lamp, front left (LED possible) |
| BR                                       | 353     |            | 1.5         | 2   | 2   | Output        | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Ground                              |

## 7.4 Headlight and other front light connections RH

Below are the connection details for Front right side headlight, located in the first cross member of the module 1.

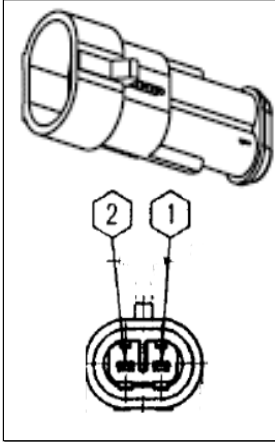
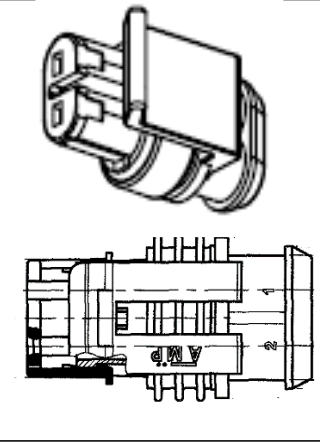


**Tab14- Front Right lamp interface connector X2505(X1)**

| Front Right Lamp Interconnector X2505(X1) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                                          |
|-------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| Color-code                                | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                                 |
| BL/ RT                                    | 261     | 3034       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, Right, LED or Xenon possible   |
| BL/ SW                                    | 263     | 3102       | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, Right, LED or Xenon possible  |
| WS/ BL                                    | 326     | 3040       | 0.75        | 3   | 3   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Right Front Headlamp (LED Possible) |
| GR/ GN                                    | 271     | 3025       | 0.75        | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 0.5A        | -           | Front Side Position Light                |
| BR                                        | 354     |            | 1.5         | 5   | 5   | Output        | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Ground                                   |
| BL/ GN                                    | 267     | 3476       | 0.75        | 6   | 6   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | DRL (Daytime Running Light), right       |

7.4 Front Fog light connection RH

Below are the connection details for front right Fog lamp connector

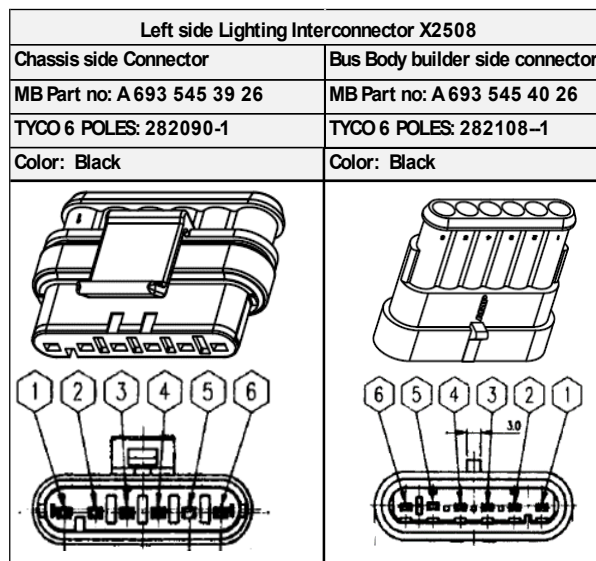
| Front Right Lamp Interconnector X2505(X2)                                          |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
| MB Part no: A 401 545 14 43                                                        | MB Part no: A 400 545 26 26                                                         |
| TYCO 6 POLES: 282104--1                                                            | TYCO 2 POLES: 282080-1                                                              |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|  |  |

Tab15- Front left lamp interface connector X2505(X2)

| Front Right Lamp Interconnector X2505(X2) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Color-code                                | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                             |
| WS/ GN                                    | 266     | 3035       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | Fog Lamp, front right (LED possible) |
| BR                                        | 353     |            | 1.5         | 2   | 2   | Output        | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Ground                               |

## 7.5 Side marker & side Indicator connections LH

Below are the connection details for the LH side marker & LH side indicator connectors

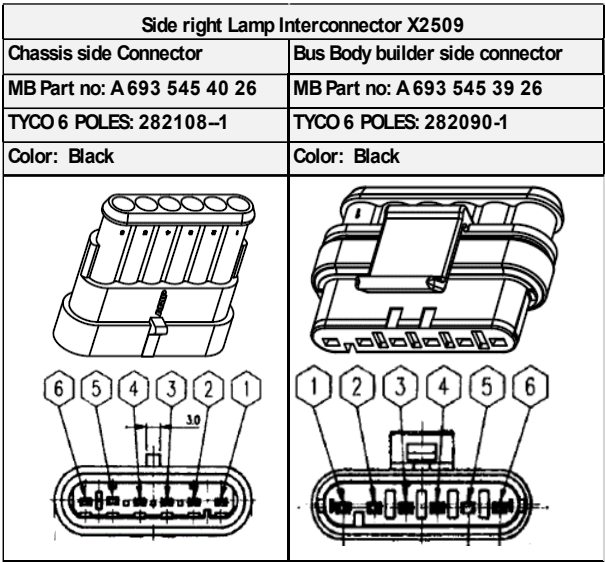


**Tab16- Side left lamp interface connector X2508**

| Left side Lighting Interconnector X2508 |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |                                           |             |                                          |
|-----------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| Color-code                              | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current                               | Min Current | Function                                 |
| BL/ WS                                  | 329     | 3101       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A (21W) Single Bulb or Intelligent LED | -           | Left front side direction indicator lamp |
| GE/ GN                                  | 314     | 3430       | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 2.0A (7*5W) Bulb or Intelligent LED       | -           | Side marker lamp left                    |
| BR                                      | 356     |            | 1.5         | 3   | 3   | Output        | GND       | -                                         | -           | Ground                                   |
| GN                                      | 330     | 3421       | 0.75        | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A (21W) Single Bulb or Intelligent LED | -           | Left rear side direction indicator lamp  |
|                                         |         |            |             | 5   | 5   |               |           |                                           | -           |                                          |
|                                         |         |            |             | 6   | 6   |               |           |                                           | -           |                                          |

7.5 Side marker & side Indicator connections RH

Below are the connection details for the RH side marker & RH side indicator connectors



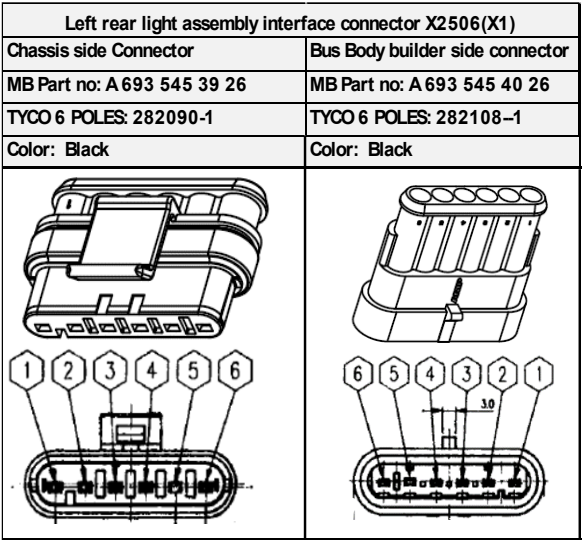
Tab17- Side Right lamp interface connector X2509

| Right side Lighting Interconnector X2509 |         |            |                          |     |     |               |           |                                         |             |                                           |
|------------------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Color-code                               | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current                             | Min Current | Function                                  |
| BL/ GE                                   | 328     | 3102       | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1A (21W) Single Bulb or Intelligent LED | -           | Right front side direction indicator lamp |
| GE/ GN                                   | 313     | 3074       | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1A (7* 5W Bulb or Intelligent LED       | -           | Side marker lamp Right                    |
| BR                                       | 356     |            | 1.5                      | 3   | 3   | Output        | GND       |                                         | -           | Ground                                    |
| GN/ VI                                   | 331     | 3422       | 0.75                     | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3A (21W) Single Bulb or Intelligent LED | -           | Right rear side direction indicator lamp  |
|                                          |         |            |                          | 5   | 5   |               |           |                                         | -           |                                           |
|                                          |         |            |                          | 6   | 6   |               |           |                                         | -           |                                           |

7.6 Rear lamp connections LH

BSIV- OBD I & II – 2020 to 2025

Below are the connection details for LH tail light connectors



Tab18 - Left rear light assembly interface connector X2506(X1)

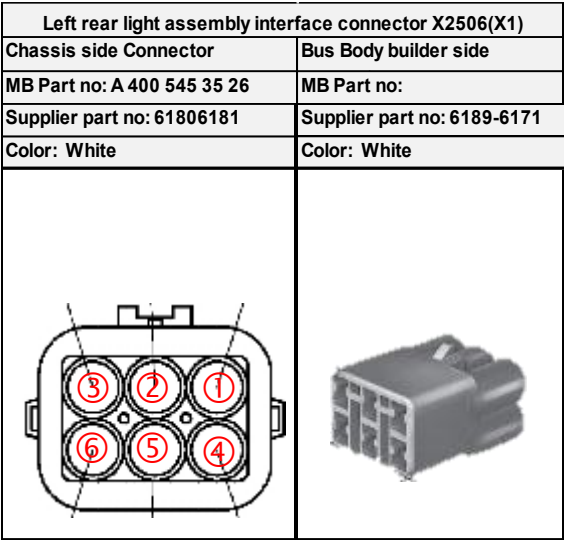
| Left rear light assembly interface connector X2506(X1) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Color-code                                             | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                           |
| GN                                                     | 350     | 3051       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | Stop Lamp, rear left lower         |
| WS/ GN                                                 | 255     | 3132       | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn signal rear, left             |
| GE/ RT                                                 | 324     | 3043       | 0.75        | 3   | 3   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.5A        | -           | Backup lamp                        |
| BL                                                     | 316     | 3041       | 0.75        | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | Tail lamp left                     |
| GR/ GE                                                 | 309     | 3047       | 0.75        | 5   | 5   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | License Plate Lamp (First/ Second) |
| BR                                                     | 346     |            | 1.5         | 6   | 6   |               |           |             | -           | Ground                             |

7.6.1 Rear lamp connections LH

BSIV- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

Below are the connection details for LH taillight connectors

View Wire entry side

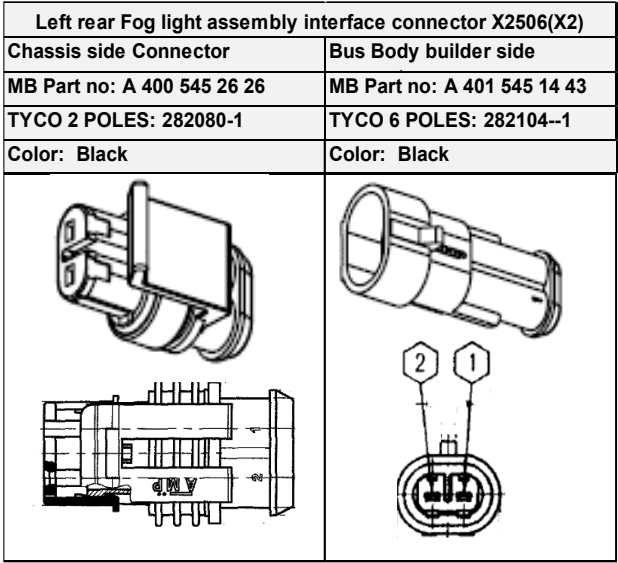


Tab18 - Left rear light assembly interface connector X2506(X1)

| Left rear light assembly interface connector X2506(X1) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Color-code                                             | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                   |
| GN                                                     | 350     | 3051       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | Stop Lamp, rear left lower |
| BL                                                     | 316     | 3041       | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | Tail lamp left             |
| WS/GN                                                  | 255     |            | 0.75        | 3   | 3   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Indicator             |
| BR                                                     | 346     |            | 1.5         | 4   | 4   | Output        | GND       | -           | -           | Ground                     |
| GE/RT                                                  | 324     | 3043       | 0.75        | 6   | 6   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.5A        | -           | Backup lamp                |

7.6.2 Rear Fog lamp connections LH

Below are the connection details for LH Fog lamp connectors



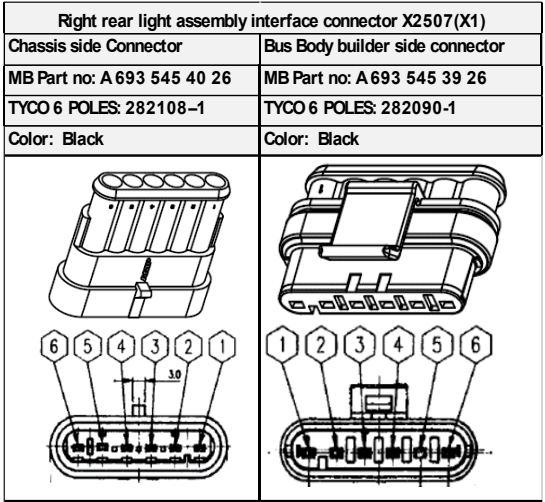
Tab19- Left rear Fog light assembly interface connector X2506(X2)

| Left rear Fog light assembly interface connector X2506(X2) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Color-code                                                 | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function            |
| GE                                                         | 338     | 3045       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Fog Lamp, rear left |
| BR                                                         | 348     |            | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Ground              |

7.6.2 Rear lamp connections RH

BSIV- OBD I & II – 2020 to 2025

Below are the connection details for RH tail light connectors



Tab20- Right rear light assembly interface connector X2507(X1)

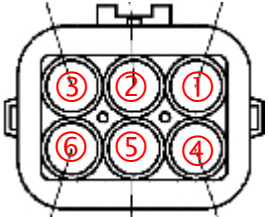
| Right rear light assembly interface connectorX2507(X1) |         |            |              |     |     |               |            |             |             |                             |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------|-----|-----|---------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Color-code                                             | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gaug e (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potentia l | Max Current | Min Current | Function                    |
| GN/BL                                                  | 351     | 3052       | 0.75         | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 3.0A        | -           | Stop Lamp, rear right lower |
| WS/GE                                                  | 169     | 3131       | 0.75         | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn signal rear, right     |
| GE/RT                                                  | 325     | 3043       | 0.75         | 3   | 3   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 1.5A        | -           | Backup lamp                 |
| BL/GN                                                  | 318     | 3042       | 0.75         | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 3.0A        | -           | Tail lamp right             |
|                                                        |         |            |              | 5   | 5   |               |            |             | -           |                             |
| BR                                                     | 347     |            | 1.5          | 6   | 6   | Output        | (-ve)      |             | -           | Ground                      |

7.6.4 Rear lamp connections RH

BSIV- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

Below are the connection details for RH tail light connectors

View Wire entry side

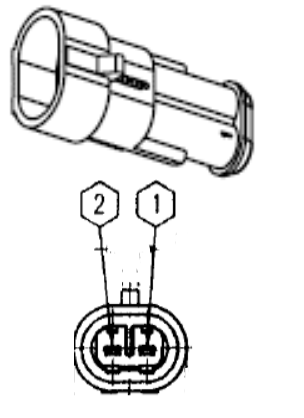
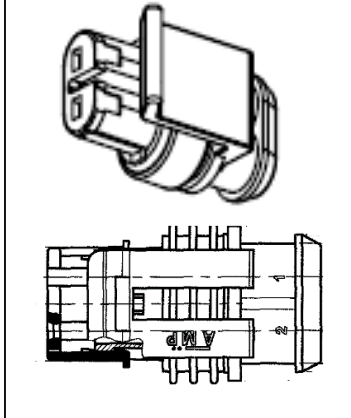
| Left rear light assembly interface connector X2506(X1)                              |                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                              | Bus Body builder side                                                               |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 35 26                                                         | MB Part no:                                                                         |
| Supplier part no: 61806181                                                          | Supplier part no: 6189-6171                                                         |
| Color: White                                                                        | Color: White                                                                        |
|  |  |

Tab20- Right rear light assembly interface connector X2507(X1)

| Right rear light assembly interface connectorX2507(X1) |         |            |              |     |     |               |            |             |             |                             |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------|-----|-----|---------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Color-code                                             | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gaug e (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potentia l | Max Current | Min Current | Function                    |
| GN/BL                                                  | 351     | 3052       | 0.75         | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 3.0A        | -           | Stop Lamp, rear right lower |
| BL/GN                                                  | 318     | 3042       | 0.75         | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 3.0A        | -           | Tail lamp right             |
| WS/GE                                                  | 169     | 3131       | 0.75         | 3   | 3   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn signal rear, right     |
| BR                                                     | 347     |            | 1.5          | 4   | 4   | Output        | (-ve)      |             | -           | Ground                      |
|                                                        |         |            |              |     |     |               |            |             |             |                             |
| GE/RT                                                  | 325     | 3043       | 0.75         | 6   | 6   | Output        | 24V(+ve)   | 1.5A        | -           | Backup lamp                 |

7.6.5 Rear Fog lamp connections RH

Below are the connection details for RH Fog lamp connectors

| Right rear Fog light assembly interface connector X2507(X2)                        |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
| MB Part no: A 693 545 33 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 015 545 55 26                                                         |
| TYCO 6 POLES: 282104-1                                                             | TYCO 2 POLES: 282080-1                                                              |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|  |  |

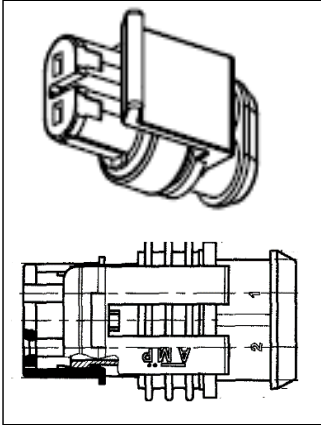
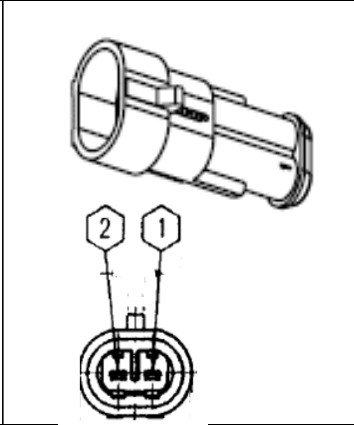
Tab21- Right rear Fog light assembly interface connector X2507(X2)

| Right rear Fog light assembly interface connector X2507(X2) |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |             |                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Color-code                                                  | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function            |
| GN                                                          |         | 3051       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Fog Lamp, rear left |
|                                                             |         |            | 0.75        | 2   | 2   | Output        |           |             | -           |                     |

7.6.6 License Plate Lamp

BSIV- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

Below are the connection details for License Plate Lamp connectors

| Right rear Fog light assembly interface connector X2507(X2)                        |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 26 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 401 545 14 43                                                         |
| TYCO 6 POLES: 282080-1                                                             | TYCO 2 POLES: 282104--1                                                             |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|  |  |

Tab21- License Plate Lamp assembly interface connector X2506(X3)

| License Plate Lamp assembly interface connector X2506(X3) |         |            |                          |     |     |               |           |             |             |                    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Color-code                                                | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function           |
| GR/GE                                                     | 309     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | License Plate Lamp |
| BR                                                        | 349B    |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output        | (-ve)     |             | -           | Ground             |

7.7 Wiper motor connections

The Wiper system connectors for front windshield is located at the FIRST CROSS BEAM, original connector must be retained for body adaptation connector details to be used by the bodybuilder is listed in the table below.

Tab22- M4 washer motor Connection X0106

| Windshild Wiper motor-X0106 |                  |                                 |                  | Windshield Wiper Motor – X0106 |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |                      |                      |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Chassis side Connector      |                  | Bus Body builder side connector |                  | Color-code                     | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current          | Function             |
| MB Part No                  | Supplier part No | MB Part No                      | Supplier part No |                                |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |                      |                      |
| Connector: A 384 545 73 26  | 926330-3(Tyco)   |                                 | 171433-1(Tyco)   | WS                             | 276     | 3082       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | Gnd       | Active low           | Wiper Autostop input |
| Terminal1: A 384 545 85 26  | 927852-3(Tyco)   |                                 | 928962-2(Tyco)   | BL                             | 277     | 3405       | 2.5         | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | Active High(12A Max) | Wiper low speed      |
| Terminal2 : A 384 545 82 26 | 880645-6(Tyco)   |                                 |                  |                                |         |            |             | 3   | 3   |               |           |                      |                      |
| Color: White                |                  |                                 | Color: White     | GE/ BL                         | 279     | 3404       | 2.5         | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | Active High(12A Max) | Wiper High speed     |
|                             |                  |                                 |                  |                                |         |            |             | 5   | 5   |               |           |                      |                      |
|                             |                  |                                 |                  | BR                             | 278     |            | 2.5         | 6   | 6   | Output        | Gnd       | Gnd                  | Gnd                  |

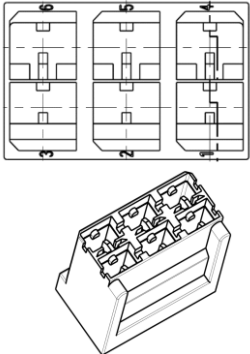


Diagram and photo of the chassis side connector, showing a 3-pin connector with terminals labeled 1, 2, and 3.

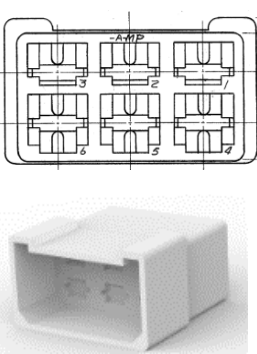


Diagram and photo of the bus body builder side connector, showing a 6-pin connector with terminals labeled 1 through 6.

!

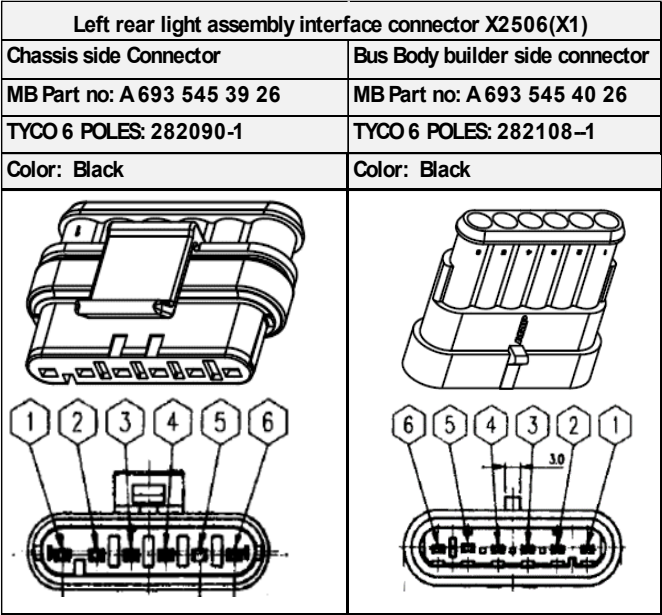
Should the power of the windshield wiper motor, to be installed by the body maker be higher than specified, in order not to damage the chassis combined switch, auxiliary relays are to be installed in the circuits of stages 1 and 2 of the windshield wiper system. See below the spare connector table for the body maker X0106.

7.7 Wiper motor connections

BSIV- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

The Wiper system connectors for front windshield is located at the FIRST CROSS BEAM, original connector must be retained for body adaptation connector details to be used by the bodybuilder is listed in the table below.

Tab22- M4 washer motor Connection X0106



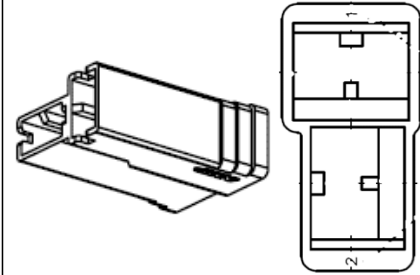
| Windshield Wiper Motor – X0106 |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |                      |                      |
|--------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Color-code                     | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current          | Function             |
| WS                             | 276     | 3082       | 0.75        | 1   | 1   | Output        | Gnd       | Active low           | Wiper Autostop input |
| BL                             | 277     | 3405       | 2.5         | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | Active High(12A Max) | Wiper low speed      |
|                                |         |            |             | 3   | 3   |               |           |                      |                      |
| GE/ BL                         | 279     | 3404       | 2.5         | 4   | 4   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | Active High(12A Max) | Wiper High speed     |
|                                |         |            |             | 5   | 5   |               |           |                      |                      |
| BR                             | 278     |            | 2.5         | 6   | 6   | Output        | Gnd       | Gnd                  | Gnd                  |

!

Should the power of the windshield wiper motor, to be installed by the body maker be higher than specified, in order not to damage the chassis combined switch, auxiliary relays are to be installed in the circuits of stages 1 and 2 of the windshield wiper system. See below the spare connector table for the body maker X0106.

7.8 Wiper pump connections

The Washer system connector for front windshield is located on the FIRST CROSSBEAM, the Daimler and AMP connector number to be used by the bodybuilder are listed in the table below.

| Windshield Wiper Pump Motor – 33M01                                                |                  |                                                                                     |                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             |                  | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |                  |
| MB Part No                                                                         | Supplier part No | MB Part No                                                                          | Supplier part No |
| Connector: A 384 545 80 26                                                         | 926522-1(Tyco)   |                                                                                     | 1-180908-0       |
| Terminal : A 384 545 82 26                                                         | 880645-6(Tyco)   |                                                                                     | 928962-2(Tyco)   |
| Color: White                                                                       |                  |                                                                                     | Color: White     |
|  |                  |  |                  |

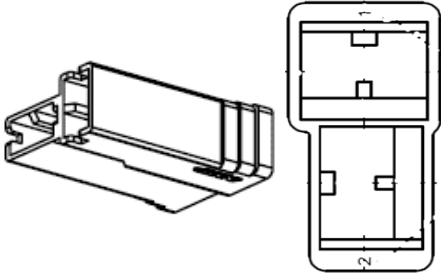
Tab 23- Windshield Wiper Pump Motor – 33M01

| Windshield Wiper Pump Motor – 33M01 |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |                         |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Color-code                          | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Function                |
| BR                                  | 280     |            | 1.5         | 1   | 1   | Output        | Gnd       | Gnd         | Gnd                     |
| GE/ GR                              | 281     | 3079       | 1.5         | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 6A Max      | Wiper washer pump motor |

7.8 Wiper pump connections

BSIV- OBD I & II Phase1 improvement from 2025

The Washer system connector for front windshield is located on the LH side of podest, the Daimler and AMP connector number to be used by the bodybuilder are listed in the table below.

| Windshield Wiper Pump Motor – 33M01                                                |                  |                                                                                     |                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             |                  | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |                  |
| MB Part No                                                                         | Supplier part No | MB Part No                                                                          | Supplier part No |
| Connector: A 400 546 53 42                                                         | TTP22FN6N(TTPL)  |                                                                                     | TTP-22MN(TTPL)   |
| Terminal : A 384 545 82 26                                                         | TT-1012(TTPL)    |                                                                                     | TT-1810K(TTPL)   |
| Color: White                                                                       |                  |                                                                                     | Color: White     |
|  |                  |  |                  |

Tab 23- Windshield Wiper Pump Motor – 33M01

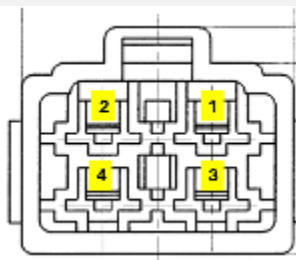
| Windshield Wiper Pump Motor – 33M01 |         |            |             |     |     |               |           |             |                         |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Color-code                          | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm²) | pin | pin | Input/ Output | Potential | Max Current | Function                |
| BR                                  | 280     |            | 1.5         | 1   | 1   | Output        | Gnd       | Gnd         |                         |
| GE/ GR                              | 281     | 3079       | 1.5         | 2   | 2   | Output        | 24V(+ve)  | 6A Max      | Wiper washer pump motor |

2507DIV5

## 7.1 Headlight and other front light connections LH

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

Below are the connection details for Front left side headlight, located in the first cross member of the module 1.

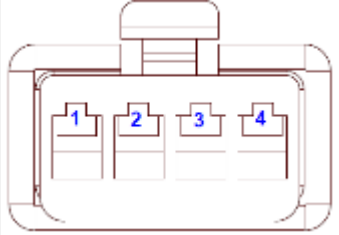
| Head lamp LH Interconnector E9                                                     |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 40 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 400 545 36 28                                                         |
| Sumitomo 4 POLE: 6070-4481                                                         | Sumitomo 4 POLE: 6070-4471                                                          |
| Color: Natural                                                                     | Color: Natural                                                                      |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

**Tab 24 - Headlight and other front light connections LH assembly interface connector E9**

| Headlamp LH Interconnector E9 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code                    | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Gr/Bl                         | 262     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Ws                            | 264     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| BR                            | 554     |            | 0.75                     | 3   | 3   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Left Front Headlamp(LED Possible) |
| Ws                            | 270     |            | 0.75                     | 4   | 4   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |

7.2 RPAS Warning Unit A45

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

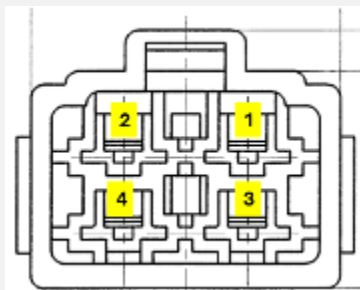
| RPAS Warning Unit A45                                                              |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 546 48 42                                                        | MB Part no:                                                                         |
| JST 4 POLE: SMR-04V-B                                                              | JST 4 POLE: SMP-04V-BC                                                              |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 25 - RPAS Warning Unit A45 assembly interface connector A45

| RPAS Warning Unit A45 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-----------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code            | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Rt                    | 556     |            | 0.35                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| -                     | -       |            | -                        | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| Ge                    | 557     |            | 0.35                     | 3   | 3   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Left Front Headlamp(LED Possible) |
| Sw                    | 555     |            | 0.35                     | 4   | 4   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |

7.3 Headlamp RH E8

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

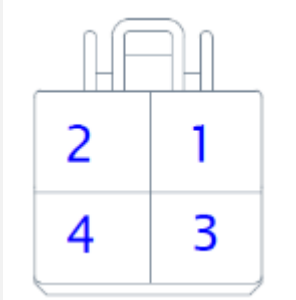
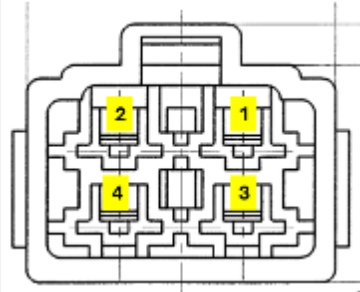
| Head lamp RH E8                                                                    |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 40 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 400 545 36 28                                                         |
| Sumitomo 4 POLE: 6070-4481                                                         | Sumitomo 4 POLE: 6070-4471                                                          |
| Color: Natural                                                                     | Color: Natural                                                                      |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 26 - Headlamp RH assembly interface connector E8

| Headlamp RH E8 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|----------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code     | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Bl/Rt          | 261     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Bl/Sw          | 263     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| BR             | 553     |            | 0.75                     | 3   | 3   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Left Front Headlamp(LED Possible) |
| Gr/Gn          | 271     |            | 0.75                     | 4   | 4   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |

7.4 Additional Headlamp RH E8.1

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

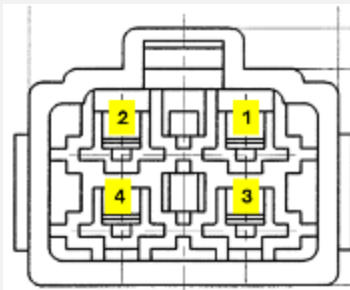
| Additional Headlamp RH E8.1                                                        |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 546 56 42                                                        | MB Part no: A 400 546 70 30                                                         |
| Sumitomo 4 POLE: <del>6070-4481 (B)</del><br>6070-4482                             | Sumitomo 4 POLE: 6070-4472                                                          |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 27 - Additional Headlamp RH assembly interface connector E8.1

| Additional Headlamp RH E8.1 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code                  | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Sw                          | 832     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Rt/Bl                       | 834     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| BR                          | 836     |            | 0.75                     | 3   | 3   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Left Front Headlamp(LED Possible) |
| -                           | -       |            | -                        | 4   | 4   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |

## 7.5 Additional Headlamp LH E9.1

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

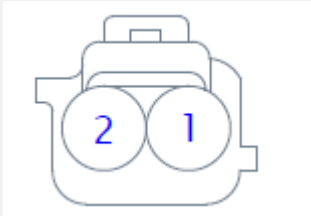
| Additional Headlamp LH E9.1                                                        |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 546 56 42                                                        | MB Part no: A 400 546 70 30                                                         |
| Sumitomo 4 POLE: <del>6070-4481 (B)</del><br>6070-4482                             | Sumitomo 4 POLE: 6070-4472                                                          |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |

**Tab 28 - Additional Headlamp LH assembly interface connector E9.1**

| Additional Headlamp LH E9.1 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code                  | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Rt                          | 831     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Ge                          | 833     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| BR                          | 835     |            | 0.75                     | 3   | 3   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | 50mA        | Turn Left Front Headlamp(LED Possible) |
| -                           | -       |            | -                        | 4   | 4   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |

7.6 Indicator Lamp RH E10

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

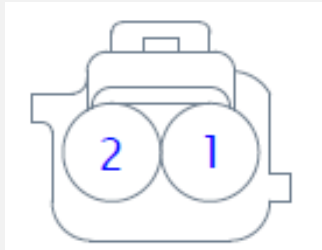
| Indicator Lamp RH E10                                                              |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 36 26                                                        | MB Part no:                                                                         |
| Sumitomo 2 POLE: 6189-0175                                                         | Sumitomo 2 POLE: 6188-0294                                                          |
| Color: Grey                                                                        | Color: Grey                                                                         |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 29 - Indicator Lamp RH assembly interface connector E10

| Indicator Lamp RH E10 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-----------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code            | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| BR                    | 354     |            | 1.5                      | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Ws/BI                 | 326     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

7.7 Indicator Lamp LH E11

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

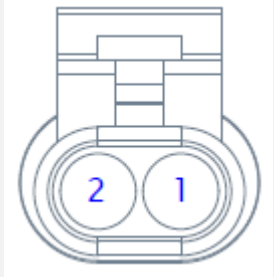
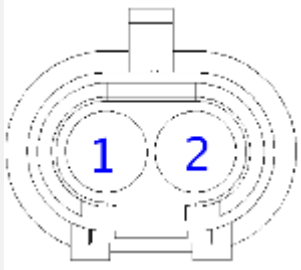
| Indicator Lamp LH E11                                                              |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 36 26                                                        | MB Part no:                                                                         |
| Sumitomo 2 POLE: 6189-0175                                                         | Sumitomo 2 POLE: 6188-0294                                                          |
| Color: Grey                                                                        | Color: Grey                                                                         |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 30 - Indicator Lamp LH assembly interface connector E11

| Indicator Lamp LH E11 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-----------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code            | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| BR                    | 352     |            | 1.5                      | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Gr/Vi                 | 327     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

7.8 DRL RH E13

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

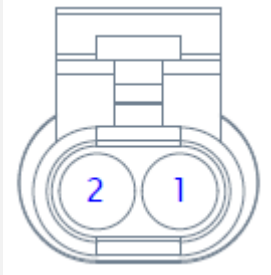
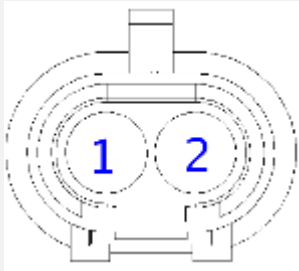
| DRL RH E13                                                                         |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 26 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 401 545 14 43                                                         |
| Tyco 2 POLE: 282080-1                                                              | Tyco 2 POLE: 282104-1                                                               |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 31 - DRL RH assembly interface connector E13

| DRL RH E13 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Bl/Gn      | 267     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| BR         | 551     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

7.9 DRL LH E14

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

| DRL LH E14                                                                         |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 26 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 401 545 14 43                                                         |
| TYCO 2 POLE: 282080-1                                                              | Tyco 2 POLE: 282104-1                                                               |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

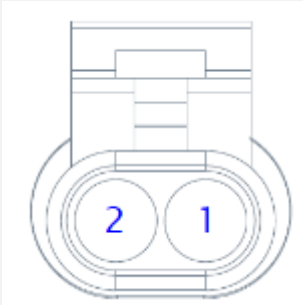
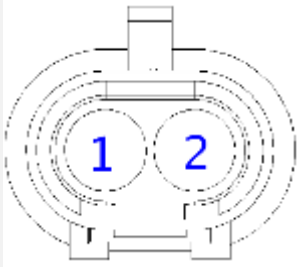
Tab 32 - DRL LH assembly interface connector E14

| DRL LH E14 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Bl/Ge      | 268     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| BR         | 552     |            | 0.75                     | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

8.0 Fog light connection

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

Below are the connection details for front left Fog lamp connector

| Foglamp X2504(X1)                                                                  |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 545 26 26                                                        | MB Part no: A 401 545 14 43                                                         |
| TYCO 2 POLE: 282080-1                                                              | Tyco 2 POLE: 282104-1                                                               |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

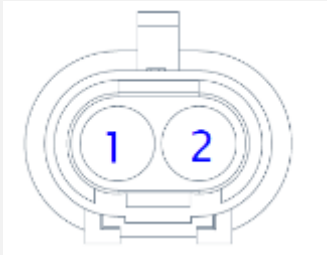
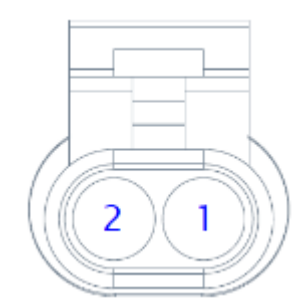
Tab 33 - Fog light interface connector X2504(X1)

| Foglamp X2504(X 1) |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|--------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code         | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Ws/Gn              | 266     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| BR                 | 353     |            | 1.5                      | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

8.1 Fog light connection

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

Below are the connection details for front Fog lamp connector

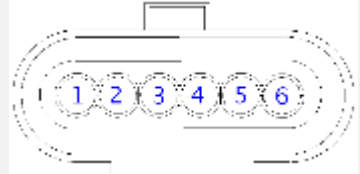
| Foglamp X2505(X2)                                                                  |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 401 545 14 43                                                        | MB Part no: A 400 545 26 26                                                         |
| TYCO 2 POLE: 282104-1                                                              | TYCO 2 POLE: 282080-1                                                               |
| Color: Black                                                                       | Color: Black                                                                        |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

Tab 34 - Front left lamp interface connector X2505(X2)

| Foglamp X2505(X2) |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code        | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Bl/Ws             | 265     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| BR                | 355     |            | 1.5                      | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

8.2 WINDSHIELD WIPER MOTOR connections

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

| WINDSHIELD WIPER MOTOR X0106                                                      |                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                            | Bus Body builder side connector                                                   |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 693 545 39 26                                                       | MB Part no: A 693 545 40 26                                                       |
| TYCO 6 POLE: 282090-1                                                             | Tyco 6 POLE: 282108-1                                                             |
| Color: Black                                                                      | Color: Black                                                                      |
|                                                                                   |                                                                                   |

Tab 35 - WINDSHIELD WIPER MOTOR interface connector X0106

| WINDSHIELD WIPER MOTOR X0106 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code                   | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| Ws                           | 276     |            | 0.75                     | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Bl                           | 277     |            | 2.5                      | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |
| -                            | -       |            | -                        | 4   | 4   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 1.0A        | -           | Front Side Position Light              |
| Ge/Bl                        | 279     |            | 2.5                      | 5   | 5   | Output       | (-ve)     | -           | -           | Ground                                 |
| -                            | -       |            | -                        | 6   | 6   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | DRL (Daytime Running Light), left      |
| BR                           | 278     |            | 2.5                      | 6   | 6   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | -           | DRL (Daytime Running Light), left      |

!

Should the power of the windshield wiper motor, to be installed by the body maker be higher than specified, in order not to damage the chassis combined switch, auxiliary relays are to be installed in the circuits of stages 1 and 2 of the windshield wiper system. See below the spare connector table for the body maker X0106.

8.3 Wiper pump connections

HD Bus\_Phase2 Improvement

The Washer system connector for front windshield is located on the FIRST CROSSBEAM, the Daimler and AMP connector number to be used by the bodybuilder are listed in the table below.

| WINDSHIELD WIPER PUMP MOTOR 33M01                                                  |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Chassis side Connector                                                             | Bus Body builder side connector                                                     |
|  |  |
| MB Part no: A 400 546 53 42                                                        | MB Part no:                                                                         |
| TTP-22FN                                                                           | TTP-22MN                                                                            |
| Color: Natural                                                                     | Color: Natural                                                                      |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |

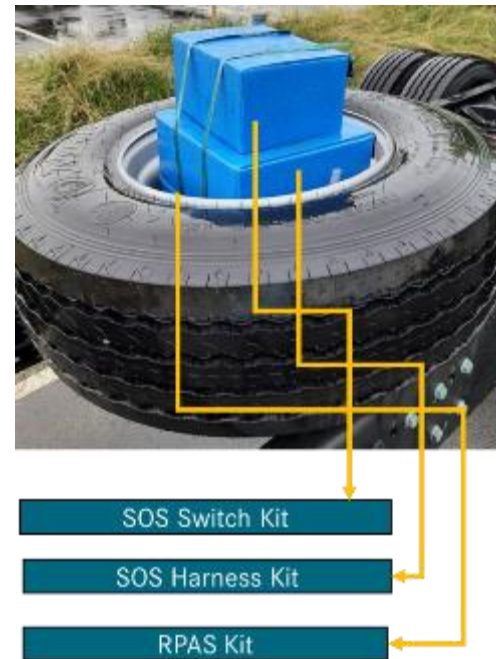
Tab 36 - Windshield Wiper Pump Motor interface connector – 33M01

| WINDSHIELD WIPER PUMP MOTOR 33M01 |         |            |                          |     |     |              |           |             |             |                                        |
|-----------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| Color-code                        | Wire N. | Circuit N. | Gauge (mm <sup>2</sup> ) | pin | pin | Input/Output | Potential | Max Current | Min Current | Function                               |
| BR                                | 280     |            | 1.5                      | 1   | 1   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,2A        | Low Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible  |
| Ge/Gr                             | 281     |            | 1.5                      | 2   | 2   | Output       | 24V(+ve)  | 3.0A        | 0,5A        | High Beam, left, LED or Xenon possible |

### 7.9 Rear parking sensor for OF 1624/1824 chassis

The 'RPAS' equipment to fulfill 'AIS 145' requirements is now supplied with all Daimler India Commercial Vehicles Pvt. Ltd., OF 16T & 18T Bus chassis toolkit as standard,

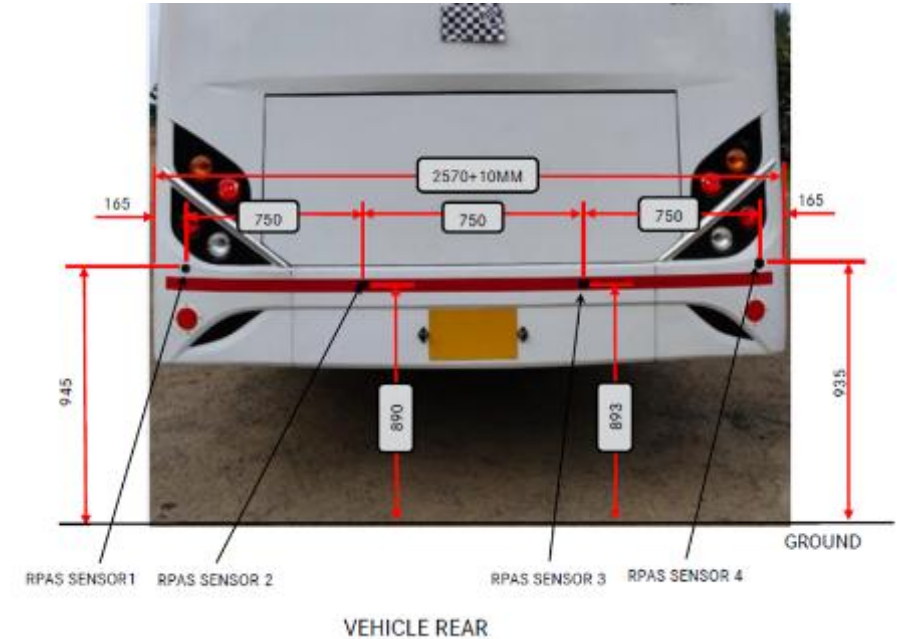
- The Wiring harness for the RPAS will be Factory fitted and shouldn't be replaced or Rerouted by body builder
- This approved AIS 145 compliant device (Sensors,ECU,buzzer) must be fitted by Bodybuilder during bodybuilding or after bodybuilding processes.



**RPAS KIT in Chassis**

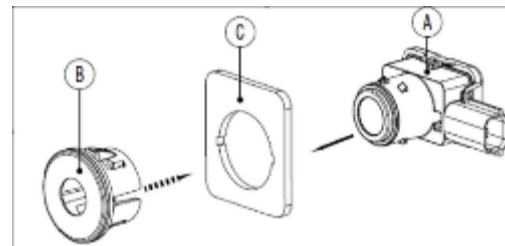
## 7.9 Rear parking sensor for OF 1624/1824 chassis

- The following steps are to be followed during RPAS installation.
  - The height at which the sensor has mounted from floor for 16T
    - Bandwidth min 900 and max. 955 mm at un-laden condition –16 ton



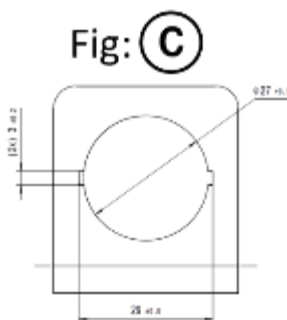
Dimension shown for reference only

- Install the RPAS sensor assembly (A) and Bezel (B) on the rear dome of Bus body using snap fit.

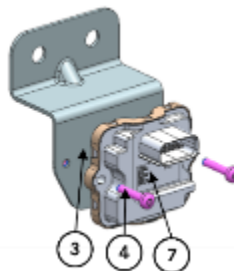


## 7.9 Rear parking sensor for OF 1624/1824 chassis

- The following steps are to be followed during RPAS installation.
- The sensor bracket (C) shown in the drawing are for reference purpose and not part of the RPAS kit. Fig C for standard dimension of Bezel cutout. Sensor Bracket shall be insert molding/layering to rear bumper. Do not mount the bracket using bolt and nut with the FRP. Bumper.

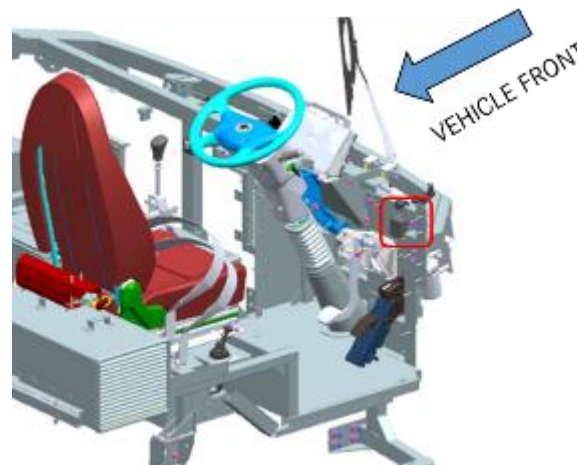


- Install the RPAS ECU assembly to mount on cross member of under frame with M12 hexagonal bolt (5) using 16mm hexagonal socket and ratchet. Set the torque to  $104 \pm 10$  Nm.
- Install the RPAS ECU (3) to mount on bracket (2) with M6 Panhead Screws (4) using 5 size Allen Key. Set the torque to  $8.4 \pm 1$  Nm.

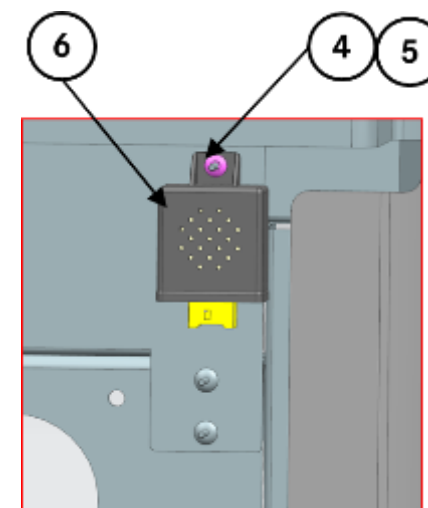


## 7.9 Rear parking sensor for OF 1624/1824 chassis

- The following steps are to be followed during RPAS installation.
6. Identify the suitable position on the Dashboard or in driver cabin to mount the RPAS buzzer, the buzzer system should be mounted in a suitable location such a way that it is easily accessible and is exposed to passengers as well as the driver



7. Install the RPAS Buzzer (6) to mount on driver compartment with M6 Pan head Screws (4) using 5 size Allen Key. Set the torque to  $7.8 \pm 0.6$  Nm.



## 7.10 EVSC for OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) Buses

### 7.10.1 EVSC

The 1624/1824 RHD chassis are supplied with Entire Vehicle stability Control system (EVSC), as mandated by the “AIS-133” and should be fixed in the Body/chassis Post bodybuilding the following recommendation's are to be followed to ensure proper integration of the EVSC system.



Failure to install the EVSC components as per the guidelines can cause the system malfunction.

### 7.16.2 Components Present for EVSC Functionality in Chassis

| S.No. | Component                | Count | Location                      | Body builder Scope                             |
|-------|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 1     | ESC Module               | 1     | In middle (center of Chassis) | No Reposition Allowed                          |
| 2     | SAS                      | 1     | Steering Panel                | No reposition Allowed                          |
| 9     | Wheel Speed Sensor       | 4     | Wheel Ends                    | No reposition Allowed                          |
| 4     | Digital Foot Brake Valve | 1     | Steering Panel                | No reposition Allowed                          |
| 5     | Solenoid Valve           | 2     | Front and Rear Axle           | No reposition Allowed                          |
| 6     | Modulator Valve          | 4     | Front and Rear Axle           | No reposition Allowed                          |
| 7     | ABS + EVSC ECU           | 1     | ECU Rack                      | Bodybuilders to reposition along with the Rack |
| 8     | EVSC CAN Gateway         | 1     | ECU Rack                      | Bodybuilders to reposition along with the Rack |
| 9     | EVSC Deactivation Switch | 1     | Near Instrument cluster       | Bodybuilder to reposition                      |

## Interface chassis and body

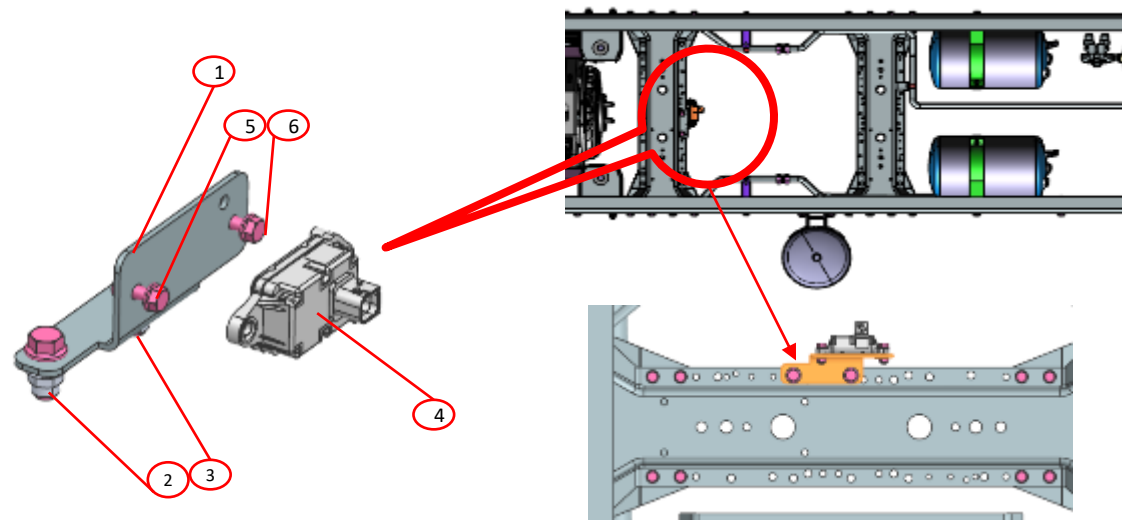
## 7.10 EVSC for OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) Buses

## 7.10.3 ESC Module

The ESC Module is Fitted in the Middle of the chassis and is calibrated from the factory. Tampering, removing, repositioning the ESC module is not permitted.

- i**
- The position and Orientation of ESC Module should be as near as possible to CG.
  - No wires should be removed in Ignition On Cycle.
  - If Faulty ESC is replaced, Learning of ESC has to happen again.
  - Interference with ESC Module is Not permitted; Under no circumstances during Body building.
  - IP 67/ Proper Locking of connector to be ensured after bodybuilding job.
  - It should be ensured by Bodybuilder to have easy access for maintenance and removal.
  - The wiring Harness for ESC is Plant fitted and rerouting by Bodybuilder is not recommended.
  - During Welding Job, Torch ground should not be connected to ESC Bracket.

| S.No | Description                                             |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 1    | Bracket                                                 |
| 2    | Bracket mounting fasteners – M12x1.5x30 10.9 Grade Bolt |
| 3    | Bracket mounting fasteners – M12 Nut                    |
| 4    | ESC Module                                              |
| 5    | ESC module mounting fasteners - M8 Bolt                 |
| 6    | ESC module mounting fasteners - M8 Nut                  |



## Interface chassis and body

### 7.10 EVSC for OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) Buses

#### 7.10.4 SAS module

The SAS Module is factory Fitted to the Steering column of the chassis and is calibrated from the factory. Tampering, removing, repositioning the SAS module is not permitted.

i

- The position and Orientation of SAS should not be changed. If changed, Steering Learning has to happen again for Diagnostic Tool.
- It should be made sure that adjustment in steering wheel column should not interfere with SAS.
- If faulty SAS is replaced, Steering Learning has to happen again.
- Wiring Harness of SAS is Plant Fitted, rerouting by Bodybuilder is not recommended.
- Disassembly or alteration of SAS is not allowed.

#### 7.10.5 EVSC CAN Gateway

i

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered, Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- Never measure the connections when they are on by using probes or cables ends. Never remove the connectors pulling them by the wires After unlatching them, lift them out pulling at the same connector body
- If any Modification/Rework happened in Brake Light Circuit, working has to be ensured through 'EVSC CAN Gateway' in Diagnostic tool.

## Interface chassis and body

## 7.10 EVSC for OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) Buses

## 7.10.6 Valves

i

- The position change of Digital Foot Brake Valve is not encouraged.
- The body Builder must ensure easy reach to the valve for Maintenance purpose.
- There should not be any change or sharp curve in the pneumatic circuit of Brakes and valve.
- Supply of air for auxiliary components such as Door, Horn should not be taken from the Brakes circuit.
- Ensure proper covering of Valves during Bodybuilding Process to protect from dust, dirt and water.
- The body parts and external panels should not interfere with the Pneumatic circuit and foot brake valve.
- Ensure valves to be leak-proof.

## 7.10.7 ABS + EVSC ECU

i

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered, Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- Never measure the connections when they are 'ON' by using probes or cables ends. Never remove the connectors pulling them by the wires After unlatching them, lift them out pulling at the same connector body.
- Proper Locking of Connector to be ensured.

## Interface chassis and body

### 7.10 EVSC for OF 1624/1824/1924/1926 (AMT) Buses

#### 7.10.8 EVSC Deactivation Switch

The EVSC system consists of a deactivation switch that is connected to the circuit and should be installed in the dashboard with proper visibility and reachability to the Drivers

i

- ESP can be switched off with Deactivation switch provided with wiring harness.
- Do not modify the power supply to the switch as it may affect the functionality.

## 8 Ground point

### 8.1 Ground point



Isolated ground termination

#### Earthing points

The chassis is delivered with 4 interconnected earthing points (driver's place, electrical main panel, engine and batteries).

Earthing point W1001 must be placed next to the batteries (existing earthing point at the central part of the chassis is only valid for transport). This earthing point must have electrical connection to the body-structure and an adequate size to conduct the earth current.

Avoid the connection of many cables to an earthing point, create an extra earthing point connected by wire to an existing earthing point.

The battery earthing point must be connected to other earthing points (engine and electrical main panel...) with the cables supplied with the chassis.

The cables at the earthing point must be well-tightened to avoid to get loose with the vehicle's vibrations. Poor contact at the earthing point can cause malfunction or damages in electric components.



Location on starter motor

#### WARNING

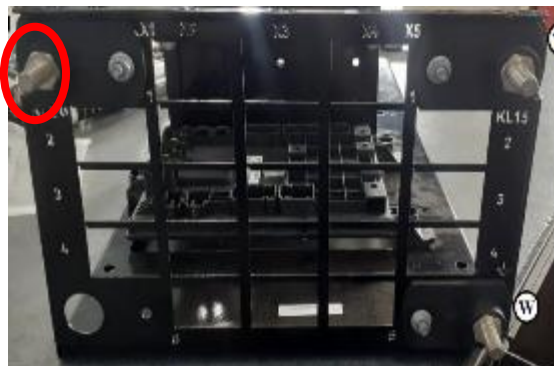
Poor contact at earthing points or missing earth cables can cause malfunction or damages electric/electronic components (risk of fire).

In All earthing points must be connected jointly by means of wires to conduct properly the electrical current.

No current should be conducted through the vehicle frame can cause Routing the earth return conductor via the vehicle frame damage to engine and transmission components and to the earth line.

## 8 Ground point

### 8.2 Grounding point located in the connections center



Ground point Location on Electric center

- 1 Grounding point
- 2 Signal KL30

Daimler bus chassis with electronic engine have a particularity concerning the body grounding. Countless problems will occur in the case the body grounding interferes in the grounding of the chassis, such as: The engine may shutdown without any previous notice in the instrument cluster, defects without coherent explanations, random operation of other systems, etc.

The structure of the body is not to be utilized as grounding, i.e, the body will need to have its grounding project similar to the project developed in the vehicle chassis. For the chassis area, the specific point in the side rail has to be utilized, which we denominate: "Unified ground connection point".

The grounding point which will be used by the body has to be derived from the unified grounding points because these points are interconnected to the battery's negative pole by means of electrical cables.

In the area of the instrument cluster there is a specific point to connect any grounding point, where practically only exist electrical signals, and not power wires.

This detail is because the EMC (Electrical Magnetic Compatibility) effect affects on the electronic equipment.

The grounding points are located in the chassis, at the left side close to the starter motor and in the connections center, they are directly derived from the negative battery post.

Grounding point on the starter motor.

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.1 Battery

OF chassis are delivered with two 12V-135Ah maintenance free batteries (24V system) or optionally, two 12V-170Ah batteries (24V system), placed on a metal bracket attached to the chassis frame. Never install 12V equipment connected to one of the batteries only. If necessary, utilize a 24V to 12V converter.



Battery compartment B54.10-0009-02  
Electronic relays (arrows)  
1 Plastic cover for battery protection  
2 Protection removed from batteries



Do not remove the cover before the bodybuilding.

## Battery Handling & Precautions

Observe vehicle Operating Instructions. Remove and check the batteries on receipt of the chassis.

If the acid density is below 1.20g/ml or open-circuit voltage is below 12,2 volts, recharge the batteries. The charging time is 24 hours. Batteries removed temporarily must be stored in a cool, dry place. Daimler Buses recommends to store the batteries in a suitable charging station.

The acid density or the open-circuit voltage must be checked every 3 months. If necessary, recharge the batteries using a suitable device. The charging time is 24 hours.

Check the batteries before delivering the vehicle. If necessary, recharge or replace the batteries. Protect the batteries from UV radiation. Provide a cover, Never place any metal objects or tools on the batteries.

There is a risk of short circuit if the positive terminal clamp on the connected battery comes into contact with vehicle parts. This could cause highly explosive gas mixture to ignite. You and others could be seriously injured as a result. When disconnecting the batteries, always disconnect the negative terminal clamp first and then the positive terminal.

Do not disconnect or remove the battery terminals while the engine is running.

Following safety precautions must be taken to ensure that electronic components are protected from overvoltage during welding work:

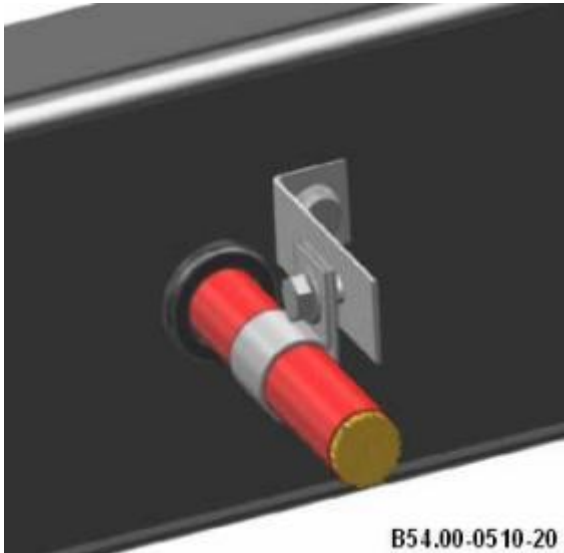
Disconnect the positive and negative battery terminals and cover them. Remove batteries. The main electrical panel and the battery electrical panel, as well as all electronic control units, must be removed before starting to work on the body structure. They may only be installed once all welding work and work on the shell has been completed,

All remaining electrical systems and lines must be protected from damage, e.g. from welding sparks, by taking the appropriate precautions (e.g. welding covers).

As the electronic control units are unique for every chassis, they must be marked with the vehicle identification number before removing them from the chassis. The storage place must be free of dust, heat, water and other environmental/industrial influences.

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.1 Battery compartment



Cable support

The batteries compartment must be designed to be water and/or impurities proof. It should also be, well ventilated, where the section for gas ventilation / exhaust is not to be conveyed to the passengers cabin and to the baggage compartment, it should be located in an easily accessible compartment from the outside, and, for safety, at the opposite side of the driver, with sufficient room for battery removal without damaging the leads and the support.

The internal battery compartment temperature has to have a maximum limit of 50C°, as batteries are damaged if this limit is exceeded.

Never splice battery cables. Install and fasten them firmly.

Protect the electric wires from abrasion / mechanical rubbing against each other and other vehicle parts, besides protecting them from excessive heat, thus avoiding starting a fire. If there is damage risk from mechanical rubbing along its way, passing by beams or plates, these passages are to be protected with grommets. If necessary, utilize wiring ducts or conduits. However, it is better to attach the wires in this passage with a bracket to assure that no friction occurs.

The positive lead and the negative lead connecting the batteries to the starter and grounding point, have lengths and gauges according to the location of the batteries in the chassis and have been designed aiming at the chassis ferrying to the bodybuilder, with the batteries fastened onto a wooden board. The bodybuilder has to evaluate the need to change the leads, adapting them to the new length and gauge needs, without causing substantial voltage drop. In this case, the specifications of the following norms are to be observed:

- For the leads - MBN 22.004-B;
- For the terminals - DIN 46.234 (Crimped, without the utilization of solder).

The purpose of these norms is to use flexible wire with crimped terminal and flexible insulation tape between the cable ends and terminals (do not use solder on the terminals). Always keep the terminals clean and tightened.

The lengths of the battery leads are not to be changed without previous authorization of the Electric and Electronic Engineering Department of Daimler Buses India..

9 Battery compartment

9.1 Battery compartment

For testing and investigations, never cause short circuit between battery poles, alternator and starter terminals and other systems, to check the presence of electric tension or for other reason, as besides damaging the same components, with the large scale utilization of on-board electronics in the vehicles, this practice will cause irreparable damages.

Be careful with electric current leakage (it is the existing electrical consumption when the engine and all electrical consumers are in switched-off condition. Ex.: radio memory, clock, GPS. etc) The smaller this consumption, the better.

We consider acceptable:

- 300mA for vehicles with 100Ah batteries;
- 500mA for vehicles with 135/170 or 220Ah batteries.

Recharge batteries only after disconnecting them from the electrical system of the bus, following the instructions of the battery manufacturer and those of the battery charger manufacturer. For battery recharging, considering a 60% charge state (between 12.35V and 12.45V),

Re recommend to apply a maximum of 02 recharges to each battery and that the respective recording is carried out in the bodybuilding check list.

The recharged batteries should not remain stored for over 60 days.

Tab20- Battery recharging

| Model                                                 | Recharging time | current | Maximum constant tension |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|
| 100Ah                                                 | 6 Hours         | 100A    | 14 Volts                 |
| 135Ah                                                 |                 | 13.5A   |                          |
| 170Ah                                                 |                 | 17.0A   |                          |
| 220Ah                                                 |                 | 22.0A   |                          |
| The values vary according to the battery charge state |                 |         |                          |

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.1 Battery compartment

Should there be any trace of corrosion on the battery or battery terminals, detach the leads and clean with a wire brush. The acid can be neutralized with soda ash and water solution. Reattach the battery leads after having cleaned them.

As the original batteries are of the maintenance free type, it is not necessary to apply petroleum jelly / grease on the battery terminals / posts.

If the electrical tension of the batteries, measured in open circuit, is below 12.4 V, recharge the batteries. The recharging time varies according to the battery state of charge.

The batteries provisionally removed from the vehicles, are to be stored in a ventilated, dry and fresh location. We recommend to store batteries in an appropriate recharging station.

The electrical tension of the batteries (minimum value of 12.4 V) is to be checked every 2 months

If necessary, recharge them.

Protect the batteries against UV radiation. Utilize the protection cover whenever necessary. In emergency, if the charge of the vehicle batteries is not sufficient to crank the engine, auxiliary batteries, connected in parallel, can be utilized.

Do not utilize fast chargers for auxiliary starting.

The chassis are fitted with a master mechanical switch on the positive battery lead. It must be installed in a place of easy access. The mechanical master switch comes attached to a provisional support bracket. We recommend the

**!**

For more details, ask for help referring to the battery manufacturer or the Electric and Electronic Engineering Department of Daimler India commercial vehicle.

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.1 Battery compartment

Every cable harness must be disconnected from the electronic modules before carrying out any welding work in the chassis. No cable harness must be cut and/or stretched.

For chassis transport, the battery negative and positive cables up to the starter motor feature lengths and sizes according to the battery location in the chassis. These cables were designed only for the chassis transport with the batteries on the wood board, and the bodybuilder is in charge of evaluating these cables change to adapt them to the sizes.

The negative pole must be connected to the starter motor negative end. Never use the chassis frame or any other chassis or body metallic part as a conductor element (mass and/or grounding).

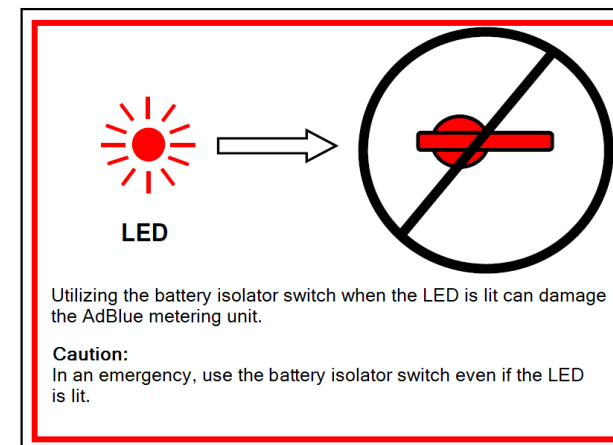
**Adblue metering unit Warning LED must be always positioned near main Battery cut-off Switch**



Battery cutoff Switch



Ad-Blue system Warning LED



#### Warning !

Turn off the MASTER SWITCH before starting the body building process, however, never with the engine running.

Parts of the exhaust treatment system are cooled with Adblue flow after the engine has been turned off. As long as the Adblue pump is working the LED is lit.

Do not open the battery isolator switch when the LED is lit. otherwise the Adblue metering unit could be damaged.

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.2 Main fuse



Position the batteries so that the MAIN SWITCH rod does not touch the battery negative and positive poles, when it is switched off.



Power Distribution Board  
Main fuse box (1X 150A)

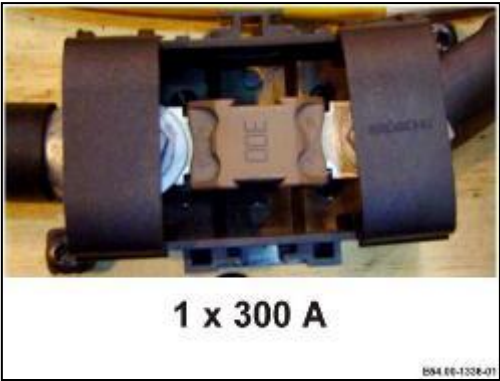
#### Battery panel (Power Distribution Board, PDB)

The battery panel contains the main fuses and ignition relay.

This panel must be mounted separately from the battery compartment, but as close as possible. The cables from +battery to motor starter through battery panel and battery isolator switch must be routed with special care (without tension, without rubbing),

The chassis main fuse has a 100 Amps capacity (for the terminal 15-optional signals and terminal 30 from the main switch cabinet) and another with a 300 Amps capacity (for the starter motor terminal 30 signal). In case of need, both 100 Amp fuses may be replaced by others with nominal current which is compatible with the complete bus design, keeping in mind the main feed wire gauge.

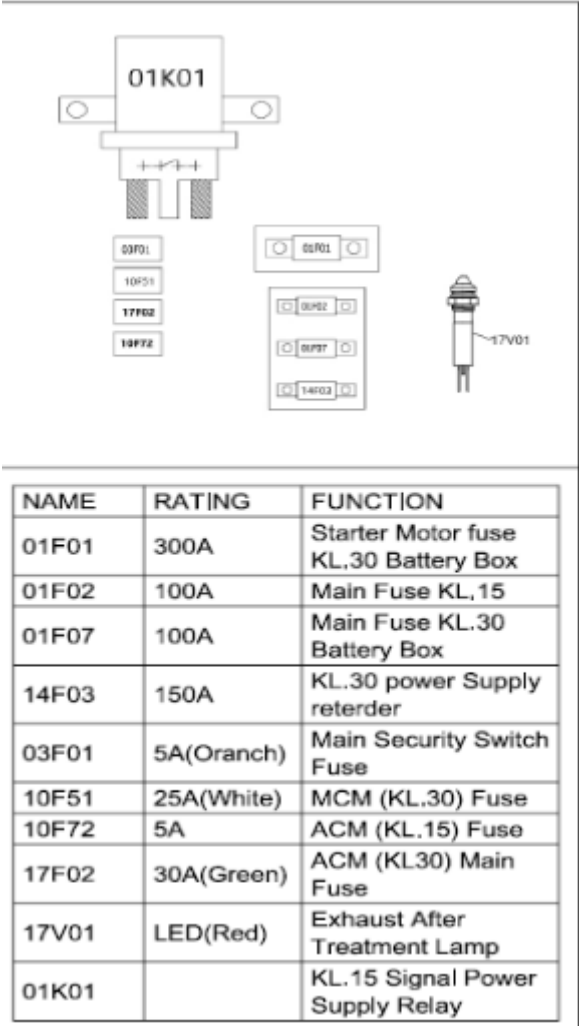
9 Battery compartment  
9.2 Main fuse



Main fuse (1x300A)



Retarder Power supply fuse (1x150A)



| NAME  | RATING     | FUNCTION                                |
|-------|------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 01F01 | 300A       | Starter Motor fuse<br>KL.30 Battery Box |
| 01F02 | 100A       | Main Fuse KL.15                         |
| 01F07 | 100A       | Main Fuse KL.30<br>Battery Box          |
| 14F03 | 150A       | KL.30 power Supply<br>reterder          |
| 03F01 | 5A(Oranch) | Main Security Switch<br>Fuse            |
| 10F51 | 25A(White) | MCM (KL.30) Fuse                        |
| 10F72 | 5A         | ACM (KL.15) Fuse                        |
| 17F02 | 30A(Green) | ACM (KL30) Main<br>Fuse                 |
| 17V01 | LED(Red)   | Exhaust After<br>Treatment Lamp         |
| 01K01 |            | KL.15 Signal Power<br>Supply Relay      |

Power supply fuses

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.3 Terminal Protective cover

The chassis are supplied with protective covers on the battery poles, we recommend their utilization to prevent short circuit.



Battery connector protection cover B54.00-0008-02



Position the batteries so that the MAIN SWITCH rod does not touch the battery negative and positive poles, when it is switched off.

## 9 Battery compartment

### 9.4 Power supply fuse



Fuses are to be located in easily accessible places for maintenance.

### 9.5 Power supply Cutoff Switch

The OF1824 chassis are supplied with Power supply cutoff switch near the instrument cluster and should be installed in a place of Easy accessibility to the driver, No modification/ tampering of wires is allowed for the cutoff Switch.

This is an additional switch provide for ease of use for the Driver, however incase of Bodybuilding and or repair works the Master Cutoff switch provided near Battery should be turned OFF.



## 10 MCM Electronic control unit



MR (PLD) module B15.00-0001-20  
Located on the engine block side

- 1 MR (PLD) module
- 2 21-wire connector.
- 3 120-wire connector.

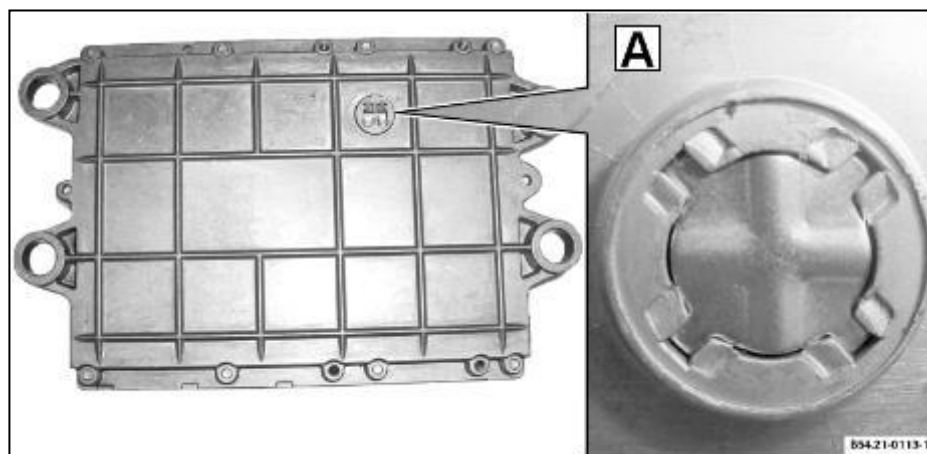
### 10.1 MCM Electronic control unit

The MCM control unit is mounted directly on the engine block and is programmed according the characteristics of the engine mounted on.

The MCM module("PLD" engine management) is the processor that manages the running of the engine. The module has this name due to its association with the fuel system (pump/pipe/ nozzle).

This module receives the signals from all engine and vehicle sensors, identifies the operation regimen, determines the instantaneous need of fuel and controls the injection time in the injection units. This module is attached to the engine side. Connection to all the sensors installed in the engine is carried out by means of a 120-way connector. Connection to the vehicle is carried out by means of a 21-way connector. This module also has an atmospheric air pressure sensor installed over the electronic board, and for this reason, there is an air inlet in the module's rear part.

Never use high-pressure washing equipment on the connectors or on the air inlet.



MR (PLD) module rear part B54.21-0001-10  
A-Atmospheric pressure sensor detail

## 10 MCM Electronic control unit

### 10.1 MCM Electronic control unit



21-wire connector

MCM (PLD) module connectors are weatherproof.

They are waterproof (high-pressure water jets are not advisable), they withstand diesel oil, dust, abrasion, engine compartment temperature, low temperatures (-40°C) and are not flammable, however, assembly and disassembly of the 55-wire and 16-wire connectors require a careful although simple and easy procedure, because otherwise the damage caused may be very expensive.

Follow these proceedings to connect and disconnect the 120-wire and 21-wire connectors

#### **21-wire connector - Information connection (CAN) with the vehicle.**

- 1 Push the yellow lock upwards, the connector will slide out.
- 2 Pull the connector away and protect the terminals until its reconnection.

## 10.1 MCM Electronic control unit



120-wire connector

**120-wire connector - Engine information connection.**

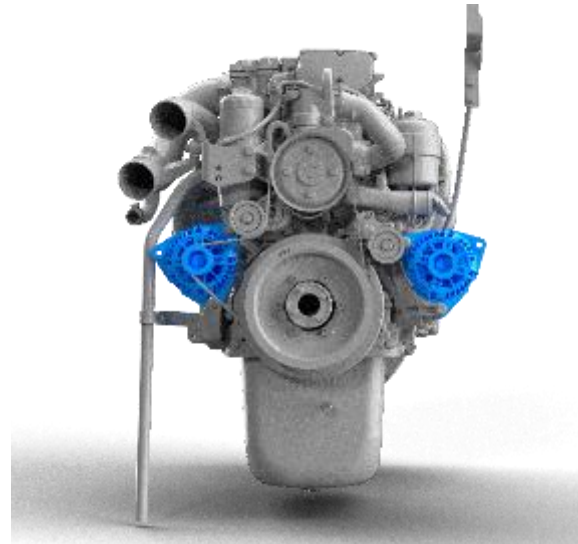
- 1 Pull front lock upwards to make connector slide out.
- 2 Pull the connector away and protect the terminals until its reconnection.

## 11 Alternator

### 11.1 Alternator

OF vehicles are fitted with a 28V 100A alternator (**2 No's for retarder chassis**)

The above mentioned alternators are equipped with rectified regulators with Zener diodes to avoid current noise harmful to electronic modules.



Vehicles equipped with TWO alternator 28V 100A

!

The association of different capacity and different make alternators (parallel connection) is not permissible, as it causes imbalance in the electric power generation system and, consequently the loss of the alternators guarantee.

!

It is not permitted to install alternators without being connected to the vehicle's batteries, as it causes electric over-tension that damages the electronic modules and, consequently the loss of warranty of the alternators and electronic modules.

## 12 Rear start system



Not applicable.

### 13 Starter blocker



Not applicable.

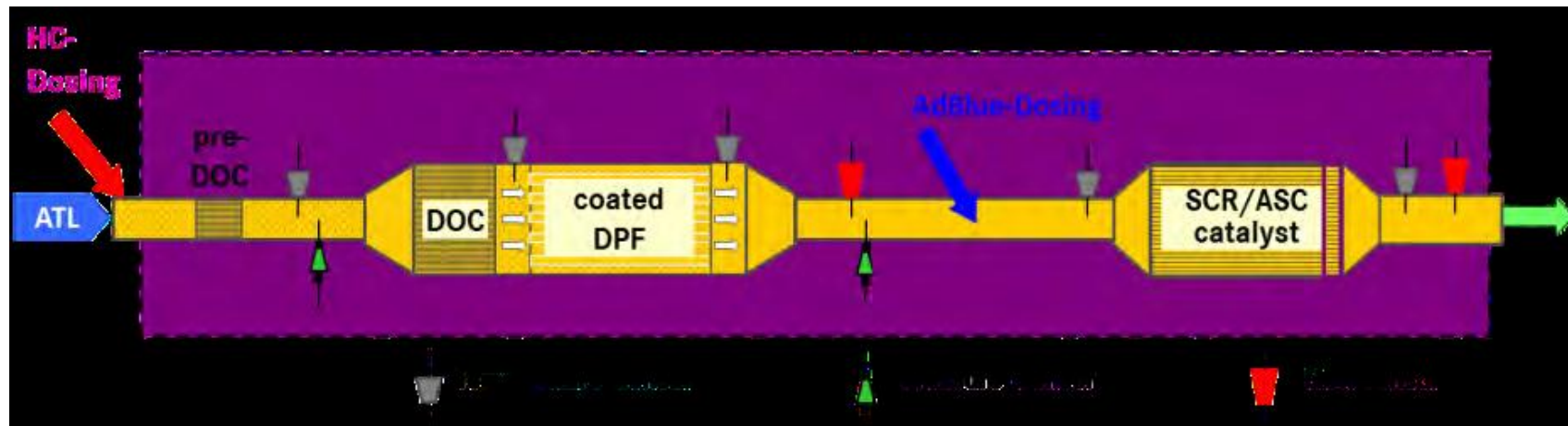
## 14 ATS system

### 15.1 Exhaust treatment system

In order to fulfill the BSVI emissions requirements, the engine exhaust smoke is being treated inside the silencer before being released to the atmosphere. The silencer includes DOC (Diesel Oxidation Catalyst), DPF (Diesel Particle Filter) and SCR Catalyst.

The diesel particulate filter must be accessible for maintenance.

Do not assemble body-structure profiles in front of the DPF cover. If the profile is necessary it must be dismountable.



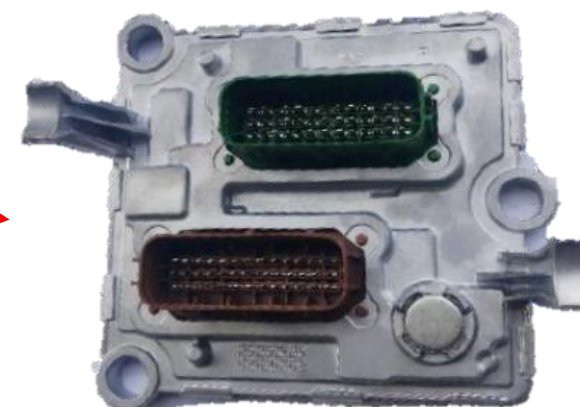
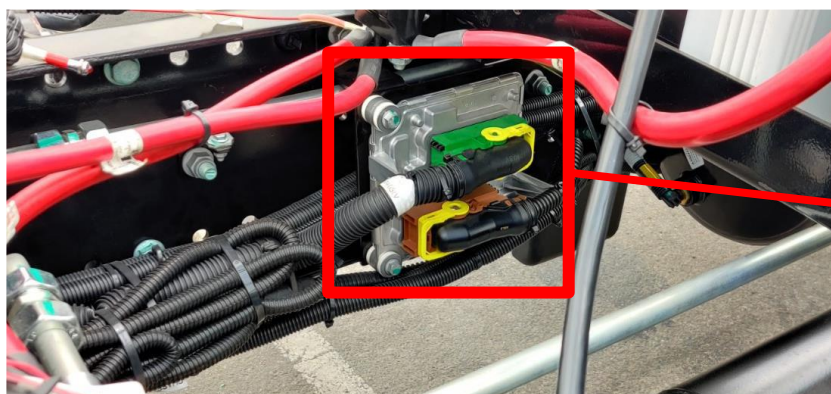
#### Note

- Do not open the DPF cover. This can be executed only by authorized personal.
- Avoid as far as possible during body-work the engine running at idle speed. At idle speed the diesel particulate filter gets clogged faster and in worst case a manual filter regeneration could be necessary (see following pages).

## 15 ATS system

### 15.1 Electric center of the “ATS” system

The ACM2 ECU controls all the devices and sensors that are part of the exhaust after-treatment system. Following components are part of this system.



#### WARNING !

Exhaust fumes can be very hot. Do not park the vehicle with running engine over dry scraps (leaves, paper,..) (Risk of fire)

#### Note

- Never assemble or disassemble any connection if they are powered, Switch off the vehicle to disconnect or connect the module.
- ACM ECU is parameterized with vehicle characteristics,
- During body builder this EUC must not to be uninstall from vehicle.

## 15 ATS system

### 15.2 Diesel Particulate Filter

Under normal circumstances, automatic regeneration of the diesel particle filter is sufficient to avoid heavy soot loading of the filter. However, if the bus is predominantly driven short distances or with the engine under low load, it might not be possible for automatic regeneration to finish successfully.

An indicator lamp in the instrument cluster warns that the diesel particle filter is nearing a high load state and indicates that appropriate action needs to be taken. The on-board computer gives prompt warnings of emission-relevant malfunctions or user errors and displays their respective priority by means of yellow or red alerts.

If these messages are disregarded, there is a risk of engine power output being reduced and a need to exchange the diesel particulate filter prematurely.

#### **WARNING !**

If the yellow event window and its message are disregarded, there is a risk of engine power output being reduced and a need to exchange the diesel particulate filter prematurely).

## 15 ATS system

### 15.2 DPF Regeneration

#### Automatic diesel particulate filter regeneration

Whenever the green "Particle filter" indicator lamp  the instrument cluster lights up, this means that the diesel particle filter is undergoing automatic regeneration.

Automatic regeneration does not start unless all necessary operating conditions have been fulfilled, e.g. engine oil or exhaust gas temperatures sufficiently high and engine running.

In addition, automatic regeneration is not possible with the engine idling or running at an elevated idling speed. The regeneration cannot be finished without a good period of driving because this is the only time in which the necessary temperatures are reached in the exhaust system.

If regeneration is in progress and one of the operating conditions is no longer fulfilled, the green indicator lamp goes out prematurely and regeneration is aborted.

It restarts automatically when all necessary operating conditions are fulfilled again.

#### Note

If possible, avoid interrupting a journey while the green "Particle filter" indicator lamp is lit. This will prolong the period of regeneration.

#### Inhibiting automatic regeneration of diesel particle filter

If the elevated exhaust gas temperatures associated with regeneration may present a danger, e.g. where the heat produced may jeopardize safety, it is possible to inhibit the regeneration process. Neither automatic nor manual regeneration can then be initiated and regeneration is stopped if it is already in progress.

- Press the lower section of pushbutton (1) to inhibit automatic regeneration of the diesel particle filter.
- To deactivate, press the lower section of inhibit pushbutton (1) again.

#### Note

Indicator lamp  lights up in the instrument cluster and no generation can be started



Regeneration control switch



Inhibiting & Deactivation of Regeneration

## 15 ATS system

### 15.2 DPF Regeneration

#### WARNING!

Leave the regeneration inhibitor activated only as long as the danger exists. Whenever you activate the regeneration inhibitor, regeneration will continue to be inhibited even after the next engine start.



Activation of  
Regeneration

#### Manual diesel particulate filter regeneration

Under normal circumstances, automatic regeneration of the diesel particle filter is sufficient to avoid heavy soot loading of the filter. However, if the bus is predominantly driven short distances or with the engine under low load, it might not be possible for automatic regeneration to finish successfully.

If the diesel particle filter load state becomes critical, an indicator lamp lights up in the instrument cluster.



This informs the driver that a manual regeneration must be started. The manual regeneration process lasts approximately 30 to no more than 60 minutes, depending on the temperature of the exhaust system.

Starting regeneration of diesel particle filter manually Pull over safely with regard for other traffic and leave the engine running. Park well clear of other vehicles, objects and all flammable materials.

- Apply the parking brake Shift the transmission to neutral N
- Take your foot off the accelerator pedal. If active, deactivate the regeneration inhibitor.
- Press and hold the upper section of "Manual regeneration"
- pushbutton (1) for approximately 4 seconds.
- The green indicator lamp in the instrument cluster comes on and engine speed is increased.
- When regeneration has finished, the green indicator lamp in the instrument cluster goes out and engine speed drops to idling speed.

## 15 ATS system

### 15.2 DPF Regeneration

#### Note

Manual regeneration cannot be started unless the engine oil and exhaust gas temperatures are sufficiently high, the AdBlue® is not frozen and the system is functioning normally).

#### WARNING!

Regeneration will be aborted automatically if you engage a gear, release the parking brake or activate the regeneration inhibitor by pressing the lower section of the "Regeneration inhibitor" pushbutton.

## 16 Fire sensor in engine compartment



Not applicable.

## 17 Retarder

### 17.1 Retarder Telma

The OF Chassis are fitted with the (optional ) Electro-Magnetic Telma retarder. In this case, some instructions should be observed.

Factory-supplied Telma Retarder with plastic protection for the electronics.

The retarder main fuse has 150 Amps capacity (for the Battery + ve supply from the main switch to Retarder ECU ). In case of need, 150 Amp fuses may be replaced by others with nominal current which is compatible with the complete bus design, keeping in mind the main feed wire gauge.



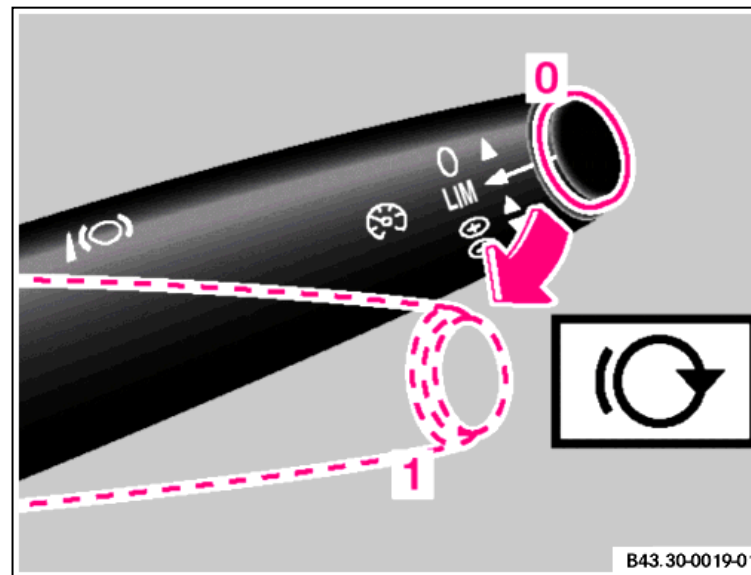
Retarder fuse has to place in Battery compartment

Telma Retarder

## 17 Retarder

## 17.2 Assembly of the Telma Retarder actuation lever in the vehicle's dashboard.

In the assembly of the instrument cluster of the bodies of chassis fitted with retarder, foresee the positioning of the actuation controls, according to version, that enable easy and practical reach by the driver, avoiding ergonomic and interference problems.

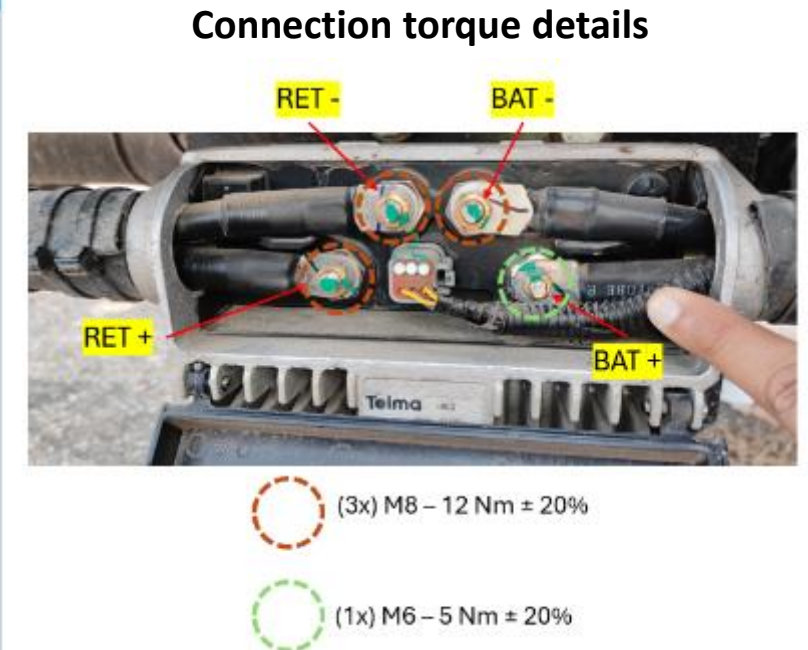
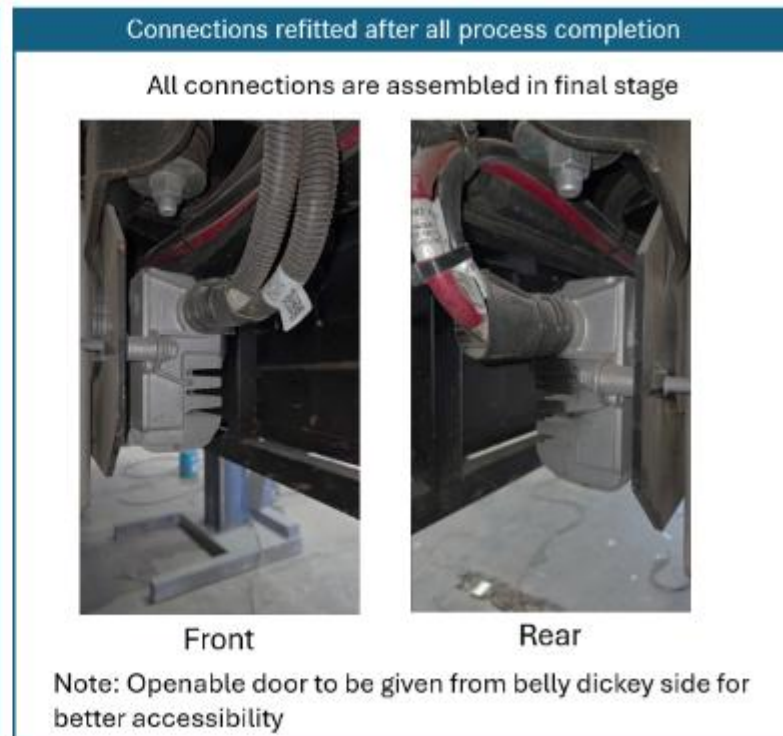
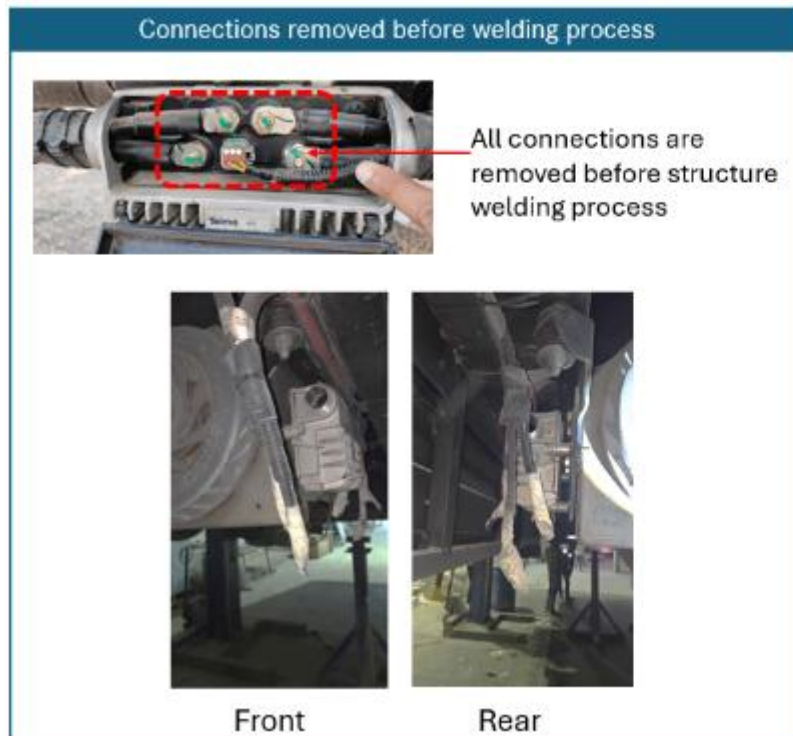


Retarder brake actuation  
1 Retarder brake operating position

## 17 Retarder

### 17.3 Telma Retarder connection while welding.

Retarder connections should be always disconnected during welding. It should be connected in final stage only. Ensure below mentioned torque applied for all connections.



## 18 Body load

### 18.1 Body electrical system

The cable sets for the body electrical system shall be manufactured by the body manufacturer.

The following must be observed during connection and installation:

Connection to the chassis electrical system may only take place via the adapter connector in the central electrical compartment. The wires must be attached to the bus such that they cannot be damaged by kinking or vibration. Route cables in such way that scuffing can not occur, particularly at crossover points and sharp edges. If necessary, use cable ducts or guide pipes.

Data lines (CAN-wires) shall be laid in isolation from other current-carrying cables to prevent interference from electromagnetic effects.

IES-CAN data lines may not be extended (max. line length 2.5 m) since this can lead to faulty control unit signals.

In general, the cables routed to electronic components must not be modified.

Lines must be protected from heat by means of insulation. Route cables without tension.

OF chassis has designed considering Body Electrical loads. The Electrical load termination has to be taken from electrical center panel.

The Electrical Loads has to be used using relay for switching and fuse protection.

**OF Chassis without retarder model : allowed max current for body builder : 50A**

**OF Chassis with retarder model : allowed max current for body builder : 50A**

## 18 Body load

### 18.2 Electricity consumption - auxiliary Loads

Please note the following when retrofitting electrical consumers:

Higher-capacity batteries and an additional alternator are available from the factory as optional equipment (**Only for Non-Retarder variant**).

Before starting work on the electrical system switch off all consumers and disconnect the negative terminals (-) from the batteries. Reconnect batteries only when all loosened cables are connected.

Do not connect additional consumers to fuses already assigned.

Do not connect additional wires (e.g with insulation piercing devices) to existing ones. Ensure that retrofitted consumers have sufficient additional fuse protection. The size of the fuse must protect the cable and not the connected system. The sufficient protection against every malfunction without influencing the whole system.

For the supply of 12V devices only use 24V-12V converters. Power tapping directly at the battery or at the terminal clamps of the battery is not permitted.

Auxiliary consumers may only be electrically connected to the parts specified by Daimler AG, the central body manufacturer box and the positive power distribution board.

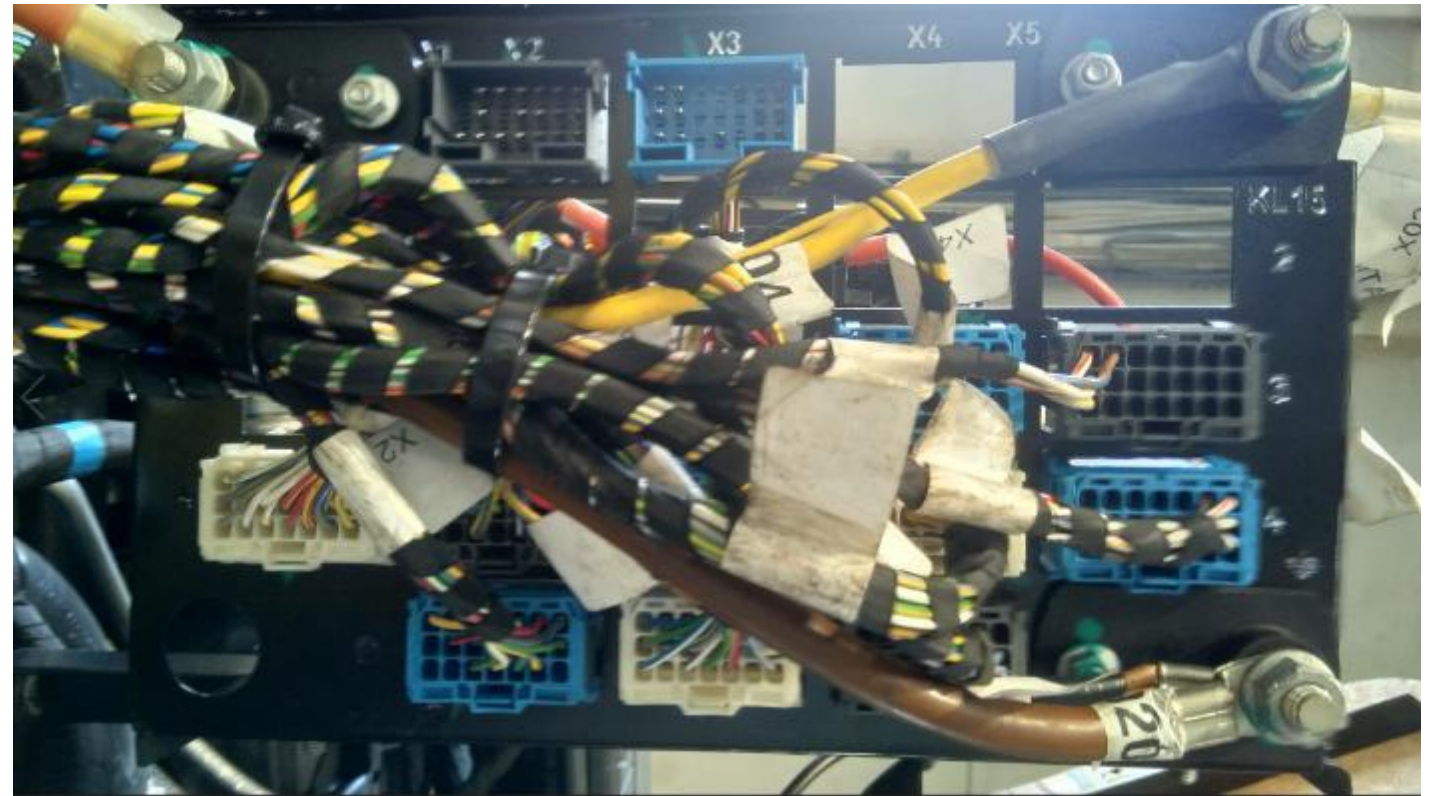
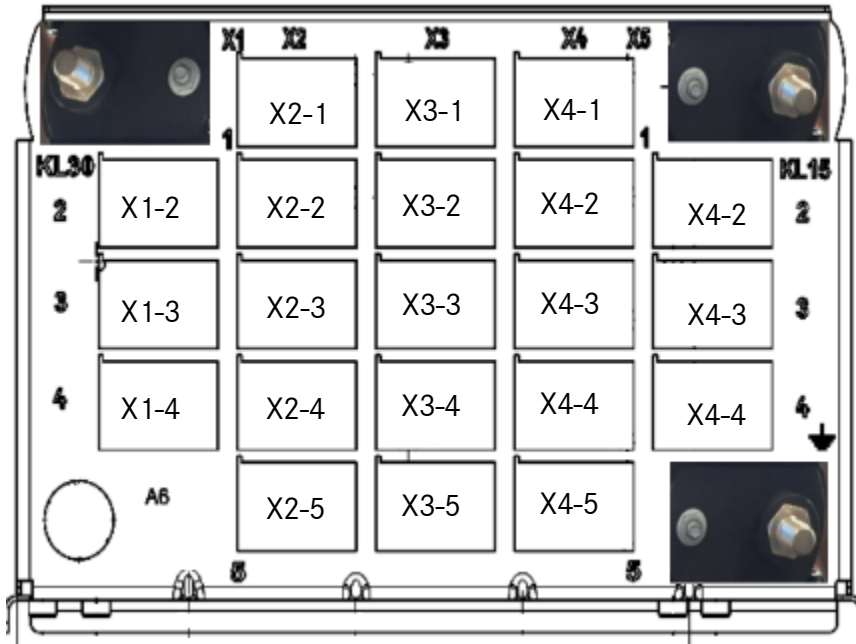
None of the existing electrical connections may be separated in order to connect auxiliary consumers.

An energy balance estimation of the whole vehicle's electrical system must be done by the bodybuilder to guarantee the expected lifetime of the batteries and alternators. Persistent overloaded electrical system must be avoided. Use engine running signal (D+) to prevent battery discharge while engine is stopped.

## 18 Body load

### 18.3 Interface connectors

Following interface connectors in the main electrical compartment are used to control indicators and icons, and to activate previously prepared chassis functions. The interface also provides signals to the body electrical system.



18.4 Power tapping for body loads

18.4.1 Electricity consumption - auxiliary Loads

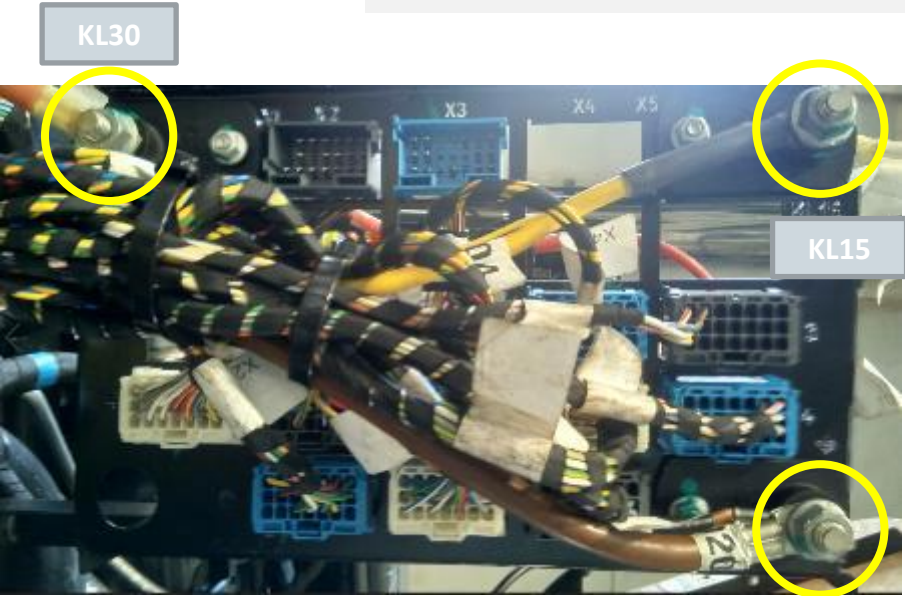
Electrical consumers up to 50A (Terminal 30 and Terminal 15) can be tapped from main distributors terminal at the main electrical panel.

WARNING!

The current draw of all body consumers connected to the distributor's terminals must not exceed the given value. If this cannot be guaranteed, refer to following paragraph "Electrical consumers over 50A"

WARNING!

"Ignition on (Terminal15)" power supply can be taken only from distributor X0204 or from the power distribution board. It is not allowed to take this signal directly from ignition switch, this can affect the electronic systems.



| Connection Body |               |             |      |           |     |      |           |           |                           |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------|-----------|-----|------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|
| El.- Code       | Cable Number. | mm²/ colour | Type | Connector | Pin | Type | Potential | max. load | Function / Naming         |
| 01              | 0027          | 35 rd       | ⊖    | X0202     | M8  | ⊖    | +24V      | 60A       | Distributor main Term. 30 |
| 01              | 0026          | 35 ye       | ⊖    | X0204     | M8  | ⊖    | +24V      | 60A       | Distributor main Term. 15 |
| 01              | —             | 120 br      | ⊖    | W0201     | M8  | ⊖    | Ground    | 150A      | Distributor main Ground   |

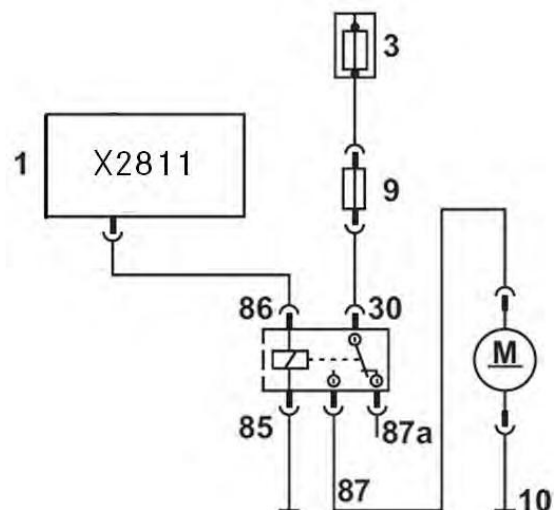
Ground

## 18.5 Electrical consumers over 50A

The power distribution board in the battery compartment is designated for the supply of power electrical consumers with a high current draw. There are empty fuse slots (see drawing below) where the body electrical consumers can draw the necessary current. Define fuse's properties according to the protected wire specification.

### WARNING!

- There is a risk of fire if the cables are overloaded.
- Define fuse's properties according to wire specification.
- Ensure that cable and fuse connections are tightened properly to prevent malfunction and fire.



Daimler Buses recommends that big consumers are connected in accordance with following circuit diagram. Use engine running signal (D+) to prevent battery discharge while engine is stopped.

- 1 Main electrical panel plug X2811 (pin assignment according consumer, Term.15, D+..., max 500mA)
- 3 Power distribution board (free slots)
- 9 Additional fuse, power distribution board
- 10 Ground terminal

## 19 Articulation



Not applicable.

## 20 Appendix

### 20.1 Chassis transport procedures

For non transportation pack chassis, it is compulsory to use semi-trailers to transport the chassis that have the appropriate standard devices required for the transportation in urban lanes and highways.

**Important:**

Chassis should not be driven in streets or highways until unless transportation pack fitted to chassis, the vehicle speed should not exceed 40 km/h..

During maneuvers while loading and unloading on semi-trailers, the vehicle speed should not exceed 5 km/h..

**Chassis Towing**

The first and last cross members of the chassis are not prepared aiming at being used in direct towing operations. The Body Builder must assemble a mechanism appropriate for this purpose, according to its operational needs, foreseeing the adaptation to the body.

**Important:**

It is necessary to remove the propeller shaft to tow the chassis with automatic transmission. For more information, refer to chapter “Automatic Transmission.” ☞ page 91.

!

The chassis must be parked in a flat floor place, avoiding possible twists that may cause permanent deformations in its structure.

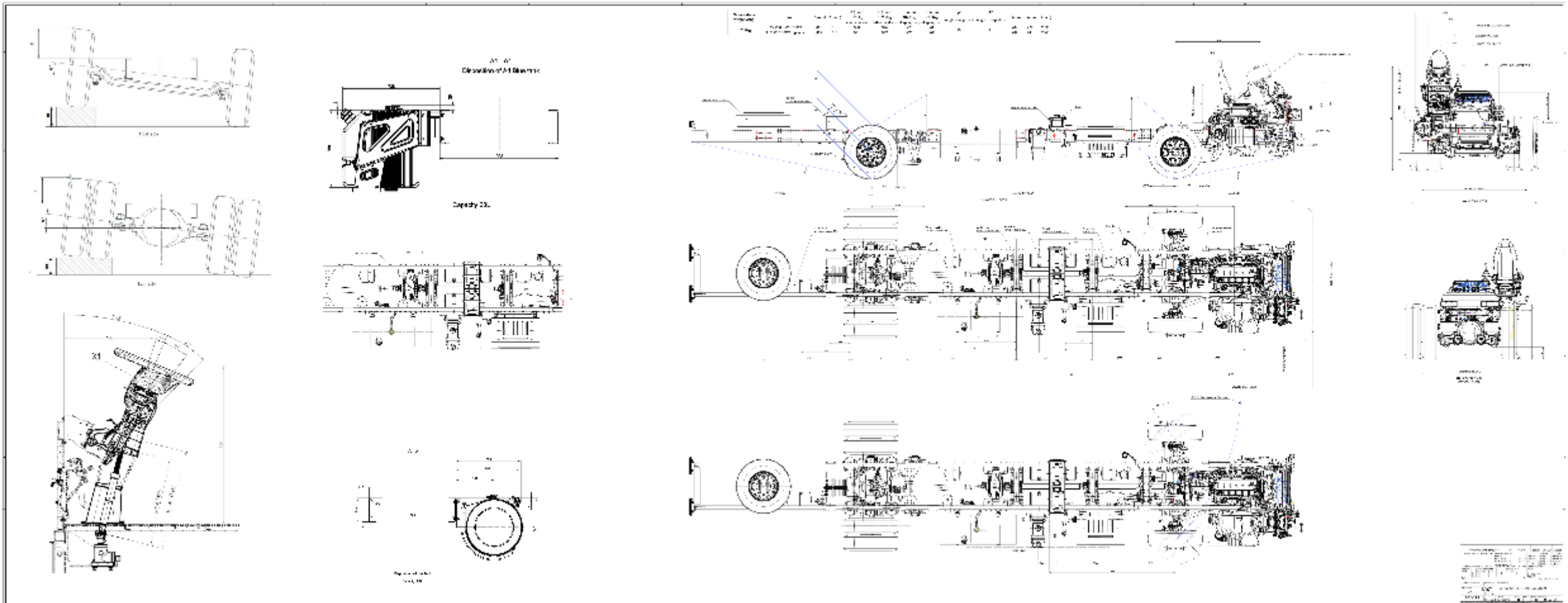
## 20 Appendix

The chassis have plastic covers for the protection of the instrument cluster, electrical center, batteries, and other electric and electronic components.

If such covers are removed during the transfer of the vehicle, take care for them to be put again and be correctly fastened to avoid damages to the mentioned electric and electronic components.

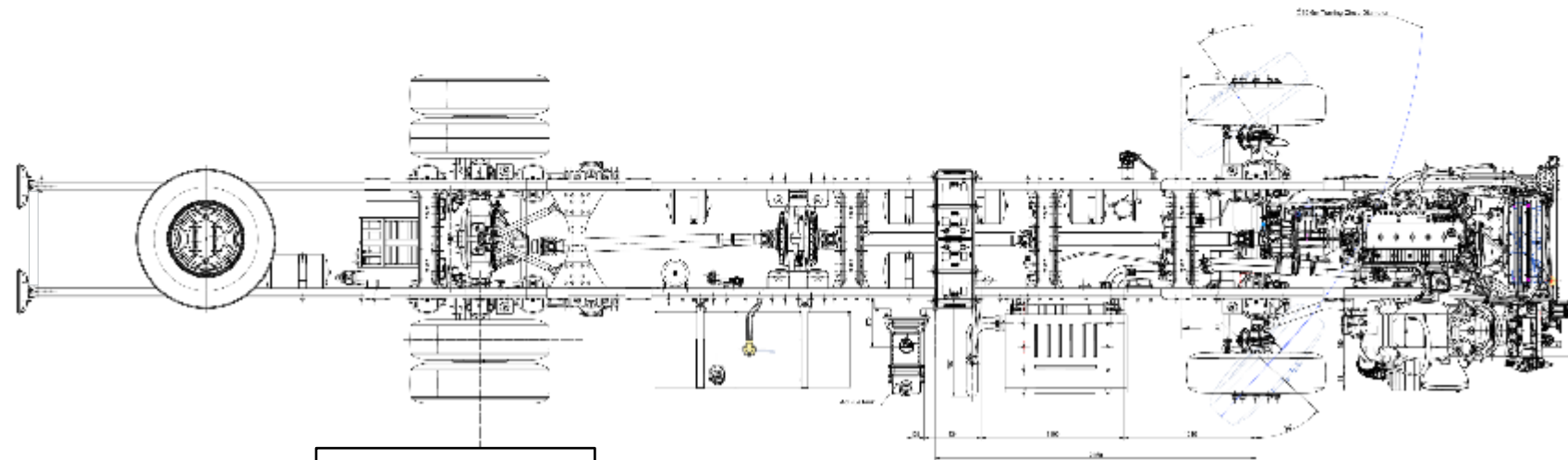
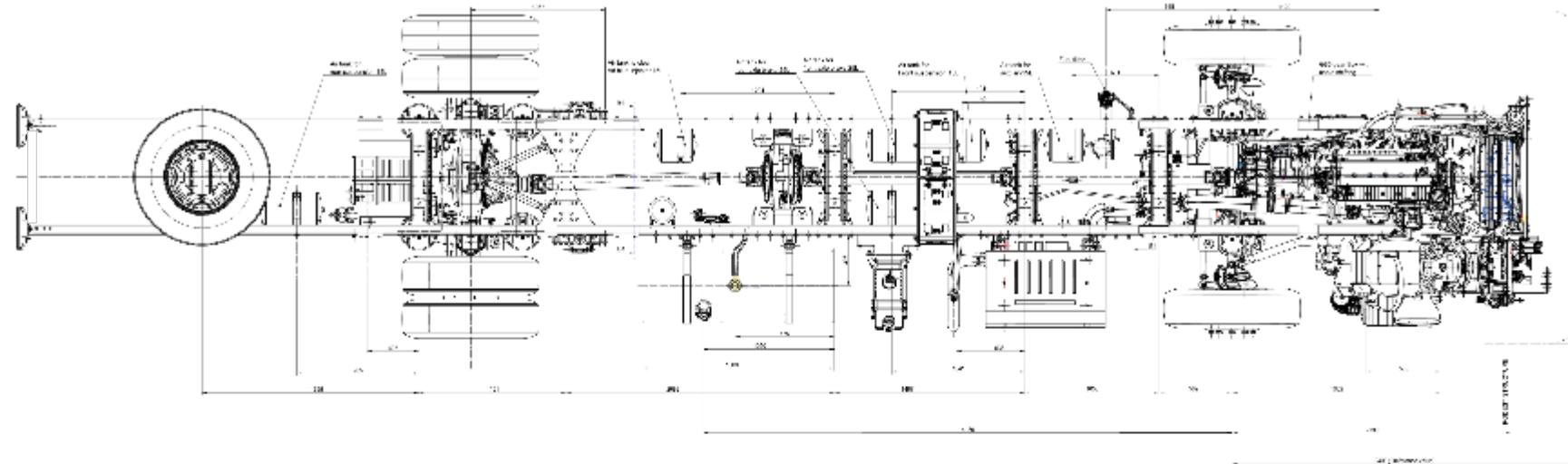
For further information, refer to the manual Guidelines for Body Building - "General Manual", chapter 3.6 Chassis transportation.

## 21 Coach Builder Drawing

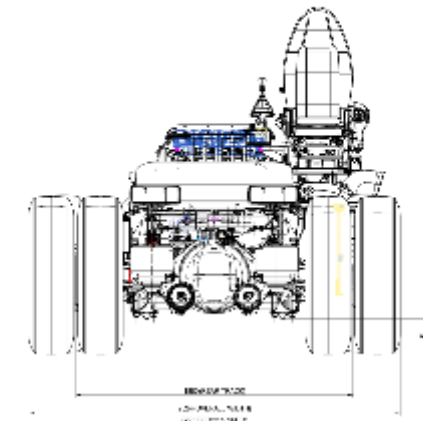
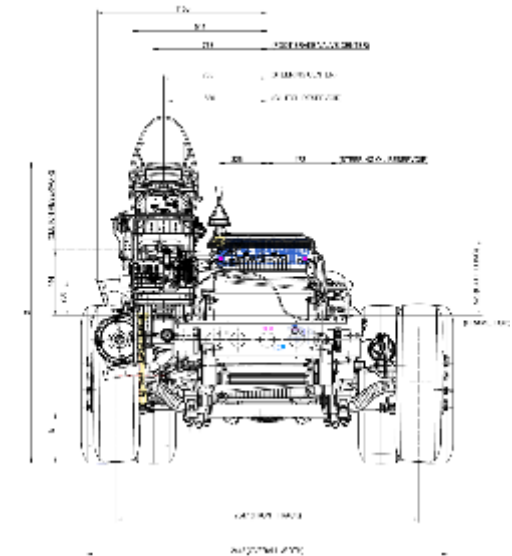


Coach Builder Drawing OF1624

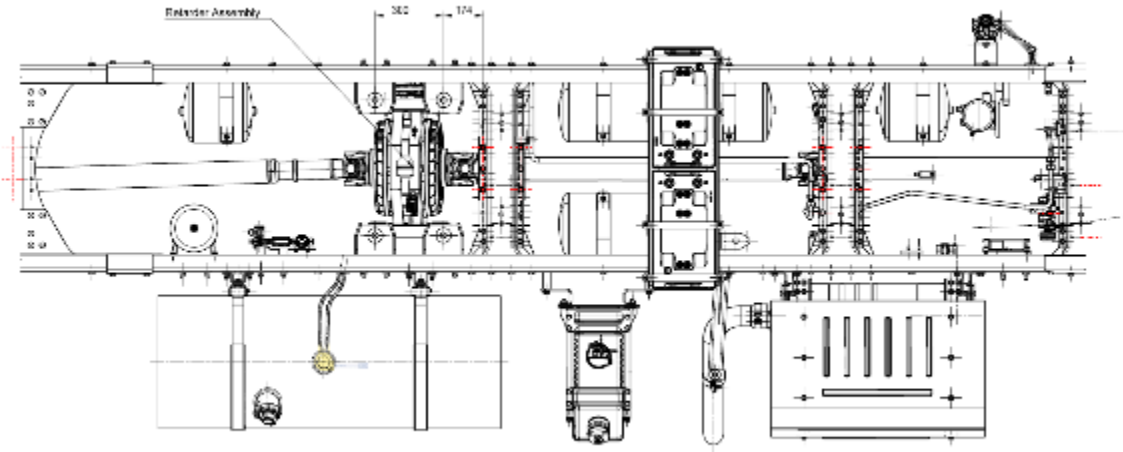
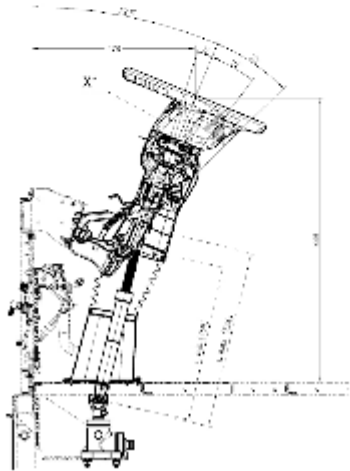
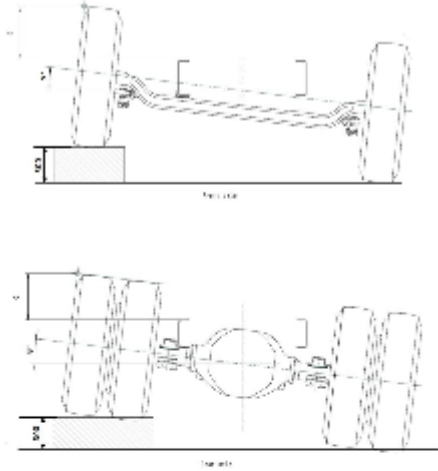
## 21 Coach Builder Drawing



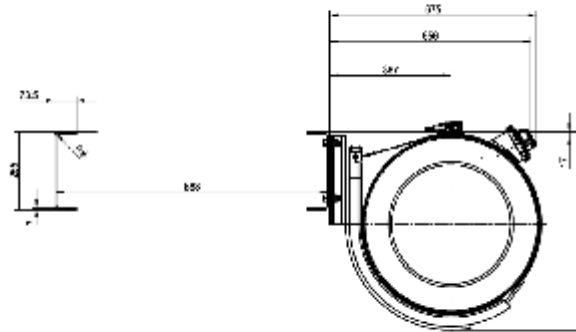
External Dimensions OF1624



## 21 Coach Builder Drawing

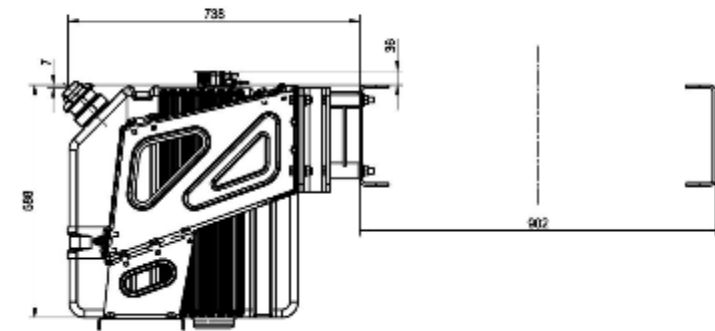


A - A



Disposition of fuel tank  
Capacity 360L

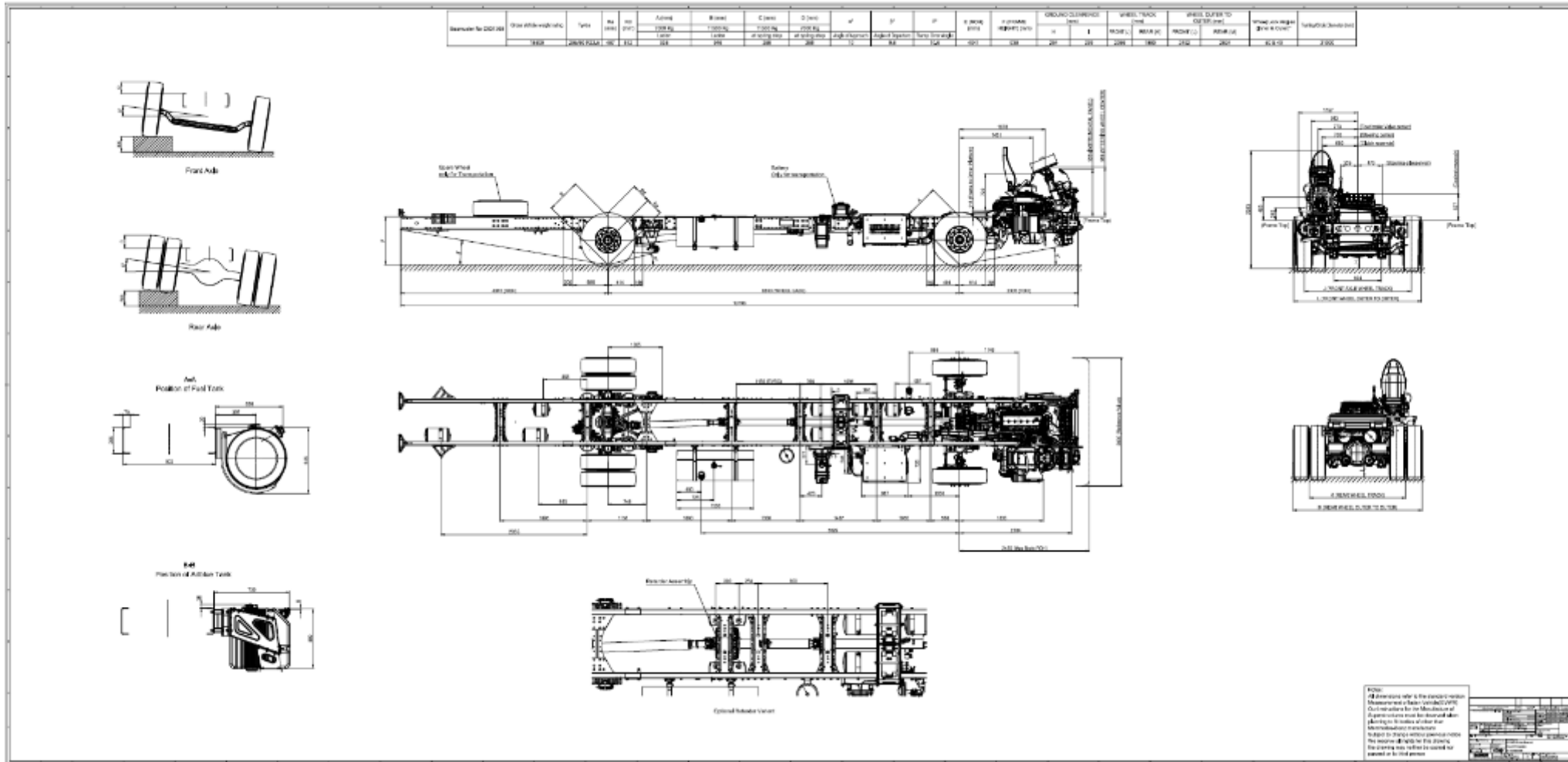
A1 - A1  
Disposition of Ad Blue tank



Capacity 60L

Coach Builder Drawing OF1624

## 21 Coach Builder Drawing



Refer next slides for better visibility

Coach Builder Drawing OF1824

[illegible]

The image contains two technical drawings of a motorcycle chassis, showing the front and rear views with various dimensions in millimeters.

**Front View Dimensions:**

- Overall height: 2290
- Height from frame top to foot brake valve center: 1157
- Height from frame top to steering center: 913
- Height from frame top to clutch reservoir: 773
- Height from frame top to steering oil reservoir: 700
- Height from frame top to coolant reservoir: 680
- Height from frame top to front axle wheel track center: 325
- Height from frame top to front wheel outer to outer: 473
- Height from frame top to rear wheel outer to outer: 527
- Height from frame top to front wheel track center: 463
- Height from frame top to front wheel track center (inner): 245
- Height from frame top to front wheel track center (outer): 924
- Height from frame top to front wheel track center (inner): 924
- Height from frame top to front wheel track center (outer): 924

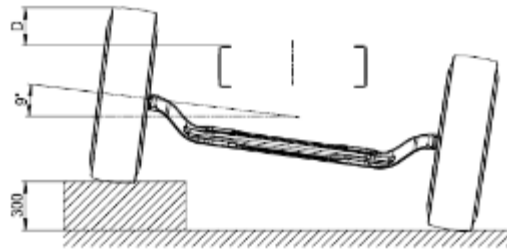
**Rear View Dimensions:**

- Overall height: 2290
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center: 1157
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (inner): 913
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (outer): 773
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (inner): 700
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (outer): 680
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (inner): 325
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (outer): 473
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (inner): 527
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (outer): 463
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (inner): 245
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (outer): 924
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (inner): 924
- Height from frame top to rear wheel track center (outer): 924

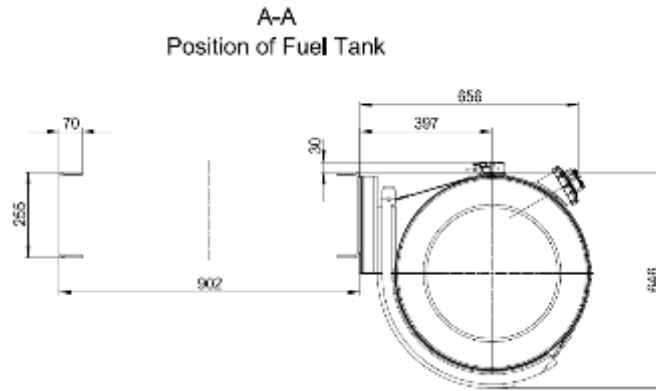
**Labels:**

- (Foot brake Valve center)
- (Steering center)
- (Clutch reservoir)
- (Steering oil reservoir)
- (Coolant reservoir)
- (Frame Top)
- J (FRONT AXLE WHEEL TRACK)
- L (FRONT WHEEL OUTER TO OUTER)
- K (REAR WHEEL TRACK)
- M (REAR WHEEL OUTER TO OUTER)

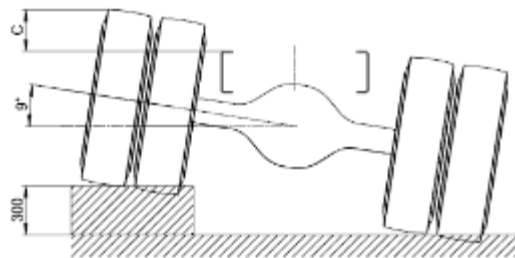
## 21 Coach Builder Drawing



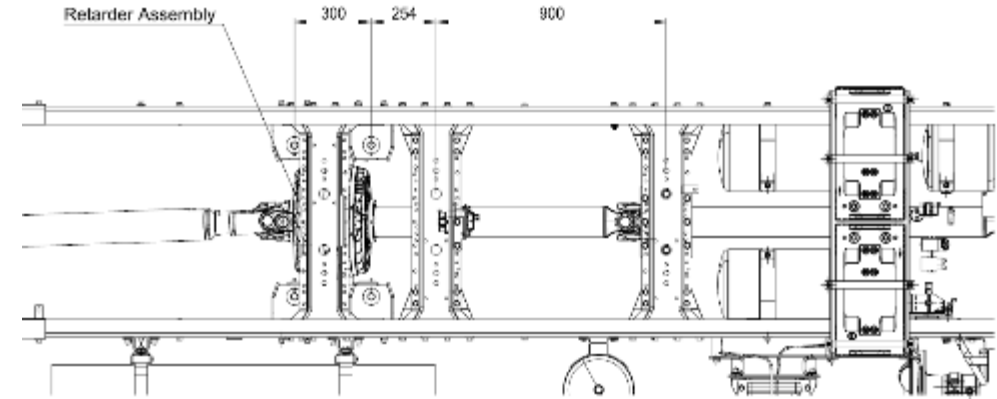
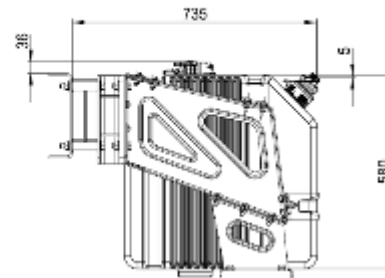
Front Axle



B-B  
Position of Adblue Tank



### Rear Axle



### Optional Retarder Variant

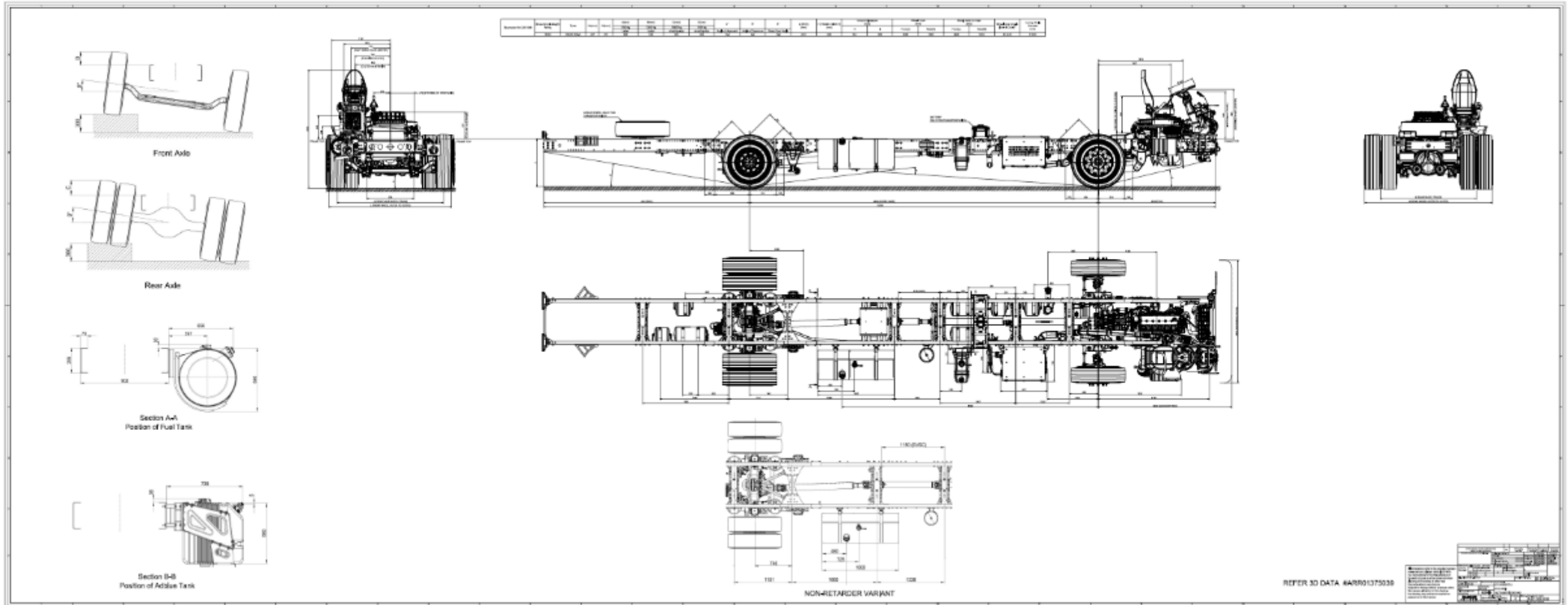
Notes:

All dimensions refer to the standard version  
Measurement of laden Vehicle(GVWR)  
Our Instructions for the Manufacture of  
Superstructures must be observed when  
planning to fit bodies of other than  
Mercedes-Benz manufacture  
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[illegible]

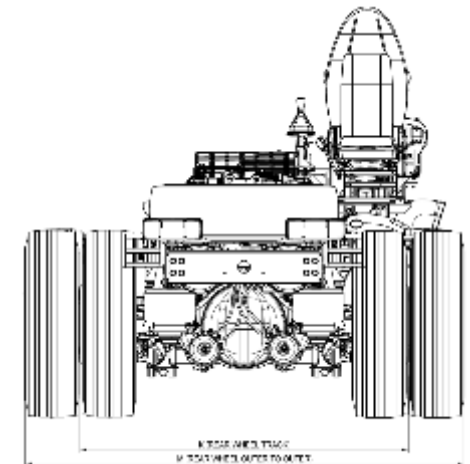
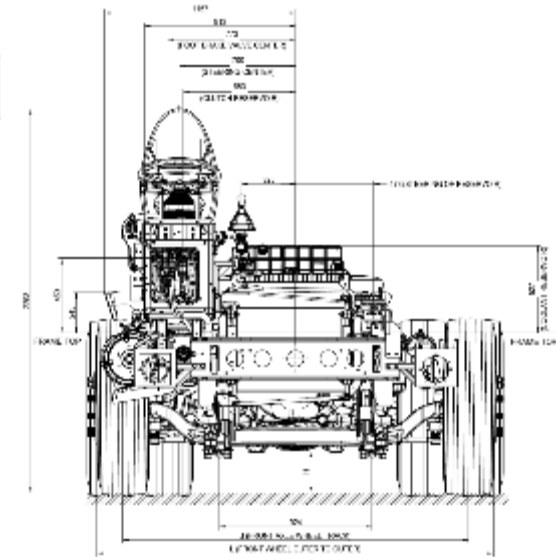
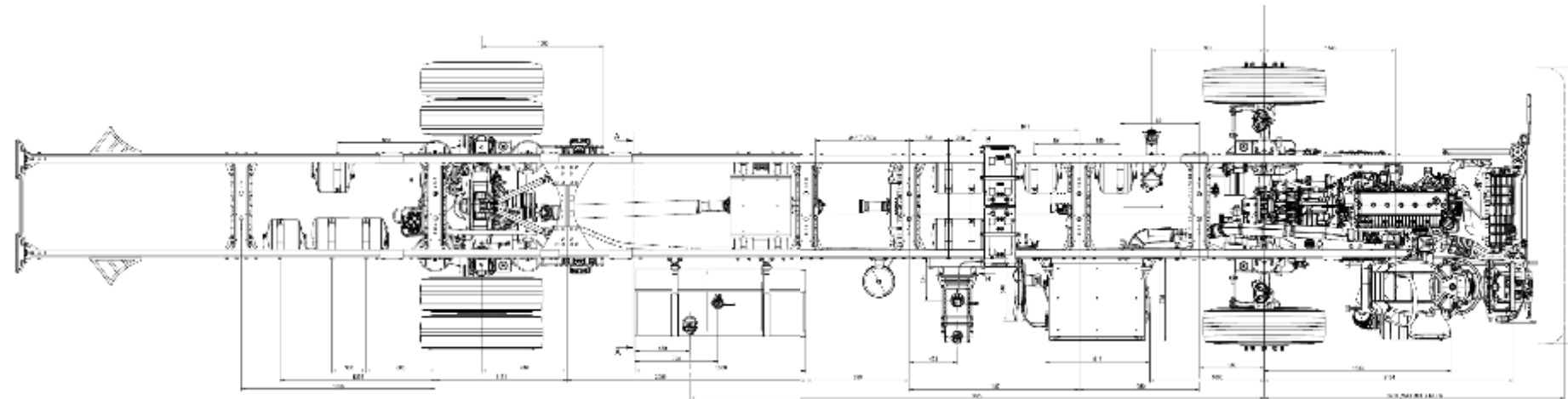
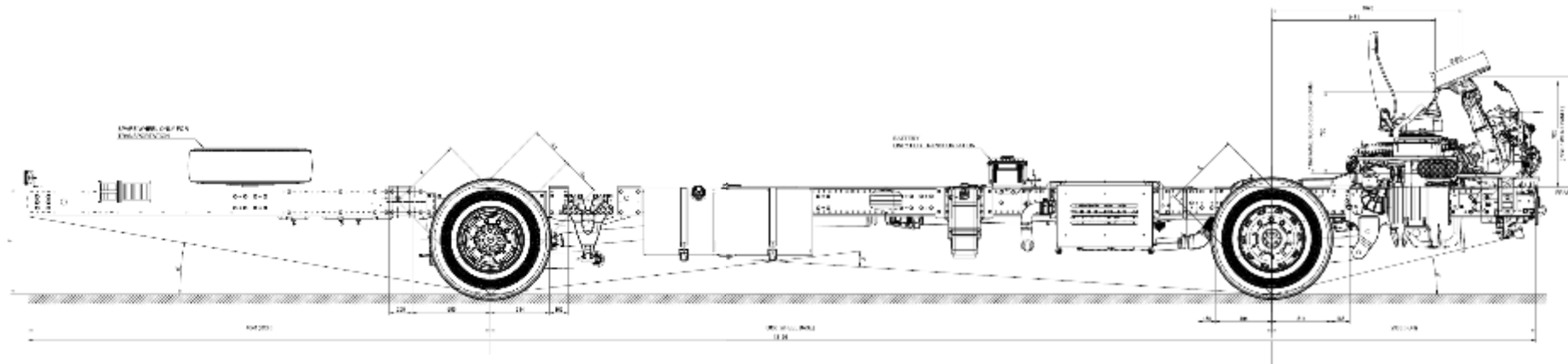
Coach Builder Drawing OF1824

## 21 Coach Builder Drawing



Coach Builder Drawing OF1924

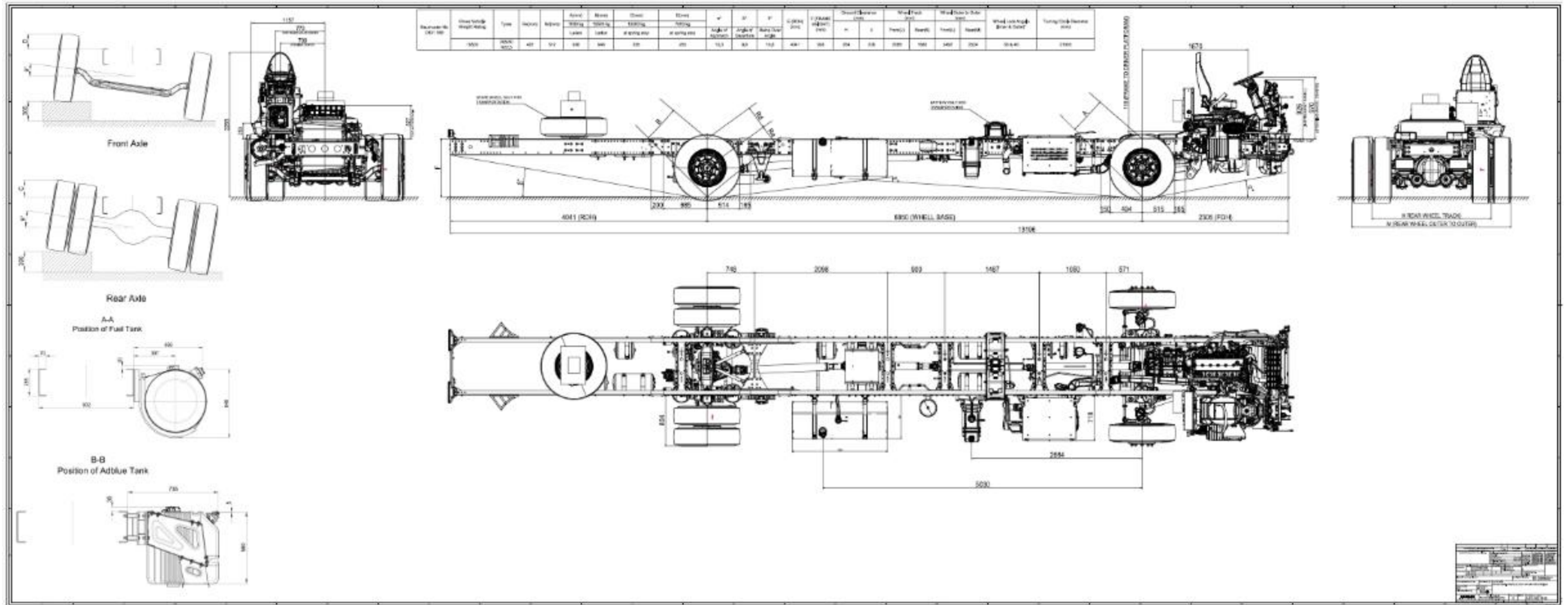
## 21 Coach Builder Drawing

[illegible]

Coach Builder Drawing OF1924



## 21 Coach Builder Drawing

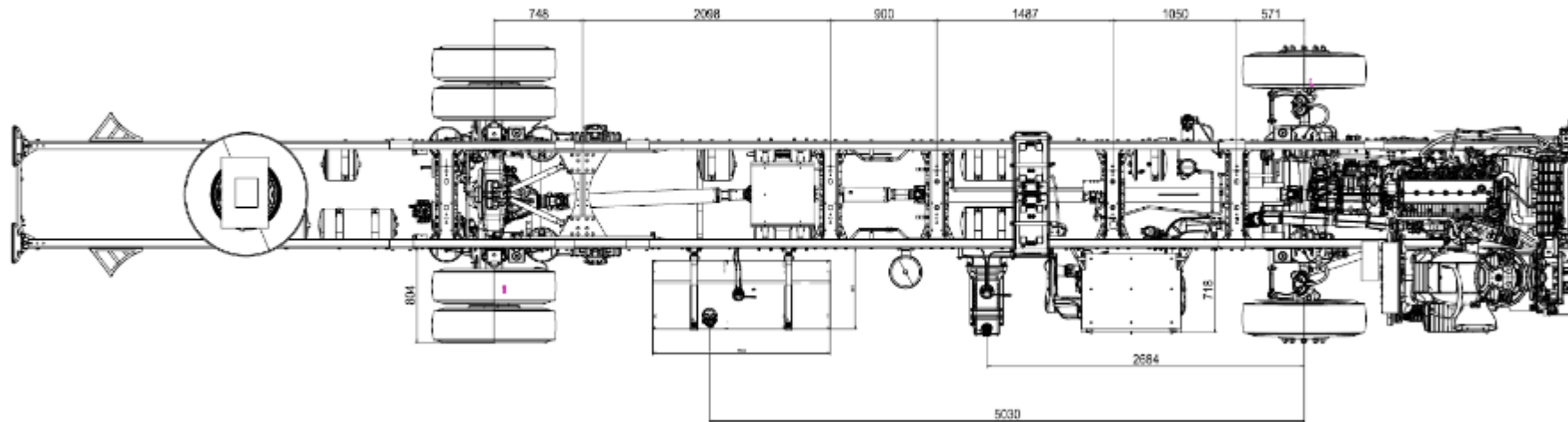
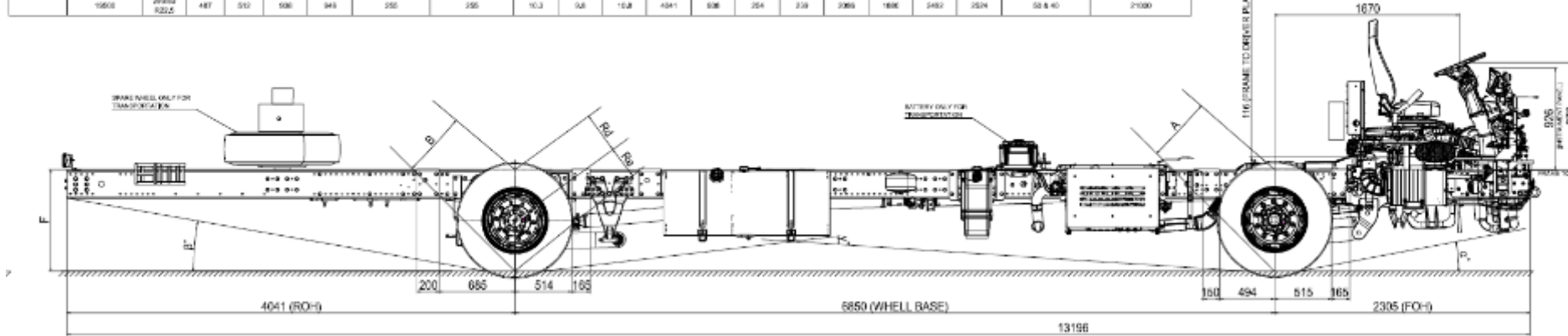


Refer next slides for better visibility

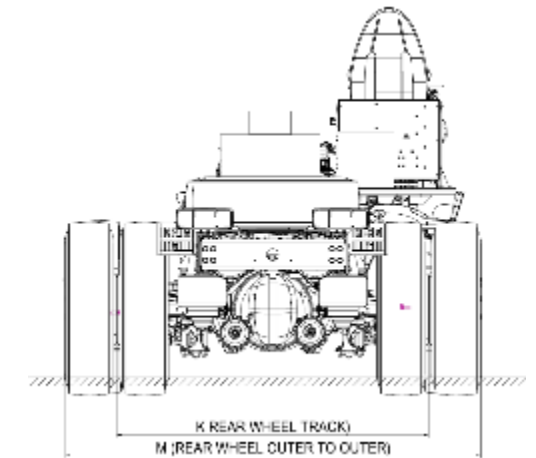
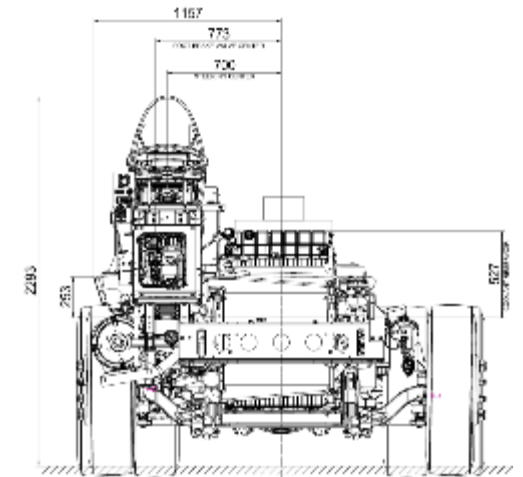
Coach Builder Drawing OF1926 - AMT

## 21 Coach Builder Drawing

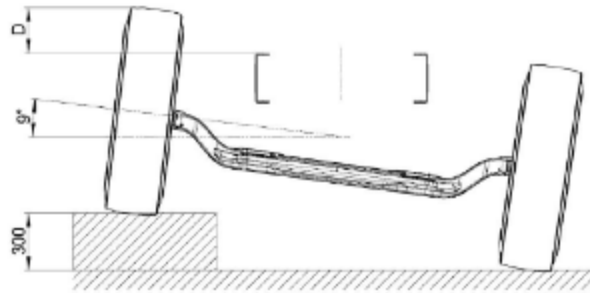
| Barricade No<br>CB31 368 | Gross Vehicle<br>Weight Rating | Type           | Region | Refinery | Access  |                |                |                   | S1                 | S2              | S3   | E (Kilom)<br>(mm) | F (Kilom)<br>H2O (ft) | Ground Clearance (mm) |          | Wheel Track (mm) |          | Wheel Overlap (mm) |          | Wheel Lock Angle<br>(Inner & Outer) | Turning Circle Diameter<br>(mm) |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|---------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                          |                                |                |        |          | 3300 kg | 12500 kg       | 12500 kg       | 3300 kg           |                    |                 |      |                   |                       | Front (L)             | Rear (R) | Front (L)        | Rear (R) |                    |          |                                     |                                 |
|                          |                                |                |        |          | Access  | Access         | Access         | Access            |                    |                 |      |                   |                       |                       |          |                  |          |                    |          |                                     |                                 |
|                          |                                |                |        |          | Locust  | at spring stop | at spring stop | Angle of Approach | Angle of Departure | Wing Over Angle |      |                   |                       | 31                    | 1        | Front (L)        | Rear (R) | Front (L)          | Rear (R) |                                     |                                 |
|                          | 15608                          | 25000<br>52000 | 48T    | 310      | 508     | 343            | 255            | 255               | 10.3               | 5.8             | 10.8 | 4341              | 308                   | 254                   | 318      | 2365             | 1636     | 2482               | 2524     | 52 & 40                             | 21000                           |



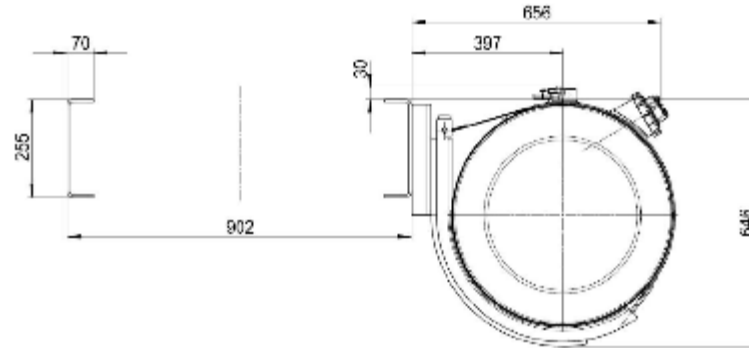
Coach Builder Drawing OF1926 - AMT



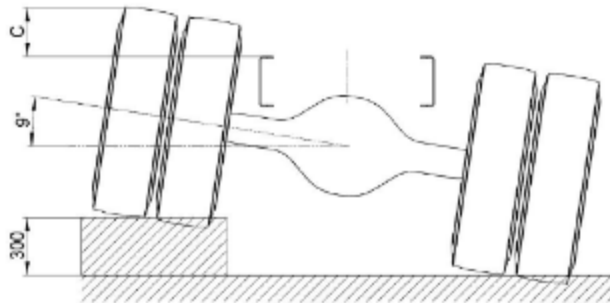
## 21 Coach Builder Drawing



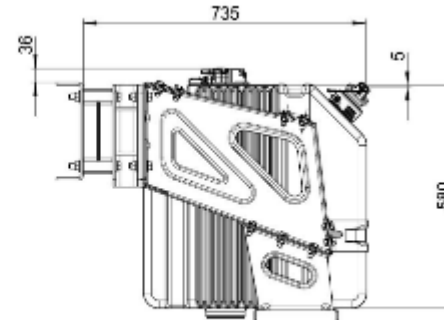
### Front Axle



Section A-A  
Position of Fuel Tank



### Rear Axle



Section B-B  
Position of Adblue Tank

Coach Builder Drawing OF1926 - AMT

Notes:

All dimensions refer to the standard version  
Measurement of laden Vehicle (GVWR)  
Our Instructions for the Manufacture of  
Superstructures must be observed when  
planning to fit bodies of other than  
Mercedes-Benz manufacture  
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|                                                                                                                                     |  |                             |                         |                                                |                                  |                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Anerkennung / Anerkennungsbefreiung<br>electrical system / electrical test                                                          |  | ZGS                         | Antrag-Nr.<br>order no. | Baujahr / Jahr<br>Delivery date                | Prüfjahr / Jahr<br>Delivery date | Kennzeichen<br>Delivery date |
| Werkstoff (Zustand): / Material (C.O.)                                                                                              |  | Oberflächentyp / pro. DS:   |                         | Datum / Date                                   |                                  | Handwritten                  |
|                                                                                                                                     |  | Farbe / color               |                         | 2026-01-30                                     |                                  | CTANGUT                      |
|                                                                                                                                     |  | Deko / decoration           |                         | 2026-01-30                                     |                                  | JPETHAI                      |
|                                                                                                                                     |  | Oberflächentyp / texture    |                         | 2026-01-30                                     |                                  | ACHINNA                      |
|                                                                                                                                     |  | Oberflächenstruktur (m²)    |                         | 2026-01-30                                     |                                  | SAMOHAN                      |
|                                                                                                                                     |  | Vedoc Revisions / tolerance |                         | ESD Kennzeichen / code                         |                                  |                              |
| Standort / location                                                                                                                 |  | D-Pflicht / required        |                         | MSN 1035                                       |                                  |                              |
| Smaragd                                                                                                                             |  | Anzahl / number of features |                         | Anzahl / number of VPD-Ident-Nr./no.           |                                  |                              |
| DS 0                                                                                                                                |  | 0                           |                         | N                                              |                                  |                              |
| DZ 0                                                                                                                                |  | 0                           |                         | Tcdent/Abt./resp./dep                          |                                  |                              |
|                                                                                                                                     |  |                             |                         | TE/PIV-F                                       |                                  |                              |
| Abg. Toleranzen / tolerances                                                                                                        |  | postul. Merkmale / fit      |                         | ZGS                                            |                                  | Antrag-Nr. / order no.       |
|                                                                                                                                     |  |                             |                         | 001                                            |                                  | ZAO/750426                   |
| Referenz Nr. / reference no.                                                                                                        |  | Wassermass (kg)             |                         | Benennung / title                              |                                  |                              |
|                                                                                                                                     |  |                             |                         | OFFER DRAW. COMPLETE VEH / G90 AMT CBD DRAWING |                                  |                              |
| Massstab / scale                                                                                                                    |  | System / system             |                         |                                                |                                  |                              |
| NTS                                                                                                                                 |  | NX 2412                     |                         |                                                |                                  |                              |
| To enter / to enter                                                                                                                 |  |                             |                         |                                                |                                  |                              |
|                                                                                                                                     |  |                             |                         |                                                |                                  |                              |
| DAIMLER                                                                                                                             |  | 65 DCM Pal. Ltd.            |                         | Formel / no.                                   |                                  | Seiten-Nr. / page number     |
| Schulzweg 20 D-90193 Regensburg                                                                                                     |  | R                           |                         | Blätter / sheets                               |                                  | A 831 000 78 99              |
| Alle Änderungen sind zu belegen. Die Zeichnungen sind zu belegen. Die Zeichnungen sind zu belegen. Die Zeichnungen sind zu belegen. |  |                             |                         |                                                |                                  |                              |

## 22 Contact

BBA- Body Building Advisory,  
Daimler Buses India

### Helpline:

+91 44 4969 5342

### Internet

[www.bharatbenz.com/](http://www.bharatbenz.com/)

[www.daimler.com](http://www.daimler.com)

### Edition version 2.0

Writing finished on: 01.05.2022